

# THE SOLAR SPECTRUM, $\lambda 6600$ TO $\lambda 13495$

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

The research described here has developed from a plan of solar investigation outlined by Dr. George E. Hale.<sup>1</sup> † His views on the relation of solar spectroscopy to the evolution of stars and to the basic properties of matter were shared by Professor C. A. Young:<sup>2</sup> “. . . the more detailed study of the solar spectrum under various conditions and its comparison with the results of laboratory work are sure to throw light in both directions—to give us on the one hand a better understanding of the sun and its conditions and on the other to make more intelligible the nature and behaviour of molecules and molecular forces.”

In the hope that our results may contribute to the solution of such problems, we dedicate this work to the inspiring memory of these two pioneers in solar research.

When Sir William Herschel<sup>3</sup> announced his discovery of an extension of the solar spectrum beyond the visible red he opened a new field of knowledge. With a glass prism, a few thermometers, and a watch he began an exploration which is still incomplete.

Sir William Abney<sup>4</sup> was the first to report fine details in the infrared solar spectrum. Through the application of his remarkable photographic technique he measured absorption lines as far as  $\lambda 9867$ .

Almost simultaneously S. P. Langley<sup>5</sup> invented the bolometer and showed the existence of absorption lines throughout the infrared to approximately  $5\mu$ . He found that the great gaps in the spectrum, already mapped roughly by Sir John Herschel,<sup>6</sup> are due to absorption in the earth's atmosphere.

Recent bolometric observations by C. G. Abbot and H. B. Freeman<sup>7</sup> at higher dispersion plainly reveal the three  $Ca II$  lines near  $\lambda 8600$ , several lines of  $H$ , and less conspicuous details due to  $Fe$  and  $Mg$ . In addition these records established the existence of some atmospheric absorption bands previously unrecognized. One of these is the  $O_2$  band near  $\lambda 12680$  predicted by R. S. Mulliken<sup>8</sup> and first recognized by G. Herzberg<sup>9</sup> (see Table A). As a result of rather low resolving power, bolometric solar data are of greatest value, not for the detailed analysis of the solar atmosphere, but for the measurement of the spectral distribution of radiant solar energy, for which they are unsurpassed.

A map of the solar spectrum,  $\lambda 2988$  to  $\lambda 8350$ , by George Higgs<sup>10</sup> was made by the use of dyed photographic emulsions. Although not accompanied by any measurements or interpretation, it is a useful guide to the spectrum.

H. A. Rowland,<sup>11</sup> in the title of his *Preliminary Table of Solar Spectrum Wave-Lengths*, implied that he was continuing his work into the near infrared, where he had already measured visually some lines for use as standards of wave length beyond the limit,  $\lambda 7330$ , of his published Table.

W. F. Meggers<sup>12</sup> published a photographic map of the solar spectrum from  $\lambda 6800$  to  $\lambda 9600$  and measured 2400 absorption lines on spectrograms of the east and west limbs of the sun which he obtained at the Allegheny Observatory<sup>13</sup> in the range  $\lambda 6500$  to  $\lambda 9000$ .

K. Burns<sup>14</sup> published a map of the solar spectrum from  $\lambda 9000$  to  $\lambda 9900$ , and discussed some of the instrumental difficulties of early work in the photographic infrared, but gave no wave lengths. F. S. Brackett<sup>15</sup> measured more than 500 lines between  $\lambda 9000$  and  $\lambda 9849$ . He found that about 10 per cent of the lines originate in the sun, and gave the first correct identifications of a few of these.

The present writers were associated with C. E. St. John, E. F. Adams, and Miss Louise Ware in the preparation of the *Revision of Rowland's Preliminary Table of Solar Spectrum Wave-Lengths*<sup>16</sup> (referred to hereafter as RR), which contains, as a supplement, nearly 1700 wave lengths between  $\lambda 7330$  and  $\lambda 10216$ . Of these about 250 were identified, mostly with chemical elements whose presence in the sun was already known.

The *Photometric Atlas of the Solar Spectrum* by M. Minnaert, G. F. W. Mulders, and J. Houtgast<sup>17</sup> is an elaborate and unique addition to solar literature. In our frequent references we shall call it “the Atlas.”

A. Adel<sup>18</sup> has recently extended the prismatic solar spectrum with thermocouples from  $14\mu$  to  $24\mu$ , and M. Migeotte<sup>19</sup> has recorded, with a grating and thermocouple, the region from  $1.3\mu$  to  $1.5\mu$  with extraordinary precision.

J. L. Greenstein, L. G. Henyey, and P. C. Keenan,<sup>20</sup> in discussing the “Interstellar Origin of Cosmic Radiation at Radio Frequencies,” give references to original observations which show that the sun emits discernible radiation at wave lengths between 1 cm and 5 m.

† References are to the bibliography, at end of book.



The research which we shall describe was begun in 1925 at the Mount Wilson Observatory and has been enlarged in scope from time to time, as instrumental facilities have improved. Many technical details are omitted here because they have appeared in preceding papers.

In the bibliography, references marked with an asterisk (\*) have special bearing on the present work, or, in some cases, announce results already derived from it. The monograph by Migeotte<sup>19</sup> contains an excellent bibliography.

## 2. INSTRUMENTS

Besides the equipment described in the references designated by an asterisk (see above), the Hale Solar Laboratory<sup>21</sup> in Pasadena has been available since 1938. Here a 21-foot concave grating in an Eagle mounting permits the use of either of two achromatic solar images (diameters 44 cm and 16 cm) throughout the photographic range of the spectrum. A plane-grating spectrograph of 75 feet focus is useful as far as  $\lambda 10000$ . The greater part of our data have been obtained with an excellent 6-inch concave grating ruled in the instrument shop of the Observatory in 1924 by J. A. Anderson and the late C. Jacomini.

A few spectrograms of the solar disk have been made

in the region  $\lambda 13000$  with concave gratings of 1 and of 2 m radius. The best of these, obtained for us at the Snow telescope on Mount Wilson by H. W. Babcock, extend to  $\lambda 13500$  and furnish the basis for the last part of Table A. His unpublished chromospheric data, obtained with the same equipment and also with the 150-foot tower telescope, at shorter wave lengths, have been freely utilized by us.

Miscellaneous spectrograms of the solar disk, spots, and limb ( $\lambda < 9000\text{\AA}$ ) have been made for us on Mount Wilson by J. C. Duncan, S. B. Nicholson, and the late F. Ellerman to supplement our observations in Pasadena.

## 3. WAVE LENGTHS IN TABLE A

Wave lengths are expressed on the International scale of 1928,<sup>22</sup> for which the standard conditions of the (dry) air in the spectrograph are a temperature of  $15^\circ\text{C}$  and a pressure of 760 mm of mercury. Under our observing conditions the corrections for temperature and pressure have been generally negligible for wave lengths less than  $10000\text{\AA}$ . We point out, however, that few reliable values of the refractivity of dry air for  $\lambda > 10000\text{\AA}$  are available, and that, for ordinary laboratory air, it may be unsafe to assume that at  $\lambda 13000$ , near a great absorption band of water vapor, the refractivity is approximately the same as it is near  $\lambda 8500$ .

Wave lengths in Table A for lines known to originate in the sun have been corrected in the usual manner to remove the effects of orbital and diurnal motion of the spectrograph relative to the sun. Details of this procedure are given in earlier papers.<sup>23</sup>

The wave lengths in Table A include our earlier measurements with interferometers, not only of lines which have now been adopted as International Standards, but of many others. The standards are stated exactly as adopted by the International Astronomical Union, not as measured at Mount Wilson alone. Other wave lengths having three decimals are weighted means of our interferometer and grating results when both are available, otherwise they come from accordant measurements with gratings only. Wave lengths given to two decimal places are of lower weight.

Where International Standards are lacking we have interpolated between our own interferometer values, or,

beyond their limit ( $\lambda 10604$ ), have referred to adopted solar standards in overlapping orders of concave-grating spectra.

Most of the wave lengths have been derived from grating spectrograms with a dispersion of about 2.5  $\text{\AA}/\text{mm}$ , but many difficult lines have been measured at 1.25 or at 0.7  $\text{\AA}/\text{mm}$ , and for wave lengths beyond  $\lambda 13000$  the dispersion was reduced to about 16  $\text{\AA}/\text{mm}$ .

Among the numerous diffuse lines some are so difficult to see that micrometer settings on them are less satisfactory than simple readings of a scale with the aid of a hand magnifier. On high-dispersion spectrograms numerous lines of *Mg*, *S*, and *N*, and others of unknown origin have been measured in this way.

Since the wave lengths in RR were expressed on the International scale of 1922, which was found slightly erroneous and was superseded by the present scale in 1928, a small systematic difference will be noted in the range  $\lambda 6600$ – $\lambda 7330$  between RR and our Table A. Corrections to RR as they appear in *Trans. I. A. U.*, IV, 60, 1932, are as in table 1.

Some wave lengths in the first part of Table A are followed by R to indicate that they have been derived from RR with the aid of the corrections in table 1 or of others slightly greater which apply between  $\lambda 6790$  and  $\lambda 7330$ .

The infrared supplement to RR,  $\lambda 7330$ – $\lambda 10216$ , was referred to the scale of 1928 and requires no systematic correction.

Our observations confirm most of Rowland's weak

lines from  $\lambda 6600$  to  $\lambda 7330$ , but we reject about 70 of them as spurious. Rowland himself doubted the reality of many of the faintest lines in his Table, but L. E. Jewell,<sup>24</sup> who measured most of his spectrograms, insisted on including them, remarking, "Also he [Rowland] did not favor the measurement of the very faint lines of the solar spectrum which were difficult to see, and, in fact, he disbelieved in the existence of many of them. . . . Upon these points we were not in agreement at all, and as a result a sort of compromise was arrived at."

Comparison of our interferometer measurements from  $\lambda 7569$  to  $\lambda 9899$  with those made at the Allegheny Observatory with the collaboration of the National Bureau of Standards<sup>22</sup> shows remarkable agreement. For 229 lines the Mount Wilson wave lengths show no significant systematic difference from the Allegheny values, and the average difference between the two series is only

TABLE 1

CORRECTIONS TO WAVE LENGTHS IN REVISED ROWLAND TABLE

Region	Subtract from 1922 $\lambda$
<4000A.....	0.001A
4000-5600.....	0.002
5600-5780.....	0.003
5780-5960.....	0.004
5960-6125.....	0.005
6125-6290.....	0.006
6290-6455.....	0.007
6455-6630.....	0.008
6630-6790.....	0.009

slightly more than 1 part in 5 million. For 126 additional lines our grating wave lengths in Table A differ from the Allegheny interferometer results by only about 1 part in 2 million on the average.

In the range  $\lambda 7000$ - $\lambda 7569$  our wave lengths are systematically about 0.006A lower than those found by Fr. Francis Sullivan<sup>25</sup> by measurement of interferometer spectrograms made at the Allegheny Observatory.

Beyond  $\lambda 9900$ , solar wave lengths by other observers are lacking with the exception of a very few by M. Migeotte<sup>19</sup> between  $\lambda 13442$  and  $\lambda 13495$ . These were obtained with his recording spectrometer with grating dispersion. Although superlative in their field, they scarcely serve as a close check on our wave lengths. For eight lines our wave lengths average 0.6A greater than those of Migeotte.

The wave lengths in Table A contain internal evidence of the absence of serious systematic errors. For example, the occurrence of numerous lines in the spectrum of Fe I can be predicted, and their wave lengths computed, from a table of term values for this spectrum, the terms being well evaluated from combinations of observed wave lengths. Hundreds of such predictions have been made

for which no lines of iron have yet been observed in the laboratory. But in the solar spectrum so many otherwise unidentified lines appear at the predicted positions that they can unquestionably be ascribed to Fe I. In their analysis of the spectrum of Fe I, H. N. Russell, C. E. Moore, and D. W. Weeks<sup>26</sup> stated the differences between the wave numbers of predicted lines and of the corresponding solar lines in Table A. From their table C we select 320 of these differences and average them in five equal groups in table 2. The final mean value in table 2,  $-0.006 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , indicates that our measured wave lengths of these weak solar lines are about 0.005A greater than the corresponding arc wave lengths would be if the lines were measurable in the arc.

The predicted positions of the lines in table 2 were derived from a varied collection of wave lengths, partly measured with arcs burning in the open atmosphere and

TABLE 2

OBSERVED SOLAR WAVE NUMBERS COMPARED WITH COMPUTED ARC VALUES FOR 320 PREDICTED LINES OF Fe I

Region	O-C
$\lambda 6609$ - $\lambda 7072$ .....	-0.01 $\text{cm}^{-1}$
7074- 7484.....	$\pm 0.00$
7486- 8358.....	-0.01
8369- 8950.....	$\pm 0.00$
8956-10987.....	-0.01
Mean.....	-0.006 $\text{cm}^{-1}$

partly with the arcs in evacuated containers. Assuming a correction of  $-0.01A$ , as indicated by the work of H. D. Babcock,<sup>27</sup> to express the computed positions on the scale appropriate to the vacuum arc alone, the mean difference, solar wave length *minus* computed vacuum arc wave length, would have been about  $+0.015A$ .

If in addition we adopt C. E. St. John's<sup>28</sup> conclusion that at the center of the solar disk lines like these are displaced toward the violet as though by a radially outward velocity of 0.22 km/sec, and if we modify the observed wave lengths so as to remove the effect of such a velocity, the difference, solar *minus* terrestrial wave length, becomes  $+0.021A$ . The predicted gravitational displacement for solar lines in this part of the spectrum is  $+0.019A$ . Such an agreement is not a demonstration of the gravitational effect, but it is suggestive, and it illustrates the fact that exact coincidence between solar and terrestrial lines is not to be expected.

Other evidence confirms the absence of serious systematic errors in our wave lengths, as we have concluded in earlier papers<sup>23,29</sup> from consideration of term differences and series relations in spectra other than that of iron.

Although the International system of secondary stand-

ards of wave lengths in the *Fe* arc spectrum appears in the *Revised Multiplet Table* of C. E. Moore<sup>40</sup> (hereinafter called RMT), other wave lengths there have necessarily been collected from many sources. The reliability of the wave lengths in RMT therefore varies over a wide range. For example, the wave length of the iron arc line  $\lambda 6677.993$ , an adopted secondary standard, is probably correct within 1 part in 5 million, but the line of *C* I

which is given in RMT with laboratory wave length 11894.9A is really a double line, whose components are  $\lambda 11892.90$  and  $\lambda 11895.86$  in the solar spectrum. Numerous other examples could be cited. The determination of radial velocities by comparison of infrared stellar wave lengths with laboratory values is therefore subject to considerable uncertainty, but if solar data are used for reference more reliable results may be expected.

#### 4. INTENSITIES IN THE SPECTRUM OF THE SOLAR DISK

Intensities of solar lines are usually discussed on the tacit assumption that they are constant. Such a supposition is probably valid for most lines when estimated intensities with mean errors of  $\pm 1$  Rowland unit are observed in integrated sunlight or in the undisturbed central region of the disk. But the strongest lines of *H* and *Ca* II are well known exceptions to the rule, and the *He* line at  $\lambda 10830$  has been found to vary over a range of several units. For the ordinary solar lines, however, statistical evidence on the degree of constancy is lacking. It is quite possible that small variations of intensity occur in many lines, especially when a large, well defined image of the sun is in focus on the slit of the spectrograph.

The advantage of expressing intensities of infrared lines on the scale used by Rowland is obvious, but it is to be noted that his scale is not uniform in meaning. For example, G. F. W. Mulders<sup>80</sup> found that Rowland's intensities exhibit peculiar systematic differences in their relation to equivalent width, particularly in the region  $\lambda 5000$  to  $\lambda 6000$ . Mulders ascribed these anomalies to the characteristics of the photographic emulsions used by Rowland, but a more plausible explanation is that, beginning in the green region and continuing into the red, Rowland used the first-order spectrum instead of the higher orders which had served for shorter wave lengths. As we remark later from our own experience, a considerable change of dispersion introduces difficulty in maintaining the zero point of a scale of eye estimates.

In his calibration of the Rowland scale of intensities Mulders used the original estimates of Rowland as far as  $\lambda 7330$ , and the preliminary Mount Wilson estimates, given in the infrared supplement to RR, beyond that point. Attention is called to the marked changes of intensity shown in Table A of the present work as compared with RR, and to the modification thus required in Mulders' calibration. Our measurements of equivalent width are systematically in excellent agreement with his, and the average individual difference is about  $\pm 10$  per cent. Column 2 of table 4 confirms the fact that in the green region Rowland's intensities must be increased by about 3 units to make them accordant with his estimates in the red.

The scale of reference for our visual estimates of intensity was derived in the following manner: Profiles of the solar lines between  $\lambda 6229$  and  $\lambda 6500$  were made with a microphotometer, and all members of each Rowland intensity class were compared. The type line best representing each intensity class (except 8) from  $-1$  to  $9$  was selected, and after small adjustments for smoothing the relative values, the scale shown in table 3 was adopted.

TABLE 3  
SCALE OF INTENSITIES

$\lambda$ RR	Element	Rowland	Adopted
6251.845.....	V	-1	-1
6271.289.....	Fe	0	0
6223.996.....	Ni	1	1
6238.396.....	Fe II	2	2
6247.569.....	Fe II	2	3
6237.334.....	Si	3	4
6232.655.....	Fe	3	5
6219.294.....	Fe	6	6
6252.572.....	Fe	7	7
6230.742.....	Fe V	8	9

On each of a series of spectrograms made with the same instrument that was used for most of the intensity estimates, the lines of table 3 were marked with their adopted intensities. These spectrograms, now called scale plates, had purposely been given various background densities to adapt them for comparison with the infrared plates on which intensities were to be estimated. A scale plate of appropriate density was placed with its marked lines successively coincident, end to end, with the infrared lines, and the latter were assigned intensities equal to those of the scale which they most nearly resembled.

Visual estimates for classes  $-2$  and  $-3$  were made without the aid of standards of comparison. Similarly, but with more uncertainty, the few solar lines stronger than  $9$  have been estimated, though they lack counterparts in the scale of table 3.

Two or more independent estimates were made by one of the writers (C. E. M.) from  $\lambda 6600$  to  $\lambda 11320$ . These were extended and checked by the other author and by our assistants. Beyond  $\lambda 11320$  intensities have been estimated by comparison with lines from overlapping orders on the same plates. Beyond  $\lambda 12800$  this procedure was applied to enlargements on paper from the original negatives.

These data relate to the undisturbed central region of the solar disk, imaged by a telescope of 150 feet focus on the slit of an astigmatic spectrograph. Comparison of our disk intensities with those from integrated sunlight may show small differences; the spectrum of the solar limb is characterized by intensities which for many lines are quite different from those in Table A.

Between  $\lambda 6600$  and  $\lambda 10000$  the intensity estimates described above have been supplemented by a much smaller number of others derived from higher-dispersion spectrograms. The advantages thus gained in the treatment of some close groups of lines are partly offset by the greater difficulty of maintaining the zero point of the scale.

For interpreting the estimated intensities in physical terms we have derived from the Atlas the equivalent widths of 164 solar lines by integrating their profiles with a planimeter. Lines of normal sharpness were chosen in four fairly compact groups, more diffuse lines in one widely scattered group; see table 4, columns 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8, respectively. A sixth group, column 6, is taken from the work of C. W. Allen.<sup>31</sup> In each of these columns the equivalent widths, expressed in milliangstroms, are mean values for the corresponding intensity classes of column 1.

In table 4 we have assigned the measured equivalent widths to our original eye estimates of intensity, or to those of Rowland, except as follows: In column 4, at mean wave length  $\lambda 7325$ , our estimates in classes 6 to 10 inclusive have been reduced by 1 Rowland unit; for the data of column 6,  $\lambda 8807$ – $\lambda 11000$ , our estimated intensities have been increased 1 unit for classes 3 to 10, 2 units for classes  $-1$  to 2 inclusive, and 3 units for class  $-2$ . Column 7 shows averages of the equivalent widths in columns 3, 4, 5, and 6.

Most of table 4, including Rowland's intensities near  $\lambda 6300$  and ours for greater wave lengths, shows satisfactory accordance. The systematic difference between sharp and diffuse lines is smaller than might have been expected.

The mean values of  $W$  in column 7 of table 4 are repeated in column 2 of table 5, where they are followed by results computed from the empirical relation  $I = 13.9 \log W - 21.5$ . The differences,  $O - C$ , are insignificant

TABLE 4  
MEASURED EQUIVALENT WIDTH ( $W$ ), ESTIMATED INTENSITY ( $I$ ),  
AND WAVE LENGTH

$I$	$W$ (in milliangstroms)						
	Normal lines						Diffuse lines
	$\lambda 5415$ to $\lambda 5576$ (24*)	$\lambda 6229$ to $\lambda 6471$ (29*)	$\lambda 7086$ to $\lambda 7588$ (38)	$\lambda 8207$ to $\lambda 8763$ (23)	$\lambda 8807$ to $\lambda 11000$ (170†)	$\lambda 6229$ to $\lambda 11000$ (260‡)	$\lambda 6721$ to $\lambda 8752$ (50)
0..	36	17	.....	10	.....	14	26
1..	51	29	30	22	25	26	32
2..	57	41	40	37	45	41	39
3..	89	55	52	51	50	52	47
4..	117	70	64	67	68	67	56
5..	132	83	89	81	87	85	71
6..	198	100	101	97	99	99	87
7..	.....	117	113	112	115	114	106
8..	316	138	128	130	130	132	130
9..	.....	164	144	150	150	152	158
10..	.....	.....	.....	172	180	176	199

( ) Number of lines in parentheses.

\*Intensities by Rowland.

†Equivalent width by C. W. Allen.

‡ $W$  is the mean from columns 3, 4, 5, and 6.

TABLE 5  
RELATIONS BETWEEN ESTIMATED INTENSITY ( $I$ ) AND EQUIVALENT  
WIDTH ( $W$ ) (UNIT 0.001A)

$I$	Normal lines			Diffuse lines		
	$W$		O - C	$W$		O - C
	Obs	Comp		Obs	Comp	
0.....	14	35	-21	26	26	0
1.....	26	42	-16	32	32	0
2.....	41	49	-8	39	39	0
3.....	52	58	-6	47	47	0
4.....	67	68	-1	56	58	-2
5.....	85	81	+4	71	71	0
6.....	99	94	+5	87	87	0
7.....	114	112	+2	106	107	-1
8.....	132	132	0	130	132	-2
9.....	152	157	-5	158	161	-3
10.....	176	186	-10	199	197	+2

nificant from  $I=4$  to  $I=10$ , but they indicate that the observed quantities are too small for the weaker lines, as might be expected for reasons associated with the limitations of microphotometers.

In column 5 of table 5, column 8 of table 4 is repeated, and is followed by values of  $W$  computed from  $I=$

11.33 log  $W - 16$ . Here the differences,  $O - C$ , in column 7 show no systematic discordance for weak lines, perhaps in part because the limitations of the microphotometer mentioned above are less stringent in the case of wider, shallower lines.

Table 5 would seem to give assurance that the relations stated above connecting  $I$  and  $W$  may be applied with confidence to solar lines that fall between the groups of table 4 for which  $W$  was derived from integration of the Atlas curves.

The measured equivalent widths which are averaged in table 4 have been correlated with the central absorptions for the same lines, as given in the Atlas. Results are collected in table 6, which shows smoothed values of  $W$  expressed in milliangstroms. It appears that for cen-

TABLE 6  
EQUIVALENT WIDTH ( $W$ ), CENTRAL ABSORPTION, AND  
WAVE LENGTH

$\lambda$	Central absorption				
	20%	30%	40%	50%	60%
	$W$ (in milliangstroms)				
5415-5576..... (mean 5490)	19	35	51	71	97
6229-6471..... (mean 6300)	25	42	60	85	120
7086-7588..... (mean 7325)	33	53	77	110	154
8207-8763..... (mean 8540)	44	75	106	145	200

tral absorption between 20 per cent and 60 per cent a simple relation connects equivalent width and wave length, such that if  $W(\lambda)$  and  $W(6300)$  are the respective equivalent widths of a line of wave length  $\lambda$  and a line near  $\lambda 6300$  having the same central absorption,  $W(\lambda)/W(6300) = (\lambda/6300)^{1.7}$ .

Within the limits of table 6 the equivalent width is found for any line of known central absorption as follows: If the line falls within one of the tabulated wavelength groups,  $W$  is obtained by interpolation; for a line in the interval between two groups,  $W$  is taken from the data for  $\lambda 6300$  and corrected by the exponential relation stated above. From the value of  $W$  the intensity on the Rowland scale, as it appears at  $\lambda 6300$ , is given by table 4.

By this short method over 200 additional values of equivalent width have been derived for solar lines in Table A. The corresponding intensities, like those represented in table 4, have been substituted in Table A for the original estimates, from which they differ, on the

average, less than  $\pm 1$  Rowland unit. Such differences are mainly the errors in our estimated intensities, but occasional differences of 2 or 3 units between estimated and derived intensity cannot be accounted for in this way. As noted above, the possibility remains that some lines, apart from those affected by chromospheric conditions, really vary by small amounts.

In Table A the instrumentally derived intensities are given where they are available, since they are more significant than visual estimates. For the following classes of lines, however, the original estimates are retained: lines beyond the range of calibration, either in wave length or in intensity; blends which involve a solar line; atmospheric lines; sunspot lines.

The inadequacy of a mere series of numbers for expressing the intensities of solar lines is constantly apparent. No single parameter is sufficient, whether it be an intensity number, the equivalent width, or the central absorption. When both the equivalent width and the central absorption are stated a clearer idea of the character of the line is conveyed than by either quantity alone. In Table A we are limited to the use of a number and a few qualifying symbols, described in section 16 below.

If the sharpness,  $F$ , of a solar line is defined as the ratio of its central absorption to its equivalent width, some results which we have obtained from the Atlas may be combined as in table 7, where we give mean values of  $F$  for a few lines of different elements. The central absorption here has been expressed in per cent and the equivalent width in milliangstroms. The dependence of  $F$  on the wave length has been ignored because of the few lines available for the light elements. The data for  $Fe$ , etc. in the last line of table 7 include a few lines of  $Ni$ ,  $Cr$ , and  $Ti$ . If weights proportional to numbers of lines are assigned to the data for  $Mg$ ,  $O$ ,  $Si$ , and  $Na$ , we find their mean atomic weight is 25 and mean sharpness 0.34. Comparison of these numbers with those for the ferrous metals shows that the sharpness is nearly proportional to the square root of the atomic weight, a result first found for emission lines in the laboratory by A. A. Michelson.<sup>32</sup>

The data for  $Fe$ , etc. in table 7 are well distributed in wave length, and may be divided into two nearly equal groups with mean wave lengths 7200Å and 8200Å. The mean values of  $F$  for these groups are 0.58 and 0.43, respectively, which are nearly in the inverse ratio of the squares of the mean wave lengths, as would be expected.

We conclude that intensities of solar lines estimated by experienced observers from suitable spectrograms are on the average nearly as dependable as those obtained by instrumental measurement. The average uncertainty of an estimate is less than  $\pm 1$  Rowland intensity unit.



TABLE 7  
SHARPNESS ( $F$ ) AND ATOMIC WEIGHT

Element	No. lines	At. wt.	$F$
<i>Mg</i> .....	6	24	0.25
<i>O</i> .....	5	16	0.35
<i>Si</i> .....	22	28	0.36
<i>Na</i> .....	1	23	0.24
<i>Fe</i> , etc. ....	48	56	0.50

Systematic errors in visual estimates may result from a large variation in the dispersion, e.g. 2 to 1, or from

sacrifice of resolving power actually realized on the spectrograms, as when plates of coarse grain are employed. For the weakest lines the trained eye can provide more useful information than is given by a microphotometer. For the strongest lines, such as those of *Ca II* and of *H*, the eye is baffled by the wings and tends to assign an intensity too much dependent on the core. Tables 4 and 5 show that our estimated intensities maintain, after correction for small systematic errors, a linear relation to the logarithms of the measured equivalent widths, an analogy with Fechner's law connecting sensation and stimulus.

### 5. INTENSITIES OF ATMOSPHERIC LINES

Intensities of atmospheric lines in Table A are eye estimates from numerous plates. No claim to homogeneity can be made for these numbers because of the great range of variability which atmospheric lines exhibit, and because it is obviously impracticable to photograph at one time 7000Å of the solar spectrum under high dispersion. Our aim has been to describe these lines as they appear at a station near sea level, with solar zenith distance about 45°, under average atmospheric humidity for the climate of Pasadena. It is unlikely that this hope has been even remotely realized.

A new intensity class, -4, appears in Table A, where it is associated with certain lines in the band spectrum of atmospheric oxygen which are so weak that they are observed only with very long air paths, as when the sun approaches the horizon.

Atmospheric lines whose intensities are written (20) or greater have been described from rough measurements of their total width. Intensity numbers proportional to the width have been assigned, such that (50) corresponds approximately to a width of 1Å. The term "width" here signifies the linear distance between the limits within which the line appears to lie, and is to be

clearly distinguished from the technical expression "equivalent width."

The purpose of describing strong telluric lines in this special manner is to show the extent of the local regions of obscuration which they produce in the solar spectrum. The usefulness of such information is obvious in the identification of solar lines by the physical method as contrasted with the statistical method, as will appear later.

Comparison of the intensities of atmospheric lines in Table A with the profiles in the Atlas shows that as a rule these lines are stronger on our spectrograms than they were on the Mount Wilson plates from which the Atlas was prepared. Uniform relations between atmospheric lines in Table A and in the Atlas are not to be expected, however, because the profile of a line in the Atlas is from one plate out of a considerable number that were required to cover the long range of spectrum. Relative intensities of atmospheric lines in the Atlas are therefore dependent on the varying conditions of observation, except when lines traced from the same negative are considered. Data for atmospheric lines therefore lack homogeneity both in the Atlas and in our Table A.

### 6. THE SEGREGATION OF ATMOSPHERIC LINES

The classification of lines as to solar or terrestrial origin has been based on two methods, with some supplementary data from other tests. In the first method, a comparison of spectra from the eastern and western equatorial limbs of the sun provides a distinction between solar lines, which show displacements due to Doppler effect, and telluric lines, which are unmodified. This method is conclusive for isolated lines of suitable intensity, which can be classified by inspection, without the necessity of measuring displacements on our plates.

For lines so weak as to be seen only with difficulty, even micrometer measurements of such limb plates may

be insufficient to show whether or not a rotational displacement is present. Another limitation of this method is involved in the change of intensity which affects many solar lines near the limb. A line which is much weakened or which disappears at the limb must originate in the sun, but this fact cannot be established from comparison of limb spectra among themselves.

The second method is based on the comparison of spectra of the central part of the solar disk recorded at different solar zenith distances, or at similar zenith distances on days of high and of low humidity. This method is valuable when light must be economized,

since it avoids the weakening which occurs at the limb. It is applied on the assumption that solar lines will appear alike on the spectrograms compared, but telluric lines will be stronger on one plate than on the other.

This assumption is justified when the atmospheric absorption is not too great, but caution is required in comparing estimated solar intensities at extremely long air path with those at high sun. In some regions of the spectrum, including the visible red and at least part of the infrared, a general weakening of solar lines is observed at low sun. Part of this effect is an illusion which arises from the stronger contrast at which the solar lines are viewed or photographed when intermingled with the more intense atmospheric lines at low sun. In his careful visual work on telluric lines in the solar spectrum, L. Becker<sup>33</sup> noticed this effect and ascribed it to variation of contrast. Other causes may operate to produce the observed appearance of weakening, but beyond remarking that insufficient quantitative data are available, we omit discussion of them. (See notes 11, 31, 32, and 37 to Table A.)

A third means of distinguishing atmospheric from solar lines is the comparison of the spectrum of the disk with that of a sunspot, where an atmospheric line remains unmodified, while the solar lines in general show effects of the thermal and magnetic changes between spot and disk. This method has been useful as a check on the more certain evidence given by the other tests. It is obviously less generally available than the first two methods, and it fails in the spectral region where times of exposure for sunspot spectra become prohibitive.

Since telluric absorption lines are, as a rule, distinctly blacker than solar lines of similar equivalent width, the two types can often be distinguished by mere inspection of a single high-dispersion spectrogram. In the infrared spectrum many solar lines arise from high levels of energy within the atoms. For this reason and also because elements of low atomic weight account here for a considerable number of lines, diffuseness is a characteristic which frequently helps to distinguish solar absorption from that due to the earth's atmosphere. Toward the end of Table A such distinctions as we have been able to make between solar and telluric lines have depended on this method of comparison. But it is important to note that, contrary to the general rule mentioned above, some diffuse telluric absorption lines are found, especially when the sun is observed very near the horizon. These resemble solar lines in appearance, but are distinguished by their restriction to the lowest levels of the terrestrial atmosphere. Since they are best known in the visual region, these peculiar telluric lines will be discussed elsewhere.

Two classes of telluric lines are distinguished in Table A, marked *Atm* and *AtmO<sub>2</sub>* respectively. Lines in the more numerous *Atm* group are mainly, but not necessarily entirely, due to ordinary water vapor. We omit the additional symbol *wv*, even for those lines to which it properly belongs through the results of rotational analysis of *H<sub>2</sub>O* bands. The greater part of the atmospheric lines have not yet been definitely assigned to their places in this system, although their vibrational transitions are generally agreed upon. Among the abundant weak lines it is probable that some are not due to ordinary water. Since the oxygen isotope of mass 18 is one-five-hundredth as abundant as ordinary oxygen, and since deuterium is one-five-thousandth as abundant as *H*, the observations mentioned in note 12 to Table A show that at least three of the eight isotopic forms of heavy water should be observable with long air paths in the lower atmosphere. These are *H<sub>2</sub>O<sup>18</sup>*, *H<sub>2</sub>O<sup>17</sup>*, and *HDO<sup>16</sup>*. Their strongest absorption lines should be well measurable with a powerful spectrograph under ordinary conditions of humidity when the air paths are  $\geq 6$  km, 30 km, and 60 km, respectively. A. Adel<sup>34</sup> has already recognized a band of *HDO<sup>16</sup>* beyond the photographic infrared. So far as we know, the three strongest lines of *HDO<sup>16</sup>* within the range of Table A are  $\lambda 10010.44$ ,  $\lambda 10020.90$ , and  $\lambda 10028.30$ . On our high-sun plates atmospheric absorption is not found at these places. We have no plates at low enough sun to make a significant search for them.\*

Lines of water vapor increase in strength with solar (or stellar) zenith distance more rapidly than do the lines of *AtmO<sub>2</sub>*, as a result of the difference in vertical distribution of these gases.

Hundreds of weak *Atm* lines that readily appear with very long air path have been omitted from Table A, since they are not present under the conditions ordinarily chosen for observing the solar spectrum, but the list of *AtmO<sub>2</sub>* lines that occur within the limits of Table A is as complete as we have been able to make it with the aid of long air paths, extending to roughly 200 km for some of the bands. Since the data for *O<sub>2</sub>* lie partly outside the range of the present work and discussion of them is not of immediate astrophysical interest, the results will be published separately. Over 500 lines of *O<sub>2</sub>* are included in Table A, all of which have been assigned

\* Bolograms made at the Table Mountain Station of the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory are reported, through the kindness of Dr. Oliver Wulf, to show the occurrence of telluric absorption throughout the region  $\lambda 9900$ – $\lambda 11000$  at very low sun. Whether this absorption is merely the extension of the adjacent bands of ordinary water vapor, or due to some other molecule, has not been ascertained.

to their vibrational and rotational transitions in the appropriate isotopic forms of the molecule. A new member of the  ${}^1\Delta \leftarrow {}^3\Sigma$  system is found near  $\lambda 10600$ . Lack of space in Table A necessitated the omission of the rotational quantum numbers for all the *AtmO*<sub>2</sub> lines, but space has been taken in the E P column to show for each *AtmO*<sub>2</sub> line the isotopic form of the molecule and the vibrational quantum numbers, of which the first applies to the electronically excited state of the molecule.

All *AtmO*<sub>2</sub> lines in Table A having wave lengths less than 9000Å are associated with the electronic transition  ${}^1\Sigma \leftarrow {}^3\Sigma$  in the molecule, those of greater wave length with  ${}^1\Delta \leftarrow {}^3\Sigma$ , the  ${}^3\Sigma$  state being in each case the ground state. It is interesting to note that three bands in the  ${}^1\Sigma \leftarrow {}^3\Sigma$  system of ordinary oxygen appear, for which the vibrational energy is not 0, but 1 unit. These are the 3,1, 2,1, and 1,1 bands near  $\lambda 6370$ ,  $\lambda 6950$ , and  $\lambda 7700$ , respectively. For their origins the E P is nearly 0.2 volt.<sup>35</sup>

Except in the ultraviolet and for solar observations near

the horizon, telluric absorption bands do not seriously affect the observation of celestial spectra in the region preceding Table A. Atmospheric scattering is, however, often serious in the ultraviolet. In the region of Table A scattering is slight, but intense absorption bands of water vapor and of oxygen occur. The limits of these bands depend greatly on the constantly changing conditions of observation, but the regions of greatest obscuration are roughly indicated in table 8.

TABLE 8

ROUGH LIMITS OF ATMOSPHERIC ABSORPTION BANDS

Limits	Origin
$\lambda 6867$ – $\lambda 7050$ .....	<i>O</i> <sub>2</sub> , <i>H</i> <sub>2</sub> <i>O</i>
7165– 7400.....	<i>H</i> <sub>2</sub> <i>O</i>
7594– 7700.....	<i>O</i> <sub>2</sub>
8100– 8400.....	<i>H</i> <sub>2</sub> <i>O</i>
8900– 9900.....	<i>H</i> <sub>2</sub> <i>O</i>
10950–12800.....	<i>H</i> <sub>2</sub> <i>O</i> , <i>O</i> <sub>2</sub>
13300–15000.....	<i>H</i> <sub>2</sub> <i>O</i>

## 7. INTENSITIES OF LINES IN SUNSPOT SPECTRA

The intensities given in Table A for lines in sunspot spectra relate, as far as possible, to umbrae of large spots situated well in from the solar limb. We have tried to exclude the penumbra from most of our spectrograms in order to contrast strongly the spectrum of the coolest part of the umbra with that of the undisturbed central part of the solar disk. An occulting plate at the slit of the concave-grating spectrograph and two interchangeable diaphragms just in front of the plateholder aid in accomplishing this purpose. But a combination of favorable conditions is essential for success, and too often the spectrograms are more representative of the penumbra than of the umbra, even in the infrared, where scattered light is less troublesome than elsewhere and the astronomical seeing is better.

We have utilized a few stigmatic spectrograms, purposely made to show penumbral spectra bordering that of the umbra, to supplement our concave-grating plates.

All the intensities of sunspot lines in Table A are eye estimates, made by comparison with the same lines in the disk, without the use of scale plates and without any control through measurement of equivalent width. Because of the complexity of the spot spectrum, the difficulty of assigning intensities is much greater than in the disk, and the resultant values must be given lower weight. When spectrograms made under various conditions of observation and with different dispersion are compared, conclusions as to the behavior of some lines may be diverse, even to the extent of being contradictory.

The intensities in column 3 of Table A are nevertheless

valuable, although they are distinctly secondary to our main purpose, which is to provide a description of the spectrum of the solar disk. The great strengthening, in spots, of numerous metallic lines and the more or less complete obliteration of some lines of ionized elements afford striking evidence of the reduced temperature in sunspots, confirming much earlier work in the visible part of the spectrum.

Apart from true thermal effects, the intensities of atomic lines in sunspot spectra are also subject to modification by the magnetic fields in spots. Consider a hypothetical line in the spectrum of the solar disk, having intensity about 3, equivalent width (*W*) about 50 milliangstroms, and having also a triplet Zeeman pattern. Suppose the line is observed in the spectrum of a spot so situated that the line of sight is parallel to the magnetic field, which is assumed strong enough to separate completely the two *n*-components presented to view. The spectral line is further supposed to be unchanged by the reduced temperature of the spot.

If *M* is the number of atoms which produce the line in the spectrum of the disk, each *n*-component of the Zeeman pattern observed in the spot is associated with *M*/2 atoms. The solar curve of growth as found by C. W. Allen<sup>36</sup> shows that such a change in *M* causes *W* to become *W*/2, and table 4 indicates that the intensity of each *n*-component is 1. If the field is weakened until the components are largely overlapped, the appearance partially resembles that of the original line in the disk. When the line of sight is nearly parallel to the magnetic



field, circular analysis shows the  $n$ -component of either sign weaker than the disk line (under the given conditions), the weakening being more pronounced when the Zeeman pattern is more complex or more nearly resolved. The theory of the inverse Zeeman effect is clearly stated in the work of F. A. Jenkins and H. E. White<sup>37</sup> (p. 425).

Similar treatment shows that a line whose intensity in the disk is 12 would have  $n$ -components in the spot each with intensity 11, because the curve of growth slopes little at this intensity. As the field is weakened, the  $n$ -components of such a line begin to blend much sooner than do the components of the weaker line first discussed, and the spot line may appear stronger than its counterpart in the disk.

In actual observations of spot spectra the conditions are more complicated than those assumed above. The magnetic field is generally inclined to the line of sight, both its intensity and its direction are to some extent variable along the path of absorption, magnetic patterns are often very complex instead of triple, and the magnetic and thermal effects must be observed together. Lines with complicated Zeeman patterns will have spot intensities dependent on both the relative and the absolute intensities of the components and on the degree of their resolution.

It is not surprising to find in the sunspot spectrum intensities at variance with those to be expected as a consequence of the lower temperature alone, especially in the infrared, where Zeeman patterns are spread out, according to Preston's rule, much more than in the visual region. The increased magnetic resolution thus introduced may weaken a line which, in the absence of the field, would be strengthened in the spot.

Simple generalized statements of the magnetic effects on intensities of spot lines are inadequate to describe the variety of changes actually observed. A thorough discussion of the inverse Zeeman effect for both strong and weak fields would be valuable, especially if made to combine the theoretical treatment by H. A. Lorentz with modern work on curves of growth, turbulence in the solar atmosphere, inclined fields, and similar factors affecting the profiles of absorption lines.

The change of intensity from disk to spot is summarized in table 9 for 399 unblended lines from Table A. For each group of lines the average low E P is given in column 3; column 4 shows the mean of the observed values of  $\Delta I$  = intensity in disk *minus* intensity in spot. Assuming a linear relation between numbers in columns 3 and 4, a least-squares reduction gives  $\Delta I = 1.91(E P) - 7.7$ , from which we find that an E P of  $4.0 \pm 0.2$  volts corresponds to  $\Delta I = 0$ .

Between  $\lambda 5400$  and  $\lambda 6600$  the difference  $\Delta I$  was taken for 373 unblended lines of medium and low intensity. Average values are shown in the right-hand part of table 9, where each group includes various elements. Constants for the green-red data were found graphically. They show that  $\Delta I = 0$  when E P = 3.9 volts, in agreement with the infrared. The original data for this visual region were obtained by one of us<sup>38</sup> from spectrograms unlike most of those used for our infrared studies.

The most interesting departures from the relations shown in table 9 are found, in the infrared, for a few lines of *H*, *N*, *O*, *Mg* II, and one line each of *Ca* and *Na*.

TABLE 9

DISK INTENSITY *minus* SPOT INTENSITY ( $\Delta I$ ) AND LOW E P

$\lambda 6600-\lambda 11000$				$\lambda 5400-\lambda 6600$		
Element	No. lines	$\overline{E P}$	$\overline{\Delta I}$	No. lines	$\overline{E P}$	$\overline{\Delta I}$
<i>V</i> .....	11...	1.21	-5.0	40...	0.14	-5.4
<i>Ti</i> .....	28...	1.28	-6.4	53...	1.01	-3.5
	58...	1.82	-5.0	19...	1.43	-2.6
<i>Fe</i> .....	41...	2.74	-1.6	41...	1.82	-1.9
	50...	2.93	-1.5	66...	2.34	-1.9
	22...	3.80	0	54...	3.46	-0.8
	33...	4.49	+1.5	87...	4.32	+0.4
	59...	4.83	+0.4	14...	5.12	+1.9
<i>Cr</i> .....	12...	2.95	-3.1			
<i>Ni</i> .....	17...	2.97	-1.0			
	11...	4.17	+1.2			
<i>Mg</i> .....	6...	5.62	+2.0			
<i>Si</i> .....	27...	5.65	+2.4			
<i>S</i> .....	10...	7.38	+5.4			
<i>C</i> .....	14...	7.47	+7.9			
$\Delta I = 1.91(E P) - 7.7$				$\Delta I = 1.29(E P) - 5.1$		

Remarks on the behavior of *H* are given in note 20 to Table A. Observed values of  $\Delta I$  for the other elements mentioned above fall below the positions computed for them by the equation. In the visual region 23 lines of *Sc* II, *Fe* II, and similar spectra have values of  $\Delta I$  which average 3.5 intensity units above those computed from the appropriate equation.

The number,  $M$ , of atoms in a given state of excitation  $E$  has been expressed by H. N. Russell<sup>39</sup> as

$$\log M = \log A + \log W - \frac{5040E \times 0.85}{T}$$

where  $A$  is a factor representing atomic abundance,  $W$  is the statistical weight of the given state, and 0.85 is a correction factor which he derived to allow for the de-

parture of the solar atmosphere from thermodynamic equilibrium. Writing a similar equation for the sunspot spectrum and subtracting, we have

$$\log M_D - \log M_S = \log A_D - \log A_S + 5040E \cdot 0.85 \left\{ \frac{1}{T_S} - \frac{1}{T_D} \right\}$$

where subscripts  $D$  and  $S$  distinguish the disk and spot values.  $W$  has disappeared, since we are concerned here

only with change of intensity of each spectrum line in passing from disk to spot. From table 9, the left-hand side of this equation becomes 0 when  $E=4$  volts. If  $T_D=5750^\circ$  and  $T_S=4700^\circ$ ,  $\log A_S - \log A_D = 0.67$ , that is, the neutral atoms are about five times as abundant in a sunspot as in the normal solar atmosphere, a result attributable to diminished ionization at the lower temperature of the spot.

## 8. IDENTIFICATION OF SOLAR LINES

By photographing the arc spectra of the elements one by one in registration with that of the sun on the same plate, Rowland established the origin of thousands of solar lines. The favorable dispersion and resolving power of his gratings and the use of the purest chemicals available facilitated his work. But, since he employed no corrections to allow for the velocity of the spectrograph relative to the sun, the limits of coincidence (discussed in section 3 above) must have been appreciably wider in his work than they now are.

Later applications of Rowland's method have omitted the direct photographic comparison of solar and laboratory spectra and have involved a search for coincidences between published solar wave lengths and separately measured laboratory values. Perhaps the most extensive study of this kind was that made by F. E. Baxandall, who showed the probable occurrence in the sun of a few elements not found by Rowland. Baxandall generously made available to workers at Mount Wilson a summary of his unpublished results when the RR was in preparation there. He had utilized much laboratory material which had accumulated after Rowland's death and had been collected by Professor H. Kayser.

Although the Rowland method is basically statistical, it has usually been applied with an unknown factor of judgment controlling the allowed departure from exact coincidence. With the growth of the quantum theory and the analysis of spectra, new tools have been provided for interpreting the solar spectrum. The first extensive application of the new method was made by one of the writers (C. E. M.) in the RR. In the present work she has carried on advantageously the preparation of her *Revised Multiplet Table*<sup>40</sup> (RMT) and the identification of solar lines at the same time. These projects have supplemented each other because the solar wave lengths provide a very homogeneous body of data, and also because in the solar atmosphere spectra like that of  $Fe I$  are more richly developed than in any artificial source of light.

Because of uncertainties in laboratory wave lengths, fixed limits cannot be assigned within which the coin-

cidence of a solar and a laboratory line can be considered established. But though judgment must still be exercised in accepting or rejecting suggested coincidences, it is now less intuitive than formerly, and is controlled by tested principles. The observer now compares an unknown solar line with other solar lines, as well as with known laboratory lines in its near vicinity. If the line in question fits into a pattern (multiplet) of other solar lines, both as to its wave length and as to its intensity, it may often be confidently assigned to the same atom, even though the laboratory data appear to exclude it. Relative intensities of whole multiplets within a spectrum have also to be considered.

The unit character of multiplets,<sup>41</sup> the observed or computed relative intensities of members of a multiplet, and the general correspondence between  $E P$  and change of intensity from disk to spot are guiding principles. Weak members of a multiplet cannot be considered present in the sun unless the stronger members are either recognized or accounted for by obscuration. The character of the line, whether sharp or diffuse, is a further aid in fixing its identity, diffuseness being associated with low atomic weight or high  $E P$  or both.

Unclassified atomic lines will sometimes be found identified in Table A, where they are distinguished by the absence of the  $E P$ . As a rule such identifications have been made conservatively.

Some solar lines are identified with more than one atomic transition, as when lines of different elements are nearly coincident. Occasionally two distinct transitions occur in the same atom, giving lines essentially coincident. In such cases the component of shorter wave length is stated first. In a blend of two or more lines, that component which is thought to contribute the most is underlined.

Predicted lines of  $Fe I$  have been discussed in section 3. A smaller number of such lines in other spectra have been identified in column 4 of Table A, where their chemical symbols are followed by  $p$ . This letter designates all identified lines that have not been observed in laboratory sources. Predicted wave lengths, when based

on term values derived from well measured solar lines, rather than on laboratory data alone, are especially valuable in the identification of solar lines, such as certain lines of *Si* and *C*.

In addition to the solar identifications given in Table A, C. E. Moore has completed similar work throughout the region of shorter solar wave lengths. In a forthcoming paper we expect to publish such of these as apply to wave lengths shorter than 3060A, along with new wave lengths and intensities.

It will be evident that the identifications in Table A are by no means the undeniable product of arithmetical operations; but the improved method, the extensive data available, and the experience gained in earlier work make the results in column 4 as nearly definitive, we believe, as our present knowledge permits. Further laboratory observations in the infrared region are still needed for many elements.

Most of the elements can be recognized in the sun by lines of wave length less than 6600A, but solar lines of *Rb*, *P*, *Li*, and *N* are now known only within the limits of Table A. Lines due to *O*, *S*, *Si*, and *C* are more prominent in the infrared than elsewhere; the last two stand next to *H* and *Ca* II in the strength of their individual lines. *He* is always present at  $\lambda 10830.38$ , but with variable intensity. Further comments on *H* and *He* are given in notes 20 and 53 to Table A. In section 13 the list of elements identified in the sun is given, as of 1947.

NOTE ADDED IN PROOF: Through the kind permission of Dr. I. S. Bowen we are able to add a recent observation of considerable interest. In a forthcoming article on "The Abundance of Oxygen in the Sun," Dr. Bowen finds plausible evidence for three lines of [*O*I] in the solar spectrum, and computes the equivalent widths for a few forbidden lines of some other abundant elements. Among these last, the most likely to be observable is [*Si*I]  $\lambda 10991.52$ . Near this position our Table A shows a group of atmospheric lines. On a recent spectrogram of east and west equatorial limbs we now find a weak diffuse solar line corresponding so nearly in position and character to the expected [*Si*] that there can be little doubt of the identity.

The identification of compounds in the sun by means of their band spectra has been discussed by H. D. Babcock.<sup>42</sup> In note 40 to Table A a list of identified band heads, within the limits of the present work, is given.

The most interesting new feature here is the occurrence of the red system of CN bands.

Of slightly over 7400 lines in Table A, 51 per cent are either wholly or partly due to atmospheric absorption; for 11 per cent it is not known whether they are atmospheric or solar; and 38 per cent are either certainly or probably

TABLE 10  
UNIDENTIFIED SOLAR LINES IN TABLE A

$\lambda$	Intensity		$\lambda$	Intensity	
	Disk	Spot		Disk	Spot
6771.12.....	2	3w*	9994.94.....	2N	3N
7012.612....	2N1	ob	9997.665....	2	ob?
7055.927....	2N	ob?	9999.21.....	2N	2N
7247.07.....	1N	2	10123.895†...	8	4
7282.844....	3N	2N	10297.64.....	-2	2
7435.584....	2	-1N	10406.98.....	2N	0N?
7567.170....	2NN	1NN	10501.549....	2	ob
7659.91.....	3	ob	10535.702....	2N	1N
7669.668....	2	1	10611.669....	3	2
8054.311....	5N	6N	10620.91.....	0N	2N
8215.155....	2N	0N	10868.82.....	2	0
8248.802....	4	1	10909.20.....	1	2
8310.252....	2	.....	10950.06.....	2	-2
8686.368....	2	-3	10953.36.....	1	3
8712.701....	2	-2	11034.80.....	0N	2
8780.757....	2	ob	11048.44.....	1N	3
8849.96.....	.....	2	11448.90.....	5N	
8932.97.....	.....	2	11458.89.....	2n	
9737.86.....	1	2	11475.88.....	2	
9888.00.....	1	2	11481.50.....	-1N	2
9890.67.....	3ns	-3	11489.58.....	-1N	2N
9931.45.....	3ns	ob	11508.00.....	3N	4N
9941.46.....	2N	4N?	11839.00.....	2N	
9986.490....	3	0	11876.32.....	10NN	
9988.96.....	0	2	12144.98.....	3N	
			12635.36.....	3NN	

\*Blend.

†HeII?

of solar origin. In this last group, well over one-half are identified with the atoms or molecules which produce them; less than 1300 solar lines (some of which may eventually prove to be atmospheric) remain unidentified.

Solar lines of intensity 2 or greater that remain unidentified are listed in table 10.

## 9. EXCITATION POTENTIALS

Next to the abundance of an element, the excitation potential is the most significant factor governing the appearance of its spectral lines in a stellar atmosphere, as H. N. Russell<sup>39</sup> and C. E. St. John<sup>43</sup> have observed. In contrast with lines in the region of shorter wave lengths,

most infrared solar lines result from transitions among terms of high energy level; ultimate lines are rare, and there is a dearth of penultimate lines. Strong absorption by *H*, *C*, and *Si* is here associated with high E P; the great triad of *Ca* II arises from a low metastable state.

The data in column 5 of Table A are taken from the RMT, where, for stated reasons, a value  $12345 \times 10^{-8}$  cm was used for the constant  $\lambda_0$ , the wave length associated with one absolute volt. This figure expresses the ratio  $hc^2/e$  in terms of values for the fundamental constants that were accepted twenty-five years ago ( $h$ =Planck constant,  $c$ =velocity of light,  $e$ =charge on the electron). Extensive later investigations of the basic constants have been thoroughly discussed by R. T. Birge<sup>44</sup> in his treatment of the values of the constants and their combinations. The resulting authoritative value of  $\lambda_0$  is  $(12395 \pm 2) \times 10^{-8}$  cm. The small probable error, derived by Birge, shows that the later value of  $\lambda_0$  has little probability of further important modification. In any application of the E P in Table A, therefore, our tabulated numbers should be increased by 4 parts in 1000, if such an accuracy is significant.

In table 11 are collected the highest values of the lower E P observed in the spectrum of the solar disk for 23 neutral and 11 ionized elements. Data for E P and I P are from the RMT (or recent additions), wave lengths and intensities are from Table A, the RR, or our unpublished work. The final column gives the ratio low E P/I P.

Other factors being the same, the maximum low E P observable in the solar spectrum would probably be greater in a spectrum which has been fully observed and analyzed than in one less completely known. Despite a vast amount of labor and the resultant growth of knowledge, very few spectra are in fact completely investigated. For example, that of  $Fe I$  has probably received more study than any other rich spectrum, but hundreds of its weak lines have not yet been recorded in the laboratory although they occur in the solar spectrum. See section 2 above. Lists of such predicted lines are less complete for spectra of other elements. It follows that the maximum values of lower E P in table 11 may be somewhat lower than those that would have been found with the aid of comprehensive knowledge of all the spectra examined.

The few lines of strong or medium intensity in table 11 are associated with abundant elements; most of the intensities are low, as might be expected.  $Cu$  and  $Cr II$ , however, are represented in this table by lines of intensity 2, possibly for reasons suggested in the preceding paragraph.

Values of E P and I P for neutral atoms in table 11 appear to be correlated, but the greater atomic abundance of the light elements, for which ionization potentials are greatest, is probably responsible for the magnitude of their maximum observed low E P. The quantitative analysis of the solar atmosphere is still incomplete, but the outstanding abundance of  $H$ ,  $He$ ,  $C$ ,  $N$ ,  $O$ ,  $Mg$ , and

$Si$  is generally accepted, with  $H$  and  $He$  roughly 1000-fold greater than the other five elements. Among ionized elements, the last four in the table are probably several hundred-fold more abundant, on the average, than those

TABLE 11  
MAXIMUM OBSERVED LOW E P FOR SOLAR DISK SPECTRUM

Element	$\lambda$	Intensity	E P	I P	E P/I P
NEUTRAL ELEMENTS					
Y.....	6845.24	-3	2.36	6.5	0.36
Sc....	5258.35	-3	2.50	6.7	0.37
Sr....	6550.27	-1	2.68	5.67	0.47
V.....	5786.163	-2	2.72	6.76	0.40
Na....	12679.19	1N	3.60	5.12	0.70
Cu....	8092.640	2	3.80	7.69	0.49
Al....	8841.23	-1N	4.07	5.96	0.68
Ti....	5341.485	-2	4.31	6.81	0.63
Mn....	7326.456	0N	4.42	7.40	0.60
Ca....	10879.76	-3	4.86	6.09	0.80
Co....	8819.16	-2	5.13	7.84	0.65
Ni....	7220.786	-2	5.34	7.61	0.70
Fe....	11392.64	-1	5.75	7.86	0.73
Cr....	7908.14	-3N	5.60	6.74	0.83
Mg....	8346.13	9N	5.92	7.61	0.78
Si....	8898.99	1	6.20	8.11	0.77
P.....	9903.69	-3N	7.14	10.9	0.66
S.....	8884.24	-1	8.38	10.31	0.81
C.....	12614.20	4N	8.81	11.20	0.79
O.....	9265.96	2N	10.69	13.56	0.79
N.....	10113.28	-2	11.71	14.49	0.81
H.....	12818.23	20	12.04	13.54	0.89
He....	10830.38	5N	19.73	24.48	0.81
IONIZED ELEMENTS					
SrII...	3464.475	1	3.03	10.98	0.28
YII....	3053.248	-3	3.53	12.3	0.29
ScII...	3040.022	-2N	3.99	12.8	0.31
TiII...	2954.78	wk	4.29	13.6	0.31
VII....	5241.184	-3	4.50	14.1	0.32
CrII...	3044.230	2N	4.92	16.6	0.30
MnII...	3046.268	0N	5.38	15.16	0.34
FeII...	7334.62	-3	7.24	16.16	0.45
CaII...	5021.153	-3	7.48	11.82	0.63
MgII...	7877.13	0	9.95	14.97	0.67
SiII...	5978.919	-2N	10.03	16.27	0.67

preceding them. If to each tabular E P of an ion the I P of the corresponding neutral atom is added, the total excitation thus obtained shows nearly the same apparent correlation with the second I P as that mentioned above for neutral atoms. The abundance factor is probably determinative, however, throughout table 11.

## 10. FRACTION OF BACKGROUND RADIATION REMOVED BY SOLAR ABSORPTION LINES

The total absorption of photospheric radiation by the dark solar lines has been derived for five sections of the spectrum by summing the equivalent widths with the aid of table 4. For each section, counts were made of all lines in each intensity class that were known to be either solar or atmospheric. Other lines (all weak), whose assignment to the solar or to the atmospheric group could not be determined, were also counted and proportioned in the same ratio as those of known assignment. In this way a small correction was made to the solar counts.

Equivalent widths of solar lines with intensity less than 0 do not appear in table 4 because their measurements are influenced by systematic errors. From a graph of the calibration given in table 4 we estimate that equivalent widths of 9, 3, and 1.5 mÅ, respectively, correspond to intensities -1, -2, and -3. Fortunately, such estimates may be appreciably in error without greatly affecting the final results, which are given in table 12.

On the average, the solar lines between  $\lambda 6600$  and  $\lambda 8100$  trap about 1.5 per cent of the background radiation.

G. F. W. Mulders<sup>45</sup> reached a similar result for this spectral region even though a critical classification of the infrared lines as to their solar or terrestrial origin,

TABLE 12

FRACTION OF PHOTOSPHERIC RADIATION ABSORBED BY SOLAR LINES

Region	Range	Total absorption	Per cent absorption
$\lambda 6600-\lambda 6700$	100A	1.183A	1.18
6700- 6867	167	2.414	1.44
7126- 7333	207	3.759	1.82
7400- 7590	190	3.690	1.94
7800- 8090	290	3.484	1.20
			Mean 1.52

like that of Table A, had not been completed. This incomplete classification may account for the low value (0.6 per cent) found by Mulders at  $\lambda 7200$ , where we obtain 1.82 per cent.

## 11. COMPARISON OF TABLE A WITH THE UTRECHT PHOTOMETRIC ATLAS

It will be recalled that the Atlas was made from spectrograms obtained with the 150-foot tower telescope on Mount Wilson, and that Table A contains chiefly the results of observations made in Pasadena, combined with some data from the instruments on the mountain. As would be expected, the Atlas shows less telluric absorption than does Table A. In general the details of the solar spectrum, apart from atmospheric lines, are in excellent agreement in these independent descriptions. As the authors of the Atlas point out, the resolution of very close pairs of lines is better shown by visual examination of the spectrograms than by the registered curves. Separate wave lengths are often given in Table A for members of pairs which cannot be well measured in the Atlas. The occurrence of systematic errors in profiles of very weak lines was also pointed out by those authors, and is indicated by our measurements of equivalent width. Slight effects of lag in the galvanometer are shown in parts of the Atlas, and these, with some other instrumental effects, may account for slight imperfections in this remarkably accurate record.

The following comparisons of data from the Atlas and from Table A appear interesting, but they may not be conclusive. Between  $\lambda 6676$  and  $\lambda 6820$  Table A contains 27 very faint solar lines which are either missing from the Atlas or so feebly indicated as not to be called real lines unless otherwise verified. Near  $\lambda 8600$  a very few faint solar lines are found in Table A but not definitely shown in the Atlas. On the other hand, our plates have not shown a faint line at  $\lambda 8622.05$  that looks real in the Atlas.

A second-order solar spectrogram was made with the 75-foot spectrograph at the Hale Laboratory on a contrasty emulsion, processed to optimum density for visual observation of weak lines. Near  $\lambda 5390$  the wave lengths of 44 very faint lines were determined well enough to justify a search for them in the Atlas, which fails to show 6 of them, but does show 2 not found on our plate.

Tests of a more definitive nature could be devised for comparing the registering microphotometer and the eye, but we leave the topic, remarking again that the intensities of some weak solar lines may not be constant.

## 12. COMPARISON OF INFRARED SOLAR DATA WITH THE SPECTRA OF SOME OTHER STARS

In comparing tables of stellar data with Table A it is important to keep in mind the magnitude, in angstroms, of any velocity displacement that may have been present

on the spectrograms from which the stellar wave lengths were derived. Obviously, such displacements may sometimes fully reveal in a star a line which in the solar spec-

trum is obscured by telluric absorption, and vice versa. Unless attention is given to such details, the effects of telluric absorption in a stellar spectrum may appear to be inconsistent with the data in Table A, when in reality they are accordant within limits determined by the conditions of observation.

When stellar intensities are stated on an arbitrary scale, only relative values among them may be significantly compared with like quantities from the spectrum of the sun or of another star, unless the scales are alike.

We are indebted to Dr. W. S. Adams for unpublished results on the spectrum of  $\delta$  Ophiuchi (spectrum M0, dispersion 5 A/mm) obtained with the 100-inch telescope. From this rich spectrum his estimated intensities of 115 well identified lines are selected for comparison with Table A. Sixteen elements, with atomic numbers ranging from 8 to 40, are included in this comparison, for which

TABLE 13

EXCITATION POTENTIAL AND INTENSITY IN  $\delta$  OPHIUCHI AND IN THE SUN,  $\lambda 7574$  TO  $\lambda 8736$

No. lines	E P (volts)		Mean intensity			Slope, $\frac{\text{spot int.}}{\text{int. in star}}$
	Range	Mean	$\delta$ Oph	Spot	Disk	
22....	0 -1.50	0.84	13.7	5.9	0.5	0.4
46....	1.51-3.75	2.61	7.2	4.9	2.6	0.8
47....	3.76-9.48	4.95	3.8	4.0	5.0	2.0

the spectral limits are  $\lambda 7574$  and  $\lambda 8736$ . Although molecular spectra are prominent in  $\delta$  Ophiuchi, the chosen lines are probably not seriously affected by blending, and, as will appear, Adams' intensities are given on a scale closely resembling that of Rowland.

We arrange the lines in three groups according to their excitation potentials, as in table 13, where the columns are self-explanatory except the last. For each group of lines the individual intensities in  $\delta$  Ophiuchi were taken as abscissae, those from sunspot spectra as ordinates, to form a correlation curve. Although the dispersion of the points is considerable, a real correlation is evident, which is best represented in each group by a straight line. Slopes of such lines (final column, table 13) are nearly proportional to the average E P, and by interpolation show that Adams' intensities in  $\delta$  Ophiuchi are statistically equal to those of the same lines in sunspots when the E P is about 2.6 volts. Such a result appears accordant with the spectral type of  $\delta$  Ophiuchi. It has more sig-

nificance than is given by the direct comparison of the tabulated mean intensities, because the average values naturally conceal the details of the quantities averaged.

Unpublished data on the spectrum of  $\beta$  Pegasi (dispersion 5 A/mm, type M2) have kindly been made available by Dr. Dorothy Locanthi. The spectrograms studied by her were obtained with the 100-inch telescope by Dr. W. S. Adams. Although strong absorption bands due to  $TiO$  extend through much of this spectrum, many atomic lines are well identified. The intensities estimated by Mrs. Locanthi are expressed on an open scale in which -3 represents a line barely discernible and 85 is assigned to  $\lambda 8542$  of  $Ca II$ . From 183 lines ( $\lambda 6600$ - $\lambda 8838$ ) of  $Fe$ ,  $Ti$ ,  $Ni$ ,  $V$ , and  $Si$  we find a linear relation between the estimated intensity and the low E P, such that  $I = -7.2(E P) + 39$ , i.e., lines of low E P are here developed in great strength. Interesting exceptions to the general rule occur among some lines of  $Si$ ,  $Mg$ ,  $Zr$ , and  $Ti$ .

TABLE 14

EXCITATION POTENTIAL AND INTENSITY FOR LINES OF  $Fe$ , IN THE SUN AND IN  $\beta$  PEGASI

No. lines	Mean E P (volts)	Mean intensity		
		Disk	Spot	$\beta$ Pegasi
24.....	1.45	2	6	28
15.....	4.22	4.6	4.7	11

A further illustration of the prominence of lines of low E P, taken from the behavior of 39 lines of  $Fe$ , is shown in table 14. Although direct comparison of these solar and stellar intensities requires evaluation of the unit used by Mrs. Locanthi, table 14 shows that, if her scale is logarithmic like ours, the lines of low E P are much stronger in  $\beta$  Pegasi relative to those of high E P than they are in the sunspot spectrum.

J. L. Greenstein and P. W. Merrill<sup>46</sup> have studied the infrared spectrum of  $\nu$  Sagittarii (spectrum cApe) with a dispersion of 20 A/mm. From table 1 of their paper data for  $H$ ,  $N I$ ,  $O I$ ,  $Si I$ ,  $Fe II$ , and  $Mg II$  are selected for comparison in table 15 with intensities of the same lines in the spectrum of the solar disk.

It is evident that, among these selected lines,  $O I$  and  $Si I$  are stronger in the sun, relative to  $N I$ , than they are in  $\nu$  Sagittarii. For  $Fe II$  and  $Mg II$  the intensities are similar to those of  $N I$  in both spectra. The three  $H$  lines are weaker, relative to  $N I$ , in  $\nu$  Sagittarii than in the sun.

ns	means that a line is slightly nebulous on the shorter wave length side.
N	shows that the line is nebulous. This is not to be confused with <i>N</i> in the element column, where the meaning is obvious.
NN	characterizes lines that are exceptionally nebulous.
ob	means that the line is obliterated, as for certain lines in the spot spectrum.
tr	is occasionally used to designate unresolved triple lines.
w	indicates that the line is widened—a condition often observed in spot spectra when field strength and resolving power are insufficient to separate the Zeeman components.
( )	atmospheric lines of intensity 20 or more are enclosed in parentheses because they are expressed on a special scale, as explained in section 5.
blank	lines measured only in the spot spectrum are given no intensity in the disk, being either absent or indeterminate there.

### Element

<i>Fe</i> , etc.	chemical symbols are used to designate elements and compounds in their neutral states. Spectra of singly ionized elements are distinguished by the additional symbol <i>II</i> .
☉	denotes a line originating in the sun, but not yet identified as to chemical origin.
blank	a blank in the element column means that we do not know whether the line is solar or telluric.
—	accompanying a chemical symbol in the element column, a dash indicates the presence of an additional component of unknown chemical origin.
( )	the chemical symbol of a masked line is in parentheses.
underline	the chemical symbol of a dominant component in a blend is underlined.
?	any datum in Table A for which the evidence seems not conclusive is followed by a question mark, which qualifies only the one symbol immediately preceding it.

p	the chemical symbol of an element for which no line has been observed in the laboratory is followed by p to indicate that the combination principle predicts such a line. See section 8.
Atm	atmospheric. Within the range of Table A atmospheric absorption with resolvable fine structure is associated with water vapor and oxygen. Ozone has numerous diffuse bands in this range, but they are not known to show structure. Lines of atmospheric oxygen are designated <i>AtmO<sub>2</sub></i> . Other known telluric lines are marked <i>Atm</i> . See section 6.

### Excitation Potential

E P	this abbreviation is often used in the text, and is to be associated with the lower of the two potentials involved, unless the contrary is stated.
16-16 } 16-17 } 16-18 }	for lines of atmospheric oxygen, space is taken in the E P column to show which of the three isotopic forms of oxygen is the origin of the line.

### Definitions

Blend	a superposition of two or more lines, so compact that only one wave length can be obtained.
Core	lines of very great intensity often exhibit a comparatively narrow and very dark central region which may be distinguished from the wings and is known as the core.
Mask	a weak component in a blend is said to be masked when no evidence of its presence is discerned, but multiplet relations point to its occurrence.
Longward	in the direction of longer wave length.
Shortward	in the direction of shorter wave length.
Wings	are wide lateral extensions of very strong lines. In the sun they are usually symmetrical and structureless, and merge smoothly and gradually into the continuous background, except as broken by narrow absorption lines of independent origin.
RR	the Mount Wilson Revision of Rowland's Table. See no. 16 in bibliography.
RMT	the Revised Multiplet Table. See no. 40 in bibliography.



**TABLE A**  
INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6600.40	-3	Atm?		1	6627.32	-3	FeII	7.24 9.10	1
6600.81	-3	Atm?		1	6627.560R	2 0	Fe	4.53 6.39	
6601.14	-3	Fe p	4.97 6.84	1	6628.165R	-2NN	Atm?		
6601.48	-3	☉?			6628.973R	-2NN	☉ Atm?		
6601.98	-1	Atm			6629.390R	-3	Atm		
6602.134R	-1	Atm			6629.686R	-3	☉		
6602.45	-3	Atm?			6630.032R	-1 4	Cr	1.03 2.89	
6603.25	-3	Fe?p	3.63 5.49	1	6631.087R	-3	☉		
6603.43	-3	Atm		1	6631.773R	-3	Atm?		
6603.65	-3	Fe p	3.62 5.49	1	6632.029R	-3	☉		
6604.40	-3			1	6632.472R	-1 -1	Co	2.27 4.13	
6604.600R	2 1	ScII	1.35 3.22		6632.73	-3	☉?		1
6605.08	-3	Atm		1	6633.14	-3	Atm?		1
6605.574R	-1 1	Cr-	4.13 5.99		6633.427R	0 -1	Fe	4.81 6.67	
6605.924R	-2NN 3	V	1.19 3.06		6633.758R	4 3	Fe	4.54 6.40	
6606.75	-3	☉?		1	6634.123R	1 0	Fe	4.77 6.64	
6606.979R	-1 ob	TiII p	2.05 3.92		6634.59	-3N	☉?		1
6607.350R	-3	☉?			6634.763R	-3	Atm?		
6607.90	-1 2	V?	1.34 3.21	1	6635.137R	1 0	Ni	4.40 6.26	
6608.044R	1 2	Fe	2.27 4.14		6635.398R	-3	☉?		
6609.118S	5 6	Fe	2.55 4.42	30	6635.702R	-1 -3	Fe p	4.42 6.28	
6609.582R	-1 ON	Fe			6636.332R	-3	Cr	4.13 5.99	
6609.693R	-2 -1	Fe p	0.99 2.85		6637.24	0	☉		1,54
6610.079R	-3	☉			6638.076R	-3	☉		8
6610.754R	-3	Atm			6639.267	-3	Atm?		
6611.376R	-3	☉?			6639.40	-3NN	Fe?p	4.89 6.75	1
6611.96	-3	Atm		1	6639.717R	1 0	Fe p	4.59 6.45	
6612.237R	-3 -2	Cr	4.14 6.01	24	6639.897	0 1	Fe p	4.06 5.92	
6612.553R	-3d	Atm			6640.45	-3	Atm?		1
6612.98	-3NN	Atm?		1	6640.89	-3N	Atm?		1
6613.420	0 -1	☉			6642.272R	-3N	Atm?		
6613.73	ON -2N	YII	1.74 3.61	21	6642.53	-3	Atm?		1
6613.83	ONN 2	Fe p-	1.01 2.87	21	6643.00	-3	Cr	3.83 5.69	1
6614.13	-3	Atm?		1	6643.40	-3	Atm?		1
6614.71	-3	Atm?		1	6643.638S	6 8	Ni	1.67 3.53	
6615.01	-3	Fe p	4.45 6.32	1	6643.864R	-3	☉?		
6615.63	-3	☉?		1	6644.282R	-3N	☉		
6616.20	-3	☉?		1	6645.127R	-2d	EuII	1.37 3.23	
6616.83	-3	☉?		1	6646.071R	-3d?	Atm?		
6617.14	-3	Atm?		1	6646.20	-1	☉		
		Co?	4.46 6.32		6646.58	-3	Atm?		1
6617.27	-1	Sr	2.24 4.11		6646.966R	0 1	Fe	2.60 4.45	
6617.60	-3	☉?		1			(Fe)	4.42 6.27	
6617.743R	-3	☉?			6647.856R	-3	Fe p	3.23 5.08	
6618.349R	-3	☉?			6648.121R	-1 1W	Fe p	1.01 2.86	
6619.12	-3	Atm?		1	6648.691R	-3	Atm		
6619.588R	-3	☉?			6649.20	-3NN	☉		1
6621.11	2			1,54	6649.51	0	☉		1,54
6621.204R	-3	Ni	3.58 5.45		6650.60	-3	Atm		1
6622.402R	-3	Fe p	4.37 6.23		6651.132R	-3	☉		
6622.94	-3	Atm?		1	6652.361R	-3	☉		
6623.32	-3	Atm?		1	6652.976R	-3	☉		
6623.82	-3	Fe p	4.06 5.92	1	6653.67	-3	☉		1
6623.924R	-3	☉?			6653.911R	0 -1	Fe	4.14 5.99	
6624.368R	-3	☉?			6654.60	-3	Atm		1
6624.840R	-3N 1	V	1.21 3.08		6655.531R	-2	Atm ☉		
6625.039R	1 3	Fe	1.01 2.87		6656.36	-3	☉		
6626.267R	-2	Atm?			6656.65	-3	☉		1
6626.43	-3	Atm?		1	6656.82	-3	Atm		3



I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6657.43	-3	Atm?		1	6684.890R	-3	⊙		
6657.639R	-3	Cr?	4.14 5.99		6685.04	-3	⊙		1,40
6657.95	-3	Atm?		1	6685.66	-3	Atm?		1
6658.54	-3N	Atm?		1	6686.21	-3	Atm?		
6658.925R	-3	⊙?			6686.84	-3	Atm?		1
6659.55	-3	Atm		1	6687.508R	-2	Y	0.00 1.85	
6659.866R	-2	ob?			6687.74	-3	⊙?		1
6660.32	-3	Atm?		1,24	6687.96	-3	⊙?		1
6660.78	-3	Atm?		1	6688.90	-3	Atm		1
6661.081R	0	1	Cr	4.17 6.03	6689.30	-3	⊙?		1
6661.341R	-1	-2	Ni?	4.22 6.07	6690.38	-3	Atm?		1
6661.772R	-3		Atm?		6690.61	-3	⊙?		1
6662.580R	-3		⊙?		6690.825R	-2	Ni	3.62 5.46	
6663.01	-3		⊙?	1	6691.61	-3N	⊙		
6663.246R	1	-1	Fe	4.54 6.39	6692.304R	-3	⊙		
6663.448	6	8	Fe	2.41 4.27	6692.856R	-3	⊙		
6663.790R	-3				6693.48	-3	Atm?		1
6664.310R	-2		⊙?		6694.00	-3	Atm?		1
6665.06	-2N		⊙	1	6694.62	-3	Atm?		1
6665.27	-3N			1	6695.643R	-3N	Atm		
6665.39	-3		Fe	4.37 6.22	6696.032R	2	4	Al	3.13 4.97
6665.47		0	Fe p	1.55 3.40	6696.322R	0	-2	Fe p	4.81 6.66
				1	6696.69	-3		⊙?	1
6665.83	-3d?		Atm?		6696.827R	-3		⊙?	
6666.540R	-3	0	Ti	1.45 3.31	6697.406R	-2N		⊙	
6666.73	-3		Atm?		6698.00	-3		⊙	1,3
6667.23	-3		Fe?p	2.41 4.26	6698.669R	1	3	Al	3.13 4.97
6667.455R	-3	-2	Fe	2.44 4.29	6699.136R	0	0	Fe	4.57 6.42
6667.740R	-2	-1	Fe	4.56 6.42	6700.52	-3NN		⊙	1
6668.400R	-3	-1	⊙		6700.919R	-3		Ni	4.25 6.09
6668.801R	-3		⊙					Fe p	4.45 6.30
6669.310R	-2	-2	Cr	4.16 6.01					5.05 6.89
6669.66	-3		Atm		6701.377R	-3		⊙	
6669.97	-3		Atm		6701.74	-3		⊙?	1
6670.34	-3		Atm	1	6702.05	-3		Atm?	1
6671.09	-3		Atm?		6702.55	-3		⊙?	1
6671.82	-3d?		⊙?		6703.27	-3		⊙?	1
6672.675R	-3		⊙		6703.576R	2	3	Fe	2.75 4.59
6673.50	-3		Atm?		6704.041R	-3		⊙	
6673.88	-3		Fe p	4.71 6.56	6704.500R	-2	-1	Fe	4.20 6.04
6674.19	-3		⊙		6705.105	2	1	Fe	4.59 6.43
6675.44	-3		Atm	1					(4.93 6.77)
6676.89	-3		Fe p	4.54 6.39	6705.507R	-3		⊙?	
6677.24	-3	0	Ti	2.48 4.33	6706.75	-3		⊙	1
6677.54	-3		Fe p	3.20 5.05	6707.05	-3		⊙	1
				4.99 6.84	6707.449R	-2	-1?	⊙	24
6677.9978	8	9	Fe	2.68 4.53	6707.76	-3	3	Li	0.00 1.84
6678.576R	-3	-1	Ti p	2.24 4.09	6707.98	-3	1N	Li	0.00 1.84
6678.849R	-2		Co	1.95 3.80	6708.14	-3		Atm?	1
6679.58	-3NN	1	⊙	1,40,54	6708.32	-3		⊙	1
6680.155R	-1N	-2N	Cr	4.14 5.99	6708.80	ONN	ONN	⊙	1,24
6680.623R	-3d?		Atm?		6708.980	-3NN	ob.	⊙	
6681.30	-3		Fe p	4.37 6.21	6709.64	-3		Atm?	1
6682.24	-3		Fe p	4.06 5.91	6709.87		-1	Ca	2.92 4.76
6682.78	-3			1	6709.935R	-3			1
6683.32	-3		Atm	1	6710.323R	1	2	Fe	1.48 3.32
6683.69	-3		Atm?	1	6710.542R	-3		⊙	
6684.05	-3		Atm	1	6711.282R	-3		Fe?p	4.56 6.40

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6711.58	-3	⊙		1	6743.89	-3N	⊙		1
6711.847R	-3	⊙			6744.50	-3N	⊙		1
6712.467R	-3	Fe p	4.97 6.81		6745.113R	-1 -1	Fe	4.56 6.39	
6713.044R	1 ob	Fe	4.59 6.43	24	6745.547R	-2 1	Ti p	2.23 4.06	
6713.207R	-1 1	Fe	4.12 5.96	24	6745.984	-1 0?	Fe p	4.06 5.89	24
6713.745R	1 -1	Fe	4.77 6.61		6746.36		ON Ti?	1.88 3.71	
6714.25	-3N	Atm		1	6746.975R	-2	Fe p	2.60 4.43	
6714.80	-3N	Atm		1	6747.561R	-3NN	⊙?		
6715.386R	2 2	Fe	4.59 6.43		6748.139R	-3	⊙		
		(Cr)	4.16 5.99		6748.435R	-2N	Atm		
6716.252R	1 -2	Fe	4.56 6.40				Ti?	1.87 3.70	
6716.666R	-3 0	Ti	2.48 4.31		6748.779R	-3N	S	7.83 9.66	8
6717.00	-3	⊙		1	6748.870R	-2N	Cr	4.37 6.20	
6717.527R	ON ob?	Fe	4.59 6.43		6749.541R	-3	Fe p	3.63 5.45	
6717.687S	6 8	Ca	2.70 4.53		6749.88	-3	Atm?		1,3
6719.62	ON 1N	⊙		8	6750.164	5 6	Fe	2.41 4.24	
6720.77	-2N	⊙			6751.440R	-3N	Cr	5.25 7.08	
6721.46	-3	⊙?		1	6751.55	-3	Atm		1
6721.844R	3N ob			1	6752.43	-3	Atm		1
6722.74	-3N	Si?	5.84 7.67	1	6752.716R	2 0	Fe	4.62 6.45	
6723.29	-3	Atm		1	6753.470R	-2	Fe p	4.54 6.37	
6724.685R	-2 ob?	⊙			6754.44	-3NN	⊙?		1
6725.364R	1 0	Fe	4.09 5.92		6754.68	-3	Atm		1
6725.710R	-3	⊙			6754.939R	-2N	⊙		
6726.282	-3N	⊙	9.11 10.94		6755.605R	1 1	Fe		
6726.673R	3 2	Fe	4.59 6.42		6756.568R	-3	Fe?p	4.28 6.10	
6728.671R	-3	Atm			6757.08	-3	⊙?		1
6729.019R	-1 0	Fe			6757.195R	ONN ob	S-	7.84 9.66	8,24
6729.745R	-2	Atm			6757.680R	-3	Atm		
		Cr	4.37 6.20		6758.27	-3N	Atm		1
		Si?p	5.93 7.76		6758.897R	-3NN	⊙		
6730.307R	-2	Si?p	5.93 7.76		6759.46	-3	Ni?	4.22 6.04	1
6731.16	-3	Atm?		1	6760.34	-3N	Atm		1
6732.068R	-1 -1N	Fe	4.56 6.40		6761.011R	-3N	Fe p	4.56 6.39	
6732.669R	-3	Atm?			6761.55	-3			1
6733.153R	1 0	Fe	4.62 6.45		6762.156R	-3	⊙		
6733.531R	-3NN	⊙			6762.398R	-3 0	Zr	0.00 1.83	
6734.272R	-2NN	Cr?-	4.17 6.01				Cr?	5.26 7.08	
6734.67	-3N	Atm		1				5.26 7.08	
6735.025R	-3N	Fe p	4.42 6.25		6763.04	-3N	Atm		1
6735.456R	-3 0?	⊙		24	6763.690R	-3	⊙		
6735.847R	-3	⊙			6764.03	-3	⊙		2
6736.546R	-3	Fe p	4.28 6.11		6764.19	-3	Fe p	4.57 6.40	1
6737.28	-3	Fe p	3.25 5.08	3	6765.52	-3	Atm		1
6737.978R	1 1	⊙			6765.67	-3	Atm		1
6738.233	-2	⊙			6766.16	-3	⊙?		1
6738.62	-2	⊙?			6766.50		1N ⊙		
6738.828R	-1 ob?	⊙			6766.71	-3	⊙?		1
6739.21	-3	⊙		3	6767.784	6 7	Ni	1.82 3.64	
6739.524R	0 2	Fe	1.55 3.38		6768.28	-3	Atm?		1
6739.993R	-3NN	⊙			6768.83	-3	⊙		1
6740.46	-3NN	Atm		1	6769.682R	-3	Fe p	4.56 6.38	
6741.017R	-3NN	⊙			6770.46	-3	Atm		1
6741.629R	1N ob?				6770.97	1	Co	1.87 3.70	1
6742.284R	-3	⊙			6771.12	2	⊙		2
6742.565R	-3NN	Atm?			6771.904R	-3	Atm		
6742.90	-3NN	⊙?		1	6772.321R	3 3	Ni	3.64 5.46	
6743.127R	1 4	Ti	0.90 2.73		6773.37	-3NN	⊙		1,24
6743.575R	-2NN ob	S	7.83 9.66	8	6774.33	-3NN	LaII	0.13 1.95	1

## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6774.800R	-3NN	⊙			6804.61	-3	⊙		1
6776.28	-3	⊙		1	6804.878R	-3	Atm		
6776.50	-3	Atm		1	6805.106R	-3	Cr	3.83 5.64	
6777.15	-3	⊙		1	6805.44	-3	Atm		
6777.406R	-1	Fe	(4.12 5.95 4.17 5.99)		6805.752R	-3	Fe?p	4.56 6.37	
6777.775R	-3NN	⊙?			6805.90	-3	Atm		1
6779.61	-3	Atm		1	6806.856R	1	Fe	2.72 4.53	
6779.81	-3	Atm		1	6807.09	-3	Atm?		
6780.25	-3N	Atm		1	6807.54	-3N	Atm		
6780.925R	-3	⊙?		1	6807.893R	-3N	Atm		
6781.44	-3	Atm		1	6808.769R	-3N	Fe p	2.82 4.63	
6781.815R	-3	⊙			6809.27	-3	⊙		1
6782.219R	-2	⊙			6809.630R	-3	⊙		
6782.502R	-1N	⊙			6810.14	-3			1
6783.28	-3	Fe p	2.55 4.37	3	6810.267S	2	Fe	4.59 6.40	
6783.714R	0	Fe	2.58 4.40		6810.83	-3	Atm		1
6784.214R	-1NN	ONN			6811.02	-3	Atm		1
6784.77	-3			1	6811.56	-3	⊙		1
6785.060R	-2	⊙			6812.356R	-2N	⊙		
6785.76	-1N	Fe p	4.56 6.38		6813.00	-3	Cr	3.83 5.64	1
6785.88	-3N	Fe p	4.06 5.88	1	6813.54	-3	Fe?p	4.96 6.77	
6786.204	-3				6813.616R	-1	Ni	5.32 7.13	
6786.46	-2	Fe p	3.23 5.05		6813.911R	-3	Si?p	5.96 7.77	
6786.860R	1	Fe	4.17 5.99	24	6814.62	-3	Atm		1
6787.16	-3	⊙?		1	6814.83	-3	⊙?		1
6787.604R	-3N	Fe p	4.45 6.27		6814.961R	1	Co	1.95 3.76	
6789.154R	-3	Cr	3.83 5.65		6815.64	-3	Atm		1
6789.530R	-3NN	Atm			6815.96	-3	Atm		1
6789.960R	-3				6817.06	-3	Sc?		1
6790.322R	-3	Atm?					Atm		
6790.686R	-3	⊙?			6817.653R	-3	⊙		
6792.330R	-3NN	⊙?			6818.18	-3	Atm		1
6793.273R	0	2N	4.06 5.87		6818.38	-3N	Atm		1
6793.628R	1	0?			6819.49	-3	Fe p	3.00 4.81	1
		Y	0.07 1.88		6819.595R	0	Fe	4.09 5.90	24
6794.313R	-2	⊙			6819.847R	-3	Atm		
6794.623R	-2	Fe p	4.93 6.75		6820.374R	2	Fe	4.62 6.43	
6795.06	-3	Atm		1	6821.24	-3N	Atm		1
6795.428R	-3	YII	(1.73 3.55 1.71 3.53)		6822.042R	-3	Fe	(2.47 4.28 4.56 6.37)	
6795.798R	-2	⊙			6822.29	-3	Atm		1
6796.128R	0	Fe	4.12 5.94		6823.00	-3	⊙?		1
6796.490R	-3	Cr	4.38 6.20		6823.67	-3	⊙?		1
6796.814R	-3	⊙			6823.96	-3N	Atm?		1
6798.15	-3	Cr	3.83 5.65	1	6824.52	-3	⊙?		1
6798.467R	-2	Ca	2.70 4.51		6824.857R	-3	Fe p	4.97 6.77	
6798.888R	-3	⊙			6825.56	-3N	Atm		1
6799.05	-3N1	Mg p	5.73 7.54		6826.04	-3	⊙		1
6800.017R	-3N	Atm			6826.64	-3	Atm		1
6800.607R	0	⊙			6827.15	-3	⊙?		1
6801.202R	-3	Fe?p	3.27 5.08		6827.277R	-3			
6801.64	-3	Atm		1	6827.963R	-2	⊙		
6801.849R	-3	Fe p	1.60 3.42		6828.193R	-2	⊙		
6802.88	-3	Atm		1	6828.37	-3	⊙		1
6803.27	-3	Fe p	4.54 6.35	1	6828.596	3	Fe	4.62 6.43	
6803.854R	-3	Fe p	4.54 6.35		6829.041R	-3	⊙?		
6804.010R	1	Fe	4.63 6.45		6829.580R	-3	⊙		
6804.297R	0	Fe	4.56 6.38		6830.04	-3	⊙?		1
					6830.53	-3	Atm?		1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6830.846R	-3	Atm			6856.64	-3N	O?		1
6831.478R	-3	Fe?p	3.20 5.00		6856.87	-3	O?		1
6831.87	-3	O?		1	6857.251	1 0	Fe	4.06 5.86	
6832.18	-3	O?		1	6857.850R	-3	O		
6832.474R	-3	YII?	1.74 3.55		6858.155S	4 4	Fe	4.59 6.39	
6833.08	-3	O		1	6858.29	-3	YII?	1.73 3.53	1
6833.248R	0	ob?	Fe 4.62 6.42	24	6858.604R	-3	Atm?		
6833.592R	-3	O			6859.09	-3	O?		1,3
6834.11	-3	O?		1	6859.493R	-3	Fe p	2.83 4.63	
6834.34	-3N	O		1	6859.748R	-3	O		
6835.12	-3	Sc?		1	6860.099R	-3	Fe p	4.81 6.61	
6835.368R	-3NN	O		8	6860.327	-3	Fe	2.60 4.40	
6835.75	-3	O?		1	6860.80	-3	O		
6836.702R	-3	O			6860.953R	-2N	Fe	2.82 4.62	
6837.013R	1	ob?	Fe 4.57 6.38		6861.268R	-3	Ni?	5.34 7.14	
6837.39	-3	O		1	6861.50	-2 2?	Ti	2.26 4.06	
6837.98	-3N	Fe	4.54 6.37	1	6861.753R	-3	O		
6838.357R	-3N	O?			6861.945	0 2?	Fe	2.41 4.21	59
6838.798	1N	ob?	Fe		6862.496	2 2?	Fe	4.54 6.34	59
6839.20	-3	O		1	6862.858R	-3NN	O?		
6839.835R	1 2	Fe	2.55 4.35		6863.00	-3NN	O?		1
6840.443R	-3	Atm			6863.18	-3NN	O?		1
6841.19	-3N	Mg p	5.73 7.53	1	6863.41	-3NN	O?		1
6841.341	4 6	Fe	4.59 6.39		6863.787R	-3	O?		
6841.642R	-3	Fe p	5.08 6.89		6863.95	-3NN	O?		1
6842.043R	1	ob	Ni 3.64 5.45		6864.17	-3	Atm		1
6842.368R	-3	Si?p	5.96 7.76		6864.334R	-2N	Fe p	4.54 6.34	
6842.689R	2	ob?	Fe 4.62 6.42		6864.514R	-3	O?		
6843.164R	-2	O?			6864.945R	-3			
6843.655	4 3	Fe	4.53 6.33		6865.24	-3	O		1
6844.683R	-3N	Fe p	1.55 3.35	24	6865.443R	-3	O		
6845.22	-3 -1	Y	2.36 4.17	1	6865.645R	-3NN	O?		
		Atm			6866.01	-3NN	O?		1
6845.57	-3	O?		3	6866.342R	-3	Cr		
6845.98	-3	Fe p	4.54 6.34	1	6866.56	-3	O?		1
		Atm			6866.775R	-3N	O?		
6846.33	-3	O?		1	6867.05	-3	O?		1
6847.06	-3NN	O?		1	6867.187	4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6847.803R	-2N	Atm			6867.252	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	2
		Fe	4.24 6.04		6867.394	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6848.566R	ON	ob?	Si 5.84 7.64		6867.547	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6848.87	-3	Fe p	4.59 6.39	1	6867.856	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6849.302R	-3NN	O?			6868.105	11	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6850.08	-3	Atm		1,24	6868.239	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	26
6850.439	-1	Ni	3.66 5.46		6868.421	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6850.81	-3N	Atm?		1	6868.525	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6851.47	-3	O		1	6868.577		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6851.652R	-3	Fe p	1.60 3.40		6868.915	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	26
6852.28	-3	Atm		1	6869.096	11	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6852.722R	-3	Atm			6869.567	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6853.20	-3	Atm		1	6869.627	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6853.50	-3	O?		1	6869.887	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6853.851R	-3NN	O?			6870.007	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6854.332R	-2	O			6870.330	-4N	Atm		
6854.538R	-3	O			6870.620	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6854.850	-2	ob?	Fe 4.57 6.37		6870.819	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6855.166	5 6	Fe	4.54 6.34		6870.946S	13	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6855.723R	0 0	Fe	4.59 6.39		6871.285	15	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	
6856.13	-3NN			1,3	6871.872	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 1, 0	

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6872.247	14	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	26	6886.303	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6872.44	-3N	Co	2.00 3.80	1	6886.372	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	26
6872.843	16	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6886.476	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6873.392	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6886.579	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	26
6873.798	14	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6886.743	15	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	
6874.114	-4d?	Atm			6887.000	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	26,27
6874.653	16	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6887.154	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	
6875.190	-4	Atm			6887.196	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6875.45	-2	Fe	2.44 4.24	1	6887.476	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	43
6875.590	14	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6887.564	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6875.995	-2	Fe	4.17 5.96		6887.75	-3NN	Zr O?		1,43
6876.38	-2	⊙			6888.000	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	26,27
6876.715	14	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6888.323	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	
6876.972	-3	Atm			6888.457	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6877.177R	-3d?				6888.612	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6877.637	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27	6888.948	15	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27
6877.991	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	3,26	6889.271	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6878.215	-4	Atm			6889.585	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6878.315	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6889.903	17	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27
6878.436	-4d?	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6890.10	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6878.630	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	3	6890.240	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6879.041	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27	6890.760	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6879.265R	-3				6890.948	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6879.393	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6891.352R	-3N	Atm?		
6879.481	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6891.593	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6879.55	-3	Fe p	3.25 5.05	1	6891.719	-3nl	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
			4.45 6.25				⊙		
6879.928S	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27	6892.369	17	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	
6880.08	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	2	6892.57	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	1,26
6880.446	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6893.309	19	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27
6880.637	0	Fe	4.14 5.93		6893.40	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	1,26
6880.757	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6894.379	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	27
6881.054	-3N	Fe p	4.63 6.43		6894.451	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6894.89	-3N	Mg p	5.73 7.52	1
6881.160	-3	⊙			6895.382	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	27
6881.463	0	Fe			6895.521	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6895.73	-4	Atm		1
6881.716	1	27 Cr	3.42 5.22		6896.037	18	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,17 1, 0	24	6896.445	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	27
6882.277	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6896.664	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6882.447	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6896.965	20	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	
6882.502	2	3 Cr	3.42 5.22		6897.27	-2N	⊙?		
6882.83	-4	Atm		1	6897.352	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	
6883.070	2	4 Cr	3.42 5.22		6897.562	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6883.108	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6897.688	-4	Atm		
6883.230	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6897.886	-3	Atm		
6883.371	-3N	⊙?			6897.946	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	
6883.833	11	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6898.307	0	ob? Fe	4.20 5.99	24
6884.041	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	26	6898.918	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	
6884.45	-3N			1	6899.500	-4	Atm		
6885.004	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	26	6899.596	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	
6885.279	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	26	6899.954	17	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	
6885.349	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	26	6900.543	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	
6885.477	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0		6900.868	19	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	
6885.754	13	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	27	6901.271	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	27
		(Fe)	4.63 6.42		6901.533	-4	Atm		
6886.048	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0		6901.607	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	
6886.131	-4	Atm			6901.950	-4N	Atm		2
6886.209	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0	26	6902.230	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17 1, 0	

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or Band	Data			Disk	Spot		or Band	Data	
6902.620	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6917.505	-1		Atm			
6902.874	1	ob	Fe			60				(Fe p)	4.54	6.32	
6903.040	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	27	6917.815	-4		Atm			
6903.149	-4		Atm				6918.1228	8		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	27
6903.788	-4		Atm				6918.429	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6903.828	-4		Atm				6918.592R	-3N		⊙?			
6904.117	15		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	27	6919.0028	8		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	
6904.531	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6919.327	-2		Atm			27
6905.023	17		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	27				Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6905.317	-2		⊙				6919.77	-3NN		CN?		2, 0	40
6905.494	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6919.97	-4		Atm			
6905.786	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17	1, 0		6920.149	-4		Atm			
6906.000	0		Atm ⊙?							Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17	1, 0	11
6906.059	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6920.168	-2		Fe p	4.59	6.37	60
6906.27	-2N		⊙			1	6920.274	-2N		⊙?			
6906.60	-4		Atm			1	6920.426	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6906.728	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17	1, 0		6920.672	-4		Atm			
6906.830	-4		Atm				6920.900	-3		Atm			
6907.023	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6921.168	-4		Atm			
6907.39	-4N		Atm				6921.338	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6907.655	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	27	6921.577	-2N		Atm			
6908.28	-4		Atm							(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,17	1, 0	
6908.534	12		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	27	6921.924	-2		Atm			
6909.32	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6922.243	-2		⊙			11
6909.431	13		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	27	6922.260	-4		Atm			
6910.250	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6922.478	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	27
6910.648	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17	1, 0		6922.661	0		Atm ⊙?			
6910.728R	-3NN		⊙?				6923.286	6		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	17
6911.015	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6923.369	-2		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6911.369	-1		Atm							Atm			
6911.522	0		Fe	2.41	4.20		6923.756	-3		Cr?p	4.40	6.18	2
			(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,17	1, 0		6923.86	-4		Atm			
6911.952	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,17	1, 0	
6912.27	-3NN		⊙				6924.164	6		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	18
6912.45	-2NN		Fe?p	2.83	4.62		6924.25	1?		Cr	3.43	5.22	
6912.73	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17	1, 0		6924.450	2		Atm			
6912.786	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6924.597	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6913.200	10		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0		6924.820	-3		Atm			
6913.371	-3		Atm							(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,17	1, 0	
6913.615	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,17	1, 0		6925.149	-4		Atm			
6913.713	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6925.280	1	3	Cr	3.43	5.22	
6914.090	10		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	28	6925.497	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6914.26	-3		Atm			3				Atm			
6914.564	6	9	Ni	1.94	3.73		6926.097	-1	0	Cr	3.43	5.22	
			(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18	1, 0		6926.385	-3		Fe p	4.56	6.35	31
6914.80	-4		Atm				6926.567	-1		Atm			
6915.004R	-3N		⊙?				6926.767	2		Atm			
6915.19	-3NN		Fe?			1				(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18	1, 0	
6915.43	-4		Atm				6926.91	-2		Atm			1
6915.533	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6927.120	-3		Atm			
6915.670	-3		Atm				6927.261	-3		Atm			
			(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,17	1, 0		6927.675	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0	
6915.887R	-2N		Atm				6927.89	-3		⊙?			1
6916.475	-3		Atm				6928.330	-3N		Ni?	3.68	5.46	3
			Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0		6928.491	-3		Atm			
6916.686	4	2	Fe	4.14	5.92	24	6928.7288	5		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16	1, 0	
6917.018	-3		⊙				6928.88	-3		⊙			1,3
			(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,17	1, 0		6929.091	3		Atm			
6917.409	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18	1, 0					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18	1, 0	

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6929.310	5	Atm			6942.84	-2NN	Fe?p	4.12 5.90	
6929.599	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6943.18	-3NN	⊙		
6929.839	4	Atm			6943.637	-3	Fe?p	5.37 7.15	
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18 1, 0		6943.803	10	Atm		
6929.938	1	Atm			6943.94	-3	Atm?		1
6930.384	-3NN	Fe?p	4.54 6.32		6944.384	-4	Atm		32
6930.605	3	Fe	4.56 6.34		6944.815	-4	Atm		
		<u>Atm</u>			6945.210	5 5	Fe	2.41 4.19	
6930.837	-3	Atm			6945.520	-3NN	⊙		
6931.103	-3N	⊙			6945.900	-2NN	⊙?		
6931.323	6	Atm			6946.330	-3NN	Co?	2.27 4.05	
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18 1, 0		6946.590	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	
6931.769	4	Atm			6946.728	-4	Atm		
6932.042	3	Atm			6947.139R	-3			
6932.150	3d?	Atm ⊙			6947.45	12ns	<u>Atm</u>		
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18 1, 0				Fe	(4.56 6.34 4.57 6.35)	
6932.498R	-3	Atm			6947.64	3	Atm		
6932.757R	-3	Atm					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 1, 0	
6933.026	0 -2N	Fe	4.17 5.95 24		6947.879	-3	⊙?		
6933.163	-3N	⊙			6948.174	-4	Atm		
6933.467	1	Atm			6948.979	4	Atm		
6933.605	3d	<u>Atm</u>			6949.086	4	Atm		
		Fe	(2.42 4.20 4.12 5.90)		6949.782	-2N	<u>Atm</u> ⊙		31
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18 1, 0		6949.921R	-3N	Atm?		
6933.817	5	Atm			6950.749	5	Atm		
6934.058R	-3	Atm?			6951.237	6	Atm		
6934.201R	-3	Atm?					Fe	(4.54 6.31 4.54 6.31)	
6934.422S	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6951.584	-4	Atm		
6934.531	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0		6951.656	-1	Fe	4.26 6.04	
6934.886R	-3	Atm			6952.228	-4	Atm		
6935.113	1N	Atm			6952.33	ON	1N? ⊙ Atm		31
6935.280	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6952.920	-4	Atm		
6935.422	-3	Atm			6953.057	1N	-1N Fe p-	3.59 5.36	
6935.818	1	Atm			6953.072	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	11
6936.066	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0		6953.576	5	Atm		
6936.496	-1	Fe p	4.59 6.37		6953.776	2	Atm		
6936.962	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0 3		6953.912	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0	
6937.25	-3NN -2NN	⊙		3	6954.014	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6937.703	9	Atm			6954.22	-3	⊙?		1
6937.928R	-3	Atm			6954.494	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6938.199	-2	Atm			6955.040	-1	ob? Ni	3.69 5.46	11
6938.269	4	Atm					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1	
6938.548	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,18 1, 0 3		6955.241	-3	Atm		
6938.737	-2NN	⊙					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1	
6939.277	-3NN	⊙?		3	6955.433	-4	Atm		
6939.613	8	Atm			6955.521	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,18 1, 0		6955.641	0	Atm		
6939.738	-2	Atm			6955.818	-4	Atm		
6940.192	11	Atm			6956.214	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1 26	
6940.375	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6956.401	10	Atm		
6940.72	-3NN	⊙?			6956.487	4	Atm		
6940.998	0	Atm			6957.009	-4	Atm		
6941.218	5	<u>Atm</u>			6957.204	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6957.404	-1	Atm		
6941.356	-4	Atm					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1	
6942.153	8	Atm			6957.554	-4	Atm		
6942.372	5	Atm			6957.703	-3N	⊙?		
6942.488	-4	Atm							

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6957.986	-4	Atm			6976.24	-2	ob Fe	4.62 6.39	
6958.247	-4d?	Atm					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1	
6958.462	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6976.504	2	-2 Si	5.93 7.70	
6958.936	-3	Atm			6976.708	-4	Atm		
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1		6976.908	-1	Fe	4.56 6.33	
6959.4525	9	Atm			6977.466	2	2 <u>Atm</u>		
6959.812	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0				Fe	4.57 6.34	
6959.946	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6978.045R	-3	⊙		
6960.330	-1	ob? Fe	4.57 6.35 11		6978.383	4	6 Cr	3.45 5.22	
6960.476	-4	Atm			6978.740	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6960.647	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6978.8625	6	7 Fe	2.47 4.24	
6960.746	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6979.156	-3	Fe p	2.82 4.59	
6960.89	-4	Atm			6979.251	-2	Atm		3
6961.2608	11	Atm			6979.596	-3	Atm		
6961.707	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6979.705	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6961.808R	-3N	⊙?			6979.806	2	5 Cr	3.45 5.22	
6961.946R	-3N	Atm?			6980.369	-3	⊙?		
6962.085	-4	Atm			6980.910	-2	-1? Cr	3.45 5.22 24	
6962.562	-3N	⊙?			6981.464	3d	Atm-		
6962.804	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6981.601R	-2	⊙		
6963.01	-3N	Fe p	4.17 5.94 1		6981.946	-3	⊙?		
6963.622	-1	Atm			6982.285	-3	⊙?		
6963.773	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6982.501	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6964.275	-4	Atm		3	6983.452	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6964.538	5	Atm			6983.52	-3N	Fe?p	4.57 6.34	
6965.052	0	Atm			6984.114	-3	⊙		
6965.408	-1N	ob Mg p	5.73 7.50		6984.606R	-3	⊙ Atm?		
6965.925	-3N	⊙			6984.936	1	Atm		
6966.837	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6985.512R	-3	Atm?		
6967.650	-4nl	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 1, 0		6985.690	-4	Atm		
6967.743	-4	Atm			6985.812	-1	⊙?		
6967.999	-2NN	⊙?			6986.087	-3NN	⊙?		
6968.265	-3N	⊙?			6986.5795	8	Atm		
6968.582	-3NN	⊙?					(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1	
6969.015	-4	⊙?Atm			6987.482	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6970.055	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6987.731	-3	Atm		
6970.495	1	-1 Fe p	3.00 4.77		6987.866	ON	Atm		
6970.874	4	Atm			6988.272R	-3N	⊙?		
6971.136	-2	Atm			6988.403	-4	Atm		
6971.367	-4	Atm			6988.533	2	4 Fe	2.39 4.16	
6971.51	-3	⊙		1	6988.9865	8	Atm		
6971.799	0	ob? Atm ⊙?			6989.561R	-3	⊙		
6971.917	0	1? Fe	3.00 4.77		6989.72	-3	Fe p	4.59 6.35 1	
		(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1		6990.073	-3	⊙?		3
6972.298	-4	Atm			6990.370	2	Atm		
6972.428	-4	Atm			6990.839	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1	
6973.027	-4d	Atm			6991.026	0	Atm		
		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6991.804	0	Atm		
6973.374	-2	Atm		3			(Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	16,16 2, 1	
6974.03	-4	Atm		1	6991.907	-4	Atm		
6974.489	-3	Atm			6992.16	-3	Atm		1
6974.763	-2	Atm			6992.40	-3	Atm		1
6974.943	-4	Atm			6992.846	0	Atm		
6975.239	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16,16 2, 1		6993.521	4	Atm		
6975.440	2	-1 Fe			6994.05	-3			1
6975.754	-3NN	⊙?			6994.110R	3	Atm		
6976.023	-4	Atm			6994.371R	-2N	⊙?		
6976.129	-3	Atm			6994.622	-2	⊙?Atm		



I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
6994.83	-3	Atm?		1	7013.816R	-3	Atm		
6994.958	-3	Atm			7014.08	-3	Atm		1
6995.378	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 2, 1		7014.28	-3	Atm?		1
6996.310	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16.16 2, 1		7014.546R	-3	⊙		
6996.634	-3	-1N Ti	2.32 4.09		7014.996	0 0	Fe	2.44 4.20	24
6997.080	-3	Fe p	4.93 6.70	3	7015.295	0	Atm		
6997.811R	-3N	⊙?			7015.536R	-3	Atm		
6998.012	0 3	Atm ⊙			7015.77	-3	Atm		1
6998.236R	-3	⊙?			7015.915R	0	Atm		
6998.718	0	Atm			7016.067R	4 5	Fe	2.41 4.17	
6998.962	5	Atm			7016.442	8ns 8	Fe	4.14 5.90	
6999.228R	-3	Atm					Atm		
6999.563R	-3	Atm			7016.62	-1N	Co	2.00 3.76	1, 5
6999.885	4 4	Fe	4.09 5.85	24	7016.72	ON	⊙		1
7000.291R	-3	⊙			7017.312R	0 ob?	Si	5.85 7.60	24
7000.623	0 -1	Fe	4.12 5.89		7017.45	0	Atm		1
7000.865R	-3	Atm			7017.666	1N ob?	Si	5.85 7.60	
7001.215R	-3	⊙			7018.06	-3N	⊙		1
7001.551	-1 ON	Ni	1.93 3.69		7018.79	-2	Atm		
7001.92	-3	Atm?		1	7019.10	-1N	⊙		1
7002.128	0	Atm			7019.356	1	Atm		
7002.62	-3	Atm			7020.14	-2d?	⊙		
7003.574	5N 4N	Si	5.94 7.70		7020.63	-1	Atm		
7003.977R	-3N	⊙			7020.83	-1	Atm		
7004.314	1	Atm			7021.54	-2	⊙?		
7004.41	-3	Atm		1	7022.035R	-3N	Atm?		
7004.745	5	Atm			7022.385R	-1	Fe p	4.28 6.04	
7005.119	-1	Atm			7022.52	-1	Atm		
7005.37	-3	Atm			7022.9575	4 6	Fe	4.17 5.93	
7005.61	-2	Atm			7023.5048	5	Atm		
7005.900	4 1N	Si	5.96 7.72	60	7023.73	-2	Atm		
7006.156	-2	Atm			7024.065	1 0	Fe	4.06 5.82	
7006.31	-3	Atm		1	7024.392R	-3			
7006.62	-3	Atm		1	7024.644	2 1N	Fe	4.54 6.30	
7006.72	-3	Atm		1	7024.86	1 1	Ni	4.52 6.28	
7006.876	-1N	Atm			7025.58	-3	⊙?		1, 24
7007.115	-1N	Atm			7025.75	-3	⊙?		1
7007.52	-3	Atm?		1	7026.18	-3	Atm		1
7007.68	-3	Atm?		1	7026.394	0	Atm		
7007.976	1 ob?	Fe	4.16 5.92	24	7026.61	ON	Atm		
7008.265	-1 ON	Atm			7026.937	1	Atm		
		Ti	2.32 4.09		7027.12	-3	Atm		1
7008.42	-3	Atm?		1	7027.4785	5	Atm		
7009.22	-3				7027.65	-3	Fe	4.56 6.32	1
7009.32	-2	Atm		1			Atm?		
7009.64	-3	Atm?		1	7027.859	0	Atm		
7009.838	1	Atm			7028.196R	-3	⊙?		
7010.306	-1N ob?	Fe	4.56 6.32	24	7028.59	-1	Fe p-	3.06 4.81	
7010.62	-3	Atm					Ni p	3.69 5.45	
7010.71	-3	Atm			7029.05	1N 1N	⊙		24
7010.936	0 2	Atm			7029.712R	-3	⊙?		
		Ti	2.32 4.08		7030.021	1 0	Ni	3.53 5.28	
7011.207	-1	Atm		1	7030.386R	-3	Atm		
7011.323	6	Atm			7030.68	-2N	Atm		1
7011.869R	-3	⊙?			7030.944R	-3	Atm		
7012.229R	-3	Atm			7031.09	-2	Fe p	4.63 6.39	1
7012.612	2N1 ob	⊙			7031.40	-3N	Fe p	4.97 6.72	1
7013.31	-2	Atm			7031.74	-3	Atm?		1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident.	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7032.09	-3	☉?		1	7053.85	-3	☉?		1
7032.319	1N 0	☉			7054.000	-2	Co	2.71 4.46	
7032.51	-3	Atm		1	7054.58	-1	Atm		1,40
7033.57	-3NN	☉?		1	7054.706	0	Atm		
7034.090	-2	Fe p	4.54 6.29		7055.04	-2	☉?		1
			4.59 6.34		7055.80	-3	Atm		1
7034.380	-2 -2?	Ni	3.53 5.28		7055.927	2N ob?	☉		
7034.910S	5 3	Si	5.85 7.60	60	7056.30	-3	Atm		1
7035.856R	-3 -2N	Ti	3.13 4.88		7056.474R	-3	☉?		
7036.96	-3	Fe p	2.21 3.97	1	7056.65	-3	☉?		1
7037.196	1	Atm			7056.997	3	Atm ☉		
7037.38	-1	Ni?	5.47 7.22	1	7057.544R	-3	Atm		
7037.534	3	Atm			7057.92	-2	Fe p	3.64 5.39	
7037.98	-3N	☉			7058.20	-1	Atm		
7038.220	4 5	Fe	4.20 5.95		7058.632	-2	Atm		
7038.765	2 3	Fe	4.24 5.99		7059.06	-3	☉?		1
		Ti	2.33 4.09		7059.24	-3	☉?		1
7039.284	1	Atm			7059.47	-2			1
		(Ti)	3.14 4.89		7059.64	-2	Atm		1
7039.793	7	Atm			7060.00	-2	Atm		
7040.587R	-3	Atm			7060.446	2N1 2?	Atm		
7040.81	-3N	☉?		1			Mg p	5.73 7.48	
7041.095	-3	Atm			7060.80	-3			1
7041.751	1	Atm			7061.35	-3			1
7042.13	-3	Atm		1	7061.507	1	Atm		
7042.44	-3	Atm?			7061.79	-3	Atm?		1
7042.96	-3	Atm		1	7062.31	-3	Atm		1
7043.40	-3	☉?		1	7062.473R	-3	☉?		
7043.74	-3	Atm		1	7062.79	-3	Atm		1
7043.990R	-3	☉?					Fe p	4.97 6.71	
7044.50	-1	Atm			7062.978R	1 1	Ni	1.94 3.69	
7044.65	-1	Fe	4.93 6.69	24	7063.19	-3			1
7044.93	-3	☉?		1	7063.36	0 ob?	☉?		1
7045.038R	-3	☉?			7063.483	3 ob	-Ni?	4.52 6.27	
7045.233	-1	☉?			7064.12	-3	Atm		
7045.44	-2N	☉?		1	7064.64	-1N	Atm		
7045.781R	-3N	☉?			7064.88	-3	Atm		1
7045.99	-3	Atm?		1	7065.08	-3 -1			1,56
7046.50	-3	Atm?		1	7065.24	-2N	He?	20.87 22.62	1,56
7046.863	2	Atm			7065.642	3	Atm		
7047.08	-2d?	☉?		1	7065.74	-3N	He?	20.87 22.62	1,56
7047.349	-2	Atm			7065.91	-3			1
7048.00	-3	Atm			7066.218R	0 ob?	LaII	0.00 1.75	
7048.22	-3	Atm					Fe p	4.97 6.71	
7048.68	-3	Atm		1	7066.29	-1N	Atm		1
7048.996	-3N	Atm			7066.60	-3	Atm?		1
7049.41	-3	Atm		1	7066.933R	0	Atm		
7050.50	0	Atm			7067.04	-1	Atm		1
7050.78	-3 -1	Ti	2.33 4.09	1	7067.460	Ons -2	FeII		
7050.853	4	Atm			7067.83	-3	Atm		1
7051.22	-3	Atm			7068.07	-1	Fe p	4.97 6.71	1
7051.72	-3N	☉?		1	7068.423	4 ob?	Fe	4.06 5.80	10
7051.85	-3N	☉?		1	7068.64	0 ob?	Fe p	4.89 6.64	24
7052.34	-3			1	7068.84	-3	☉?		1
7052.404	1	Atm			7069.06	-2 -1	Ti	3.17 4.91	
7052.60	0	Atm		1	7069.54	-2	Fe	2.55 4.29	
7052.776	3	Atm			7069.80	-3	Atm		1
7052.87	2 4	Co	1.95 3.70		7070.10	-3 -1	Sr	1.84 3.58	1
7053.484	-3	Atm			7070.35	-3	☉?		1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7070.663R	-2	☉ Atm			7090.92	-3	CN?	3, 1	1,40
7071.63	-3	Atm		1	7091.18	-2	☉		
7071.866	1N	ob Fe	4.59 6.33		7091.363R	-3	☉		
7072.07	-2	Atm		1	7091.942	0	1 Fe	4.93 6.67	
7072.46	-2	Atm						4.93 6.67	
7072.80	-2	ob? Fe p	4.06 5.80	24	7092.31	-3	Atm?		1
7073.21	-3	☉?		1	7092.59	-3	Atm?		1
7073.49	-2	Atm			7092.848	-1	☉		
7073.618R	-2	Atm			7093.09	0	Ob? Fe p	4.54 6.28	24
7074.50	-3N	ob? Fe p	4.59 6.33	1	7093.34	-3N	☉?		
		Atm?			7093.68	-3	☉?		3
7074.90	-2	Atm			7094.05	-1	Atm		
7075.08	-3	Atm		1	7094.334	-2N	Fe p	3.56 5.30	
7075.27	-3	Atm		1	7094.76	-3	Atm?		1
7075.43	-3	Atm		1	7095.01	-2	Atm		
7075.63	-3	Atm			7095.18	-3			1
7075.89	-3	Atm?		1	7095.407	2	ob? Ni?	5.26 7.00	
7076.10	-3	Atm?					Fe	4.19 5.93	
7076.34	-3	Atm		1	7095.58	-3	Atm		1
7076.52	-3	Atm?		1	7095.859	-2	Atm		
7076.815R	-3	Atm?			7096.383R	-3	Atm		
7077.22	-3	Atm		1	7096.63	-3	☉?		1
7077.61	-3	Atm		1	7096.99	-3	☉?		1
7077.81	-1N	Atm			7097.123	1N	☉ Atm		
7078.05	-3	Atm?		1	7097.666	-3	Atm		
7078.252	1	Atm			7097.76	-1?	Zr	0.68 2.42	24
7078.841	1	Atm			7098.02	-3NN	Atm		1
7079.27	-1N	Fe p	4.89 6.64	1	7098.63	-3	Atm?		1
7079.51	-3	Atm		1	7098.80	-3	Atm?		1
7079.591	1	Atm			7098.91	-2N	Atm		
7079.89	-3	Atm		1	7099.22	-3			1
7080.970	1	0 ☉ Atm			7099.38	-3			
7082.168R	-2N	-1N ☉			7099.540R	-3			
7082.480	-2	Atm			7100.130	ON	-1? Atm-		
7082.827R	-3N	-2N ☉					Fe? p	2.72 4.45	
7083.394	2	-1 Fe	4.89 6.63		7100.68	-1	Atm		
7083.716R	-3				7101.09	-3			1
7083.960	1	-1			7101.31	-3	Fe p	2.19 3.93	1
7084.254R	-3	-1 Ti p	1.42 3.17		7101.59	-2	Atm		
7084.656	-1N	☉			7101.69	-3	Atm		1
7084.975	3	2? Co	1.87 3.62		7101.96	-3	Atm		
		Atm?			7102.279	0	Atm		
7085.533R	-3	☉			7102.89	-3N	-1 Zr	0.65 2.39	1
7086.03	-3	Atm?		1	7103.150	0	1n1 Atm		
7086.319	-2	Atm					Fe p	2.42 4.16	
7086.730	2	ob Fe	3.59 5.33		7103.47	-3			
			5.06 6.81		7103.80	-3	-1 Zr	0.62 2.36	1
7087.35	-2N			1,24	7103.90	-3N			1
7087.59	-3	☉		1	7104.39	-3			1
7087.822R	-2	☉?		40	7104.71	-3	Atm?		1
7088.154	3	Atm			7105.08	-3	Atm?		1
7088.23	-3			1	7105.28	-3	Si? p	6.06 7.79	1
7088.64	-3	Atm		1	7105.61	-3	☉?		1
7088.80	-3	Atm?		1	7105.87	-3	Fe p	4.17 5.91	1
7089.04	-3	Si? p	6.05 7.79		7106.164	0	Atm		
7089.71	-2N	Atm			7106.44	-1	Atm ☉		
		Fe? p	4.56 6.31		7107.01	-2			
7090.390	4	4 Fe	4.21 5.95		7107.25	-3	Fe p	5.00 6.74	1
7090.69	-3	☉		1	7107.468	1	2 Fe	4.17 5.90	24

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7107.65	-3			1	7127.573	2 -1	Fe p	4.97 6.70	
7107.909R	-3				7127.76	-1	⊙		1
7108.109R	-3N	Atm?			7128.150	0	Atm		
7108.92	-2NN	⊙?		1,9	7128.528R	-3	Atm		
7109.06	1	Atm?		1	7129.129	0	Atm ⊙		42
7109.23	-3			1	7129.23	-2	Fe?p	4.57 6.30	1
7109.32	-3			1	7129.47	-2	Atm?		1
7109.70	-3	Fe p	4.59 6.32	1	7129.87	Od	Atm?		
7109.96	-3			1	7130.12	-3d?			1
7110.14	-3			1	7130.64	-2	⊙		
7110.33	-3				7130.925	6 6	Fe	4.20 5.93	
7110.46	-3				7131.360	-2	⊙		
7110.905	2 1	Ni	1.93 3.66		7131.63	-3			1
7111.14	-3	Atm?		1	7131.82	-3	Atm?		
7111.450	-1nl	⊙			7132.21	-3			
7111.94	-2 -3	⊙		24	7132.985	2 1	Fe	4.06 5.79	
7112.170	1 1	Fe	2.98 4.71		7133.389	-2	⊙		
7112.732R	-3	Atm?			7134.116	1	Atm		
7113.171	1N ob	⊙			7134.32	-3N	Co?	4.04 5.77	1
7113.422R	-3				7134.61	-3	Atm?		1
7113.592R	-3				7135.03	-3N	Atm		
7113.90	-3	Atm?			7135.58	-3	Atm		1
7114.041R	-3N				7135.83	-2N	Atm		
7114.175R	-3	Atm?			7136.56	-3N	Atm		
7114.574	0 ON	Fe p	2.68 4.42		7137.21	-2	Atm		1
7115.05	-3	⊙		1	7137.469	1	Atm		
7115.17	1N ob	⊙		24	7137.88	-3	Atm		1
7115.33	-3	Fe?p	4.59 6.32		7138.08	-2	O? Ti p	1.42 3.15	1
7115.47	-2	Atm			7138.926	-1 4	Ti	1.44 3.17	1
7115.66	-3	Atm?			7139.20	-3	Atm?		1
7116.388	-1N	⊙?			7139.55	-3	Atm?		1
7116.963	1N ob?	⊙			7139.68	-2N	Atm?		
7117.669R	-3	Atm?			7140.279	1 1N	⊙?		24
7118.105	0 0	Fe p	4.99 6.72		7141.03	-3			1
7118.284	2 1d	Atm ⊙			7141.14	-2			
7118.42	-3	Atm		1	7141.64	-3N	Ni?	5.28 7.01	
7118.975R	-3				7142.16	-2	Atm		
7119.38	-3			1	7142.517	2 0	Fe	4.93 6.66	
7119.704	1	Atm			7142.987	1 ob?	⊙		
7120.03	1	Atm			7143.382	-3N	Atm		
		Fe p	4.54 6.27		7143.96	-3d?	⊙?		
7120.58	-3	Fe p	4.12 5.86	1	7144.754	-3	Atm?		
7121.67	-3N	⊙?			7145.14	-3	Atm?		1
7122.206S	7 8	Ni	3.53 5.26		7145.312	2 1?	Fe	4.59 6.31	
7122.50	-3			1				4.59 6.31	
7122.75	-2	Atm?			7145.55	-3			1
7123.14	-3	Atm?		1	7145.90	-2	Atm?		1
7123.41	-3	⊙		1	7146.16	-3	Atm?		
7123.963	-2N	⊙ Atm			7146.57	-1nl	⊙?		
7124.65	-3N	⊙ Atm		1	7147.28	-1			
7124.91	-2N	Fe?p	3.67 5.40	3	7147.634	2	Atm		
7125.33	-2N -1	Fe p	4.57 6.31	1	7148.150	10 12	Ca	2.70 4.42	
		Atm?			7148.704	-1 -2	Fe	4.26 5.99	
7125.76	-2	Atm?		1,40				5.05 6.77	
7125.96	-1N	Atm?			7149.33	-3N	⊙?		
7126.17	-3	Atm			7149.750	-1			
7126.71	-1	Ni	3.53 5.26	3	7150.172	0	⊙		
7126.98	-3	Atm?		1	7150.680	0	Atm		
7127.37	-2	⊙?							

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7151.143	1	Atm			7171.954	0	Atm		
7151.464	1 2	Fe	2.47 4.20		7172.714	6	Atm		
7151.70	-3	☉?		1	7172.90	1	Atm		
7152.22	-3	☉?		1	7173.417	6	Atm		
7152.51	-3	Atm?		1	7173.774	3	Atm		
7153.06	-2	Atm?			7174.166	3	Atm		
7153.330	-1	Atm			7174.632R	-3N			
7153.746	-1	Atm			7174.84	-3	Atm		
7154.707	-1	Atm			7175.316	-1ns			
		Co	2.03 3.76		7175.50	-3			1
7155.09	-2	Atm			7175.960	5ns 4	Fe-	4.54 6.26	41
7155.42	-2			1			Atm		
7155.634	3 2d	Fe	4.99 6.71	24	7176.146	5	Atm		
7156.422	2	Atm			7176.59	-3			
7157.73	ONN -2NN	☉			7176.878	2 2	Fe	4.97 6.69	
7158.508	-1 -1N	Fe	3.64 5.36		7177.112	3	Atm		
7158.776	2 2d	☉-Atm			7177.367	4	Atm		
7159.310	1	Atm			7177.618	4	Atm		
7160.05	-3	☉		1	7178.422	3	Atm		
7160.302	-1N 3N	Ti	1.42 3.15		7178.765	-3			
		Atm			7178.97	-3	☉?		1
7160.859	-2	Atm			7178.298	2	Atm		
		Fe p	5.01 6.73		7179.61	-3	☉?		
7161.11	-3	Atm		1	7180.004	0 3	Fe	1.48 3.20	
		Fe p	4.62 6.34		7180.202	-1	☉ Atm		
7161.57	-2	Atm?		1,3	7180.56	-3			
7162.053	1	Atm			7180.79	-3			1
7162.34	0 ob?	Fe p	5.00 6.72		7181.198	4 6	Fe	4.20 5.92	
7162.731	0	Atm			7181.520	6	Atm		
7163.13	-2	Atm?		1	7181.760	4	Atm		
7163.27	-2	Atm?		1	7181.955	4 3	Ni	3.73 5.45	
7163.54	-2	Atm		1			(Fe)	4.89 6.61	
7163.82	0	Atm			7182.400	-2 -1?	☉?		24
7164.23	-1			1	7182.825	0	Atm		
7164.432	8 8	Fe	4.17 5.90		7183.46	-3N	Atm?		1
7164.62	2N ob	Si	5.85 7.57	3	7184.38	1	Atm		
7164.83	-2			1	7184.526	8	Atm		
7165.14	-1	Si p	5.85 7.57		7184.90	2N 1N	Si	5.59 7.31	
7165.578	4N ob	Si	5.85 7.57		7185.15	-3			1
7165.71	1 1?	☉		1	7185.29	-3			1
7166.09	0	Atm			7185.56	-3 -1	Cr	3.88 5.59	24
7166.27	-1N	Atm ☉?			7186.141	7	Atm		
7166.57	-1	Atm?		1	7186.384	8	Atm		
7166.71	-1	Atm?		1	7187.010	6	Atm		
7166.96	-1 ob	Ni	3.72 5.45	1	7187.388	15 15d	Fe-	4.09 5.80	
7167.10	0	Atm		2			Atm		
7167.360	2	Atm			7188.00	-3N	Atm		
7167.904	9	Atm					Cr?	3.87 5.59	
7168.48	-3				7188.62	-1 3	Ti	1.42 3.14	
7168.73	-2N ob?	☉			7188.99	-1	Atm		
7169.063	1	Atm			7189.141	2 2	Fe	3.06 4.77	
7169.11	1	Zr	0.73 2.45	1	7189.860	-1 2	Ti	2.57 4.28	
7169.895	-1 -1N	Atm ☉?		24	7190.128	0 0	Fe p	3.10 4.81	
7170.086	0	Atm			7190.42	-3	Atm?		1
7170.33	-1	Atm			7190.73	-3	Atm?		1
7170.568	3	Atm			7190.96	-2	Atm?		
7170.869	-1N	Atm			7191.497	15	Atm		
7171.038	-2	Atm			7191.67	2 1?	Fe	4.97 6.68	1
7171.75	-3			1	7191.868	5	Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7192.465	5d	5d	☉-Atm		7213.51	-3	☉		1
7192.759R	-3				7213.847	0	-1N Fe p	4.24 5.95	
7193.183	1N	ob?	Mg	5.73 7.44	7214.40	-3	Atm?		1
7193.561	8		Atm		7214.60	-3	Atm?		1
			(Si)	5.59 7.31	7214.74	1	ob? TiIIP	2.58 4.29	
7193.768	8		Atm		7214.93	-2	0 Ti	3.68 5.39	1
7194.07	-3		Fe p	5.01 6.73	7215.539	0	☉		24
7194.38	-3				7216.19	0	8 Ti	1.44 3.15	
7194.569R	-3		Fe?		7216.527	9	Atm		
7194.93	0	-1	Fe	5.00 6.71	7216.63	-1	ob? Fe p	4.99 6.70	
7195.044	7		Atm		7217.28	-3N	Co?	2.53 4.24	
7195.15	-1		Atm		7217.63	-3	Atm		
7195.525R	-3		Cr?	4.17 5.89	7218.022	2	Atm		
7195.797	3		Atm		7218.47	-1N	ob? ☉		2
7196.48	-2N		Atm?		7218.65	-1	Atm		
7197.020	4	5	Ni	1.93 3.64	7219.056	0	Atm		
7197.231	4		Atm		7219.40		0 ☉		1,24
7197.41	1		Atm	40	7219.680	3	4 Fe	4.06 5.77	
7197.865	5		Atm		7220.12	-3	Atm		3
7198.440	8		Atm		7220.786	-2	Ni	5.34 7.05	
7198.86	-3		Atm		7221.204	2	1 Fe	4.54 6.25	24
7199.42	-3N		☉?		7221.586R	-3	Atm?		
7199.80	-2		☉?		7222.397	1	ob FeII	3.87 5.58	
7200.027	-3		☉?		7222.83	-1	ob? Fe	4.59 6.30	
7200.097R	-2		☉?					5.04 6.75	2
7200.37	3		Atm		7223.00	0	Atm		
7200.56	10		Atm		7223.636	6	6? Atm-		
7201.197	15		Atm				Fe	3.00 4.71	
7201.476	ON		Atm		7224.129R	-3	Atm?		
7201.63	-3			1	7224.464	1	ob FeII	3.87 5.58	
7201.80	-3		Atm	1	7225.056	-1	0? ☉		
7202.208	8	9	Ca	2.70 4.41	7225.79	-3N	Fe p	4.97 6.67	1
7202.543	-3		Atm		7226.05	-3			1
7202.835	-2		Atm?		7226.208	2N	ob Si	5.59 7.30	
7203.27	-3N		Atm?	1	7226.77	-3	Atm?		1
7203.850	4		Atm		7227.30	-3	Atm?		1
7204.08	-2			1	7227.493	8	Atm		
7204.308	15		Atm		7227.63	-2	Atm		1
7204.77	-3		Atm		7227.92	-3	Atm?		1
7205.29	-3		Atm		7228.243	0	Atm ☉?		
7205.536	-2		Atm		7228.700	1	1 Fe	2.75 4.45	
			Fe p	4.71 6.43	7229.121	-2	☉		
7206.15	-1N		Atm	1	7229.46	-3N	☉		1
7206.421	15		Atm		7230.06	-3	☉?		1
7206.861R	-3		☉?		7230.29	-3	Atm?		1
7207.131	4	4	Fe	4.06 5.77	7230.56	-3	Cr?	3.83 5.54	1
7207.396	8	8	Fe	4.14 5.85	7230.677	1	Atm		
7207.84	-2		Atm		7231.007	1	Atm		
7208.220	-1		Si?	5.59 7.31	7231.69	-3	☉?		1
7209.504	10	10d	Ti-	1.45 3.17	7232.234	7	Atm		
			Atm		7232.902	12	Atm		
7210.08	-3		Atm?	1	7233.33	-3	☉?		1
7210.450	Ons		Atm		7233.53	-3	Atm		1
7211.203	2		Atm		7233.88	-3	Atm?		1
7212.037	0		Atm		7234.09	-3	Atm		1
7212.440	1	ON	Fe	4.93 6.65	7234.400	5	Atm		
7212.91	-3		☉	1	7234.738	12	Atm		
7213.28	-2N		Atm?	1	7235.325	2N	-2 Si	5.59 7.30	
7213.41		0	Ti	1.73 3.44	7235.85	0	-1 Si	5.59 7.30	

## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or	Band Data			Disk	Spot		or	Band Data	
7236.136	8		Atm				7256.74	-3		Ni	3.58	5.28	1
7236.425	0		Atm				7256.99	-2		☉?			1
7237.40	-3		☉?			1	7257.104	2		Atm			
7237.84	-2		Atm?			1	7257.371	4		Atm			
7237.946	1		Atm				7257.934	8		☉?-Atm			
7238.24	-2		Atm?			1	7258.45	-3		Atm?			1
7238.58	-3		Atm?			1	7258.65	1		Atm			
7239.042	1		Atm				7258.85	-3		Atm			1
7239.50	-3		Atm				7259.10	0		Atm			
7239.848	8	8n1	Atm-				7259.556	0		Atm			
			Fe	4.19	5.90		7260.066	0		Atm			2
7240.53	0	0?	ScO?			1,39	7260.266	0		Atm			
7240.62	10		Atm				7260.730	4		Atm			
7240.822	9		Atm				7261.016	-1		Fe p	2.72	4.42	
7241.26	-3		Atm?			1	7261.30	-3		Fe p	4.89	6.59	1
7242.24	-2N		☉				7261.45	5		Atm			
7242.49	-3N						7261.52	2	2	Fe	4.54	6.24	1
7243.09	-3		S?	8.01	9.71	1	7261.80	-3					1
7243.48	7		Atm				7261.97	3	4	Ni	1.94	3.64	16
7243.72	8		Atm				7262.01	4		Atm			
7244.48	-3N		☉			5	7262.272R	-3		☉?			
7244.850	3	6	Ti	1.44	3.14		7262.47	-3N		Fe?p	3.63	5.33	1
			Fe	4.93	6.64		7262.973	4		Atm			
			(S)	8.01	9.71		7263.380	0		Atm			
7245.40	-1		Atm			1	7263.63	-1		☉?			
7245.676	7		Atm				7264.04	-3		☉?			1
7246.09	-1		Atm?				7264.390	2		Atm			
7246.45	-3d?		☉			1	7264.598	7		Atm			
7246.794	-1		Atm				7265.149	-2		Atm			
7247.07	1N	2	☉							(FeII?)	6.20	7.89	
7247.210	6		Atm				7265.594	12		Atm			
7247.39	-1		Atm			1	7265.86	-3					1
7247.90	-3		Atm				7266.28	-2	0	Ti	1.73	3.42	3
7248.32	-3		☉?				7266.96	-3		Fe p	2.17	3.86	1
7248.924	4		Atm				7267.75	-3N		☉?			1
7249.34	-1		Atm			1,3	7268.05	-3		Atm?			1
7249.47	-2		☉			1	7268.217	0		Atm			
7250.216	5		Atm				7268.566	0		Fe p	3.86	5.56	24
7250.64	4N	ob	Si	5.59	7.30	1	7268.97	-3N		☉?			1
7250.68	0		Atm			2,16	7269.752	4		Atm			
7251.12	-3		Atm?			1	7269.94	-3					1
7251.40	-3		Atm?			1	7270.131	2		Atm			
7251.717	1	3	Ti	1.42	3.13		7270.300	0		Atm			
7252.075	-1N	-1N?	☉?				7270.864	-2		Atm			
7252.374	10		Atm				7271.18	-3		Atm?			1
7252.853	4		Atm				7271.55	-2	0	Ti	1.44	3.13	
7253.224	5		Atm				7272.112	-2N		☉			
7253.42	-2		Atm			1	7272.973	15		Atm			
7253.728	9		Atm				7273.835	-2		Atm			
			(Ti)	1.74	3.44		7274.259	-3		Atm			
				2.15	3.85		7274.664	-3		Atm?			
7254.29	-3N		☉				7275.33	5N	ob?	Si	5.59	7.29	16
7254.648	1	1	Fe				7275.398	10		Atm			
7254.87	-3		☉			1	7275.819	1		Atm			
7255.29	-3		Si p	5.94	7.64		7276.316	2		Atm			
7255.42	-3N		Atm?				7276.560	2		Atm			
7255.79	-3		☉?			1	7276.850	3		Atm			
7256.142	1ns	0?	Fe	4.93	6.64		7277.148	2		Atm			
7256.50	-2		Atm				7277.402	12		Atm			

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7278.085	4	Atm			7298.169	2	Atm		
7278.526	-3	Atm			7298.51	-2N	☉?		1
		Fe p	4.97 6.66		7299.643	2d 3	<u>Atm</u>		
7278.792	1	Atm					Ti	1.42 3.11	
7279.13	-3N	Atm		1	7299.77	-3	Atm		1
7279.38	-3N	Atm		1	7299.926	5	Atm		
7279.698	2	Atm			7300.50	-1d	Fe-	4.97 6.66	
7280.32	-3N	Atm		1			Fe?p	4.12 5.82	16
7280.671	2	Atm			7300.63	-1	Atm		1
7280.967	1	Atm			7300.874	0	Atm		
7281.540	-1	Atm		3	7301.262	-1	Atm		
7282.02	-3	Atm		1	7301.577	-1 ob	FeIIp	3.87 5.57	3
7282.302	7	Atm			7302.129	2	Atm		
		(Fe)	4.99 6.68		7302.348	-2	Atm		
7282.844	3N 2N	☉			7302.603	0	Atm		
7283.220	1	Atm			7302.777	-1N	Atm		
7283.61	-3			1	7302.88	-1N ob	Mn	4.41 6.10	
7283.770	0 ob?	Mn	4.41 6.10		7303.197	10	Atm		
7284.18	-3	☉?		1	7303.76	-3	Atm		
7284.56	-3	☉?		1	7304.134	5	Atm		
7284.842	2	Fe	4.12 5.82		7304.214	7	Atm		
7285.09	-2 -1N?	☉		1	7304.68	-3	Atm		1
7285.305	1 ON	Fe	4.59 6.28		7304.80	-3	Atm?		
7285.70	-3	Atm?		1	7304.954	0 1	☉		
7285.98	-3	Si p	5.94 7.63		7305.345	-3	Atm?		
7286.52	-3d?	Ni	3.75 5.45		7305.628	0	Atm		
7287.378	10	Atm			7305.873	-1 0	Ti	1.73 3.42	
		(FeII)	6.19 7.89		7306.03	-1	Atm		
7287.858	-3	Atm			7306.31	-3			1
7288.132	5	Atm			7306.570	2 2	Fe	4.16 5.85	24
7288.47	-3				7306.95	-3	Atm?		
7288.741	4 4N	Fe	4.20 5.90		7307.48	-3N	☉		
7289.188	7N 6N	Si	5.59 7.29		7307.960	3 3	Fe	4.12 5.81	
7289.53	-3	Atm		1			FeII	3.87 5.56	
7289.818	-1	Atm			7308.08	1 1	☉		
7290.415	15	Si-	5.59 7.29	6	7308.757	5	Atm		
		<u>Atm</u>			7309.518	12	Atm		
7290.895	-1	Atm?			7310.201	2	Atm		
7291.098	4	Atm					FeII	3.87 5.56	
7291.438	2 2	Ni	1.93 3.62		7310.402	-1	Atm		
7291.75	-3				7310.62	-3	Atm		
7292.172	5	Atm			7310.910	2	Atm		
7292.695	4	Atm			7311.080	4	Fe	4.26 5.95	
7292.841	3 3	Fe	4.54 6.23		7311.265	1 6	Fe p	4.24 5.93	
7293.052	4 4	Fe	4.24 5.93				Atm?		
7293.372	2	Atm			7311.484	-2	Atm		
7293.889	-3	Atm			7311.64	-3N	☉?		1
7294.20	-3	Atm			7312.08	-2N	Fe p	5.01 6.70	1,3
7294.364	2	Atm			7312.270	-2N	Atm		
7294.863	2	Atm		3	7312.616	6	Atm		
7295.031	7	Atm			7312.962	-2	Atm		
7295.28	-3	Fe p	4.59 6.28	1	7313.176	0	Atm		
7295.610	2	Atm			7313.37	-3	Atm		1
7295.96	-3	Atm?		1	7313.62	-3			1
7296.265	2	Atm			7314.20	-3N	Atm?		1
7297.072	-1	Atm			7314.545	2	Atm		
7297.33	-3	Atm?		1	7314.96	-3	☉?		1
7297.70	-3	Atm?		1	7315.20	-3	Atm		3
7297.93	-3	☉?		1	7315.516	7	<u>Atm</u> ☉		



I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7315.886	1	Atm			7337.78	-1	Ti p	2.23 3.91	
7316.41	-3	○			7338.07	-3N	○?		
7316.57	-3	Atm?		1	7338.94	-1	V	2.13 3.81	1
7316.739	1	Fe p	2.68 4.37		7339.340	-2N	Atm		
7316.858	2	Atm			7339.67	-3	○?		
7317.291	7	Atm			7339.90	-3	○?		
7317.43	-1	Fe p	4.99 6.67		7340.188	-1 -1	○ Atm		
7318.09	4d?	Atm			7340.60	-3	○?		
7318.382	3 4d	Atm			7340.83	-3	Fe p	3.40 5.08	
		Ti	2.24 3.93		7341.351	0	Atm		
7318.692	9	Atm			7341.78	-3 -2	Fe p	4.97 6.65	
7319.15	-3	Atm		1	7342.317	-3	○?		
7319.32	-3	Atm?		1	7343.226	-2N	○		
7319.51	-3	Atm?		1	7343.63	-3	Atm?		1
7320.689	4 1	Fe	4.54 6.22		7343.939	3d	Atm		
			4.89 6.58		7344.200	-1 -1	Fe p-	2.72 4.40	
		FeII	3.87 5.56				Atm		
7320.846	4	Atm			7344.46	-3	○?		1
7321.44	-1	V?	2.11 3.80		7344.759	4d 8d	Ti-	1.45 3.13	
7321.52	-2nl	Atm?					Atm		
7322.201	-2	Atm			7345.21	-3N	○?		
7323.10	-3				7345.42	-3N	○?		
7323.354	-3N	Fe?p	3.63 5.31		7346.11	-3N	Atm?		1
7323.972	4	Atm ○			7346.56	-3N			
7324.29	-3Nd?	○?		1	7346.87	-3	Fe p	3.29 4.97	
7324.680	0 0	○			7347.15	-3	Fe p	2.75 4.43	
7325.28	-3	Fe p	3.91 5.60	1	7347.309	0	Atm /		
7325.56	-3	○?			7348.047	1	Atm		
7325.99	-3	○		1	7348.214	0	Atm		
7326.160	8 11	Ca	2.92 4.60		7348.51	-2N	Fe p	4.12 5.80	
7326.456	ON ON	Mn	4.42 6.10		7348.76	-3	Atm		
		Atm			7349.249	2	Atm		
7326.713	-2	Atm			7349.493	3	Atm		
7327.104	2	Atm			7350.088	2	Atm		
7327.370	3	Atm			7350.49	-3NN	Fe p	3.03 4.71	24
7327.650	-2	Ni	3.78 5.46	24	7351.113	2 1	Fe	4.97 6.65	
7328.25	0	Atm			7351.519	3 1	Fe	4.93 6.61	
7328.828	-3	○			7352.14	-3 0	Ti	2.48 4.16	
7329.25	Onl	○			7352.791	-2N -3N	○		
7330.150	0	Fe p	4.62 6.30		7353.03	-3			
7330.34	-3	○?		1	7353.213	-2	Atm		
7330.859	9d	Atm		4	7353.379	-2 -1	○		
7331.04	-3	Ti	1.73 3.42		7353.507	1 1	Fe	4.71 6.39	
7332.28	-1N	Ti	1.74 3.42		7353.923	0	Atm ○?		
7332.49	-3	○?			7354.606	0 Od?	Atm		
7332.74	-3	Atm?					Co	1.87 3.55	
7332.905	1	Atm			7355.108	-3N -1?	○		
7333.049	2	Atm			7355.457	0 -2N	Atm		
7333.58	1	Fe	4.24 5.92				TiIIp	2.59 4.26	
7333.684	5	Atm			7355.891	5 9	Cr	2.88 4.55	
7333.88	-3	Atm		1	7356.262	2	Atm?		
7334.25	-3	○?			7356.40	-1 0.	-V	2.12 3.80	
7334.62	-3	FeII	7.24 8.92		7356.76	-3	Fe	4.62 6.30	
7334.91	-3	○?			7357.097	3	Ti?p	1.05 2.73	
7335.335	4	Atm					Atm		
7335.712	-2	Atm			7357.739	1 4	Ti	1.44 3.11	
7336.02	-3N	○?			7358.26	-3	○?		
7336.38	-3	○?			7358.856	1	Atm?		
7337.043	-1	○					○?		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7359.983	-3	Fe p	4.97 6.65		7381.504	-1N	Atm		
7360.347	4	Atm			7381.943	1 -2	Ni	5.34 7.01	
7360.70	-3	⊙			7382.357	ON	⊙?		
7361.029	1	Atm			7382.614	0 0	Fe p	2.68 4.35	
7361.550	1 3	<u>Al</u>	4.00 5.68		7382.78	-3			1
		Ti p	2.24 3.92		7382.933	-1 -1	Fe	4.59 6.26	
7361.782	-3	⊙			7383.08	-3	Atm?		
7361.994	-3				7383.350	0	Atm		
7362.291	1 2	Al	4.00 5.68		7383.54	-3	Atm?		1
7362.568	-1	⊙?			7383.721	3	Atm		
7362.95	-3N	⊙?			7384.45	-3			
7363.742	5	Atm			7384.77	-3			1
7363.916	0 ob	Fe	4.93 6.61		7385.00	-3	Fe p	5.04 6.71	
7364.106	-1 5	Ti	1.42 3.10		7385.244	3 3	Ni	2.73 4.40	
7364.38	-3N	Atm?			7385.51	-3N	Fe p	4.77 6.45	
7364.75	-2N	⊙			7385.89	-2N	⊙?		
7365.305	0	Atm			7386.201	-1	Ni	5.32 6.99	
7365.70	1ns	⊙?			7386.336	7 4	Fe	4.89 6.56	
		Atm			7386.66	-3	Atm?		
7366.036	-3	Atm?			7387.10	-2N 2	⊙		
7366.367	0	Fe	4.62 6.29		7387.700	9N 5	Mg	5.73 7.40	
7366.602	-2 5N	Atm			7388.605	-1N ON	Atm-		
		Ti	1.42 3.10				Co?	2.71 4.38	
7366.83	-2				7389.391	8d 5	-Fe	4.28 5.95	
7367.21	-3N	⊙			7389.88	-2	Atm?		
7367.76	-3N	⊙?			7390.241	2	Atm		
7368.468	4	Atm			7390.88	-3d?	Atm?		
7369.206	5	Atm			7391.270	2	Atm		
7369.60	-3				7391.48	-3	Atm?		1
7369.88	-3	⊙?		1	7391.717	1	Atm		
7370.119	2 Od?	Atm-					⊙		
		Fe	4.71 6.39		7392.13	-2	Si?p	6.10 7.77	24
7370.798	-1	Atm			7392.654	-3N			
7371.496	3	Atm			7393.111	-3	⊙?		
7372.383	-3	Atm?			7393.609	7 5	Ni	3.59 5.26	
7373.011	2N ON	<u>Si-</u>	5.96 7.63		7395.539	-1	Atm		
		Fe p	2.27 3.94		7395.81	-3			
7373.25	-3N				7396.053	2	Atm		
7373.622	0	Atm			7396.312	-3			
7374.29	-2N 1N	⊙		24	7396.526	-1 ob?	Fe	4.97 6.64	
7374.59	-2N	Atm			7396.752	0	Atm?		
7375.251	2N 3N	⊙ Atm			7397.123	1	Atm		
7375.932	-3	⊙			7397.535	-3	⊙		
7376.275	-2 ob?				7397.939	-1	⊙		
7376.494	2 ob?	FeII			7398.19	-2	Atm?		1
		Fe			7398.52	-3N	⊙?		
7377.01	-3	⊙			7398.76	-3N	Fe p	3.42 5.08	1
7377.57	-3	⊙			7398.96	-3N	Fe p	4.97 6.64	
7377.865	1	<u>Atm</u>			7399.308	-2	Atm?		
		⊙?			7400.188	5 8	Cr	2.89 4.55	
7378.332	1	Atm			7400.48	-3			
7378.77	-3	⊙?		1	7400.851	-3	Fe p	2.60 4.26	
7379.15	-3	Atm?		1	7401.134	-2 -3	Ni	5.34 7.01	
7379.40	-3	Atm?		1	7401.46	-3	Atm?		
7379.65	-3	Atm?		1	7401.691	2 2	Fe	4.17 5.84	
7380.10	-3			1	7401.96	-3	Atm?		
7380.492	-1	Atm			7402.155	-2	⊙?		
7380.73	-2N	⊙?			7403.33	-3	⊙?		1
7381.342	-2N	⊙			7403.857	-1	Atm		

## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7405.17	-3N	Atm?		1	7431.97	-3N -1	Ti p	1.73 3.39	
7405.790	7N 0	Si	5.59 7.26				Fe p	4.62 6.28	
7406.289	-2	Atm			7432.29	-2 ob	○		
7406.61	-3	Atm?			7432.44	-3	○?		
7407.06	-3	Atm?		1	7433.06	-3	○?		
7407.27	-3	Atm?			7433.460	-2N -2nl	-Ni	5.39 7.05	
7407.33	-3	Atm?			7434.58	-1	○		1
7408.135	-2	Atm?			7435.08	-3	○		1
7408.43	-3	Atm?			7435.584	2 -1N	○		
7408.78	-3	Atm?			7435.95	-3	○?		
7409.100	5N -2N	Si	5.59 7.26		7437.07	-3	○?		
7409.352	6 1	Ni	3.78 5.45		7437.608	-1	○		
7409.99	-3	○?			7437.87	-2N	Atm?		
7410.324	-3				7438.38	-3N	○		1
7410.733	-2	Atm			7439.24	-2N	○		1
7411.162	8 7	Fe	4.26 5.93		7439.87	0	Zr?	0.54 2.20	1
7413.06	-3N	○?			7440.253	-2N	Atm?		
7413.52	-3N	Atm?		1	7440.58	-3 3	Ti	2.25 3.90	
7414.00	-3N	○?		1	7440.70	-2N			
7414.514	5 5	Ni	1.98 3.64		7440.919	4 2	Fe	4.89 6.55	
7414.93	-3N	○?			7441.81	-3	○?		
7415.193	-1 -1	Fe p	4.97 6.63		7442.23	-3N	N	10.29 11.94	
7415.363	2N ob?	Si	5.59 7.26		7442.47	-3N -1?	○?		1
7415.68	-3				7442.71	-3	○?		1
7415.958	8N 2N	Si	5.59 7.26		7443.026	2 1	Fe	4.17 5.83	
7416.329	-3	○?			7443.25	-2	Fe p	5.06 6.72	
7417.06	-3	Ti p	1.06 2.73		7444.47	-3N	○?		
7417.39	-1N 1N	Co	2.03 3.70		7445.758	9 7	Fe	4.24 5.90	
7417.96	-3	Atm?			7446.99	-3	Atm?		1
7418.330	-3	Fe p	4.12 5.79		7447.400	2 3	Fe	4.93 6.59	
7418.672	4 2	Fe	4.12 5.79		7447.912	0 ob	-Fe p	5.50 7.16	
7419.00	-3N			1	7448.20	-3	○?		
7419.31	-3N	Ni	5.47 7.13		7448.56	-3	Atm?		1
7419.670	-3N	○?			7448.92	-3	○?		
7420.241	-3 -2	Fe p	5.06 6.73		7449.338	0 -1	FeII	3.87 5.53	
7421.030	-1				7450.33	-3NN	YII	1.74 3.40	
7421.32	-3			1	7451.478	-3NN	○?		
7421.560	0 ob	Fe	4.62 6.28		7452.110	-1 ob	Fe p	5.04 6.70	
7421.86	-3N	○?			7452.96	-3N	SaII		
7422.286	7 5	Ni	3.62 5.28		7453.81	-3N	Atm?		1
7422.77	-3	○?			7454.004	0 -1	Fe	4.17 5.82	
7423.16	-3 -1	Ti	1.44 3.10		7454.45	-3	Atm?		
7423.509	8N 2	Si	5.59 7.26		7455.389	-1 ob	Si p	6.10 7.75	
		(N)	10.28 11.94		7456.35	-3 1?	-Ti p	0.81 2.47	
7423.842	-2				7457.354	-2N	○?		
7424.27	-3N	Atm?			7458.00	-3	○?		
7424.647	ON ON	Si	5.59 7.26		7458.384	-2	Atm?		
		Atm			7458.78	-3	Atm?		
7425.048	-2N	○			7459.07	-3	○?		
7425.560	-1	Atm			7459.39	-3	Atm?		
7425.850	-1	Atm			7459.86	-3	Atm?		1
7426.47	-3	Atm?		1	7460.25	-3	Fe p	3.24 4.89	
7427.562	0 -1	○			7460.549	-2	○		
7430.31	-3	○?			7461.25	-3	Fe p	5.48 7.14	
7430.553	-1 1	Fe	2.58 4.24		7461.527	1 3	Fe	2.55 4.20	
7430.846	0 ob	Fe	4.59 6.25		7462.342	8 10	Cr	2.90 4.55	
			5.46 7.12				(FeII)	3.87 5.53	
7431.19	-3N	Si p	6.20 7.86		7462.96	-3	○?		
7431.599	-1 -1				7463.19	-3N	Atm?		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7463.395	-1	ob?	Fe p 5.04 6.70		7494.74	-3	Fe p	1.55 3.20	
7463.99	-3	-1	⊙		7495.077	8 8	Fe	4.20 5.85	
7464.268	0	ob	⊙		7495.50	-3	⊙?		
7465.85	-3NN		⊙		7495.66	-3	Fe p	4.97 6.61	
7466.533	-2	ONN	Ti p- 1.73 3.38		7496.12	-2 3	Ti	2.23 3.87	
7466.99	-3		Atm	1	7497.44	-3N	⊙?		
7467.31	-3		Atm		7498.22	-3	Atm?		
7467.51	-3		Atm?	1	7498.535	1 1	Fe	4.12 5.77	
7468.27	-2N	ob	N 10.29 11.94		7498.78	-3	⊙?		1
7468.927	-3	-1	⊙		7499.18	-3N	⊙?		
7470.05		1	Ti p 0.83 2.48	1	7500.242	-2N	⊙		
7470.61	-3		Atm?	1	7500.55	-3	⊙?		
7470.98	-3		Atm?		7500.94	-3	Atm?		
7471.34	-2	0	Ti p 0.81 2.46		7501.280	-2	Fe p	4.17 5.81	
7471.757	-2		Fe p 2.72 4.37		7501.76	-3N	Ni?	5.57 7.22	
7472.755	-1		⊙		7502.78	-3N 1	⊙		
7473.563	0	-1	Fe 4.59 6.24		7503.31	-3N	⊙		
7474.513	-3N		Fe p 3.91 5.56		7503.94	-3	⊙		1
			3.97 5.62		7504.276	-2	⊙		
7474.92	-3	-1N	Ti 1.74 3.39	1	7504.61	-3	Atm?		1
7475.87	-3N	-1	⊙		7504.940	-2N ob?	⊙		24
7476.149	-1	ob			7505.19	-3	⊙?		1
7476.376	-1	Ow	Fe 4.77 6.43		7506.030	1 1N	Fe p	5.04 6.69	
7476.87	-3		Fe p 4.17 5.82		7506.73	-3N	Atm?		
7477.595	ON	ON	Fe p 3.86 5.52	24	7507.273	4 4	Fe	4.40 6.04	
7478.84	-3	-2N	Fe p 3.35 5.00		7508.60	-3N	Fe p	4.97 6.61	
7479.10	-3	-2	⊙		7509.46	-3N	Atm?		1
7479.701	-2	ob	FeIIp 3.87 5.52		7511.031	11 11	Fe	4.16 5.80	
7479.98	-3		Atm?		7511.51	-3	⊙?		
7480.56	-3		Atm?		7511.80	-3	⊙?		1
7480.816	-2		⊙?		7512.166	-2	Fe p	2.27 3.91	
7481.478	-2	-3	Ni 5.47 7.12				4.12 5.77		
7481.736	-3		Fe p 2.75 4.40		7512.77	-3	⊙?		
7481.934	-2	-1N?	Fe 4.77 6.42		7513.16	-3	⊙?		1
7482.213	-1	-1	Fe p 5.06 6.71	24	7513.76	-3	Atm?		1
7482.65	-3		Atm?		7514.205	0 -1	⊙		
7482.871	-2N		⊙		7514.54	-3	Atm?		1
7483.415	-2N		LaII? 0.13 1.77		7515.10	-3N	⊙?		
7484.07	-3		Atm?		7515.43	-3N	⊙?		
7484.308	-1	ob?	Fe p 5.06 6.71		7515.60	-3	Atm?		1
7484.68	-3		Cr?		7515.837	0 ob	FeII	3.89 5.53	
7485.00	-3		⊙?	1	7516.21	-3	⊙?		
7485.14	-3N		⊙?		7516.623	-3	⊙?		
7486.118	-3		Fe p 3.87 5.52		7516.82	-2N	⊙?		
7486.667	-2		⊙		7517.27	-3	Atm?		1
7488.00	-3		⊙		7517.83	-3N	Atm?		1
7488.706	-3		Ni 3.82 5.46		7518.66	-3N	⊙?		
7488.92	-3		Atm?		7519.89	-3N	Fe		1
7489.569	-3	3	Ti 2.24 3.89		7521.06	-2N -3N	Ni	5.49 7.13	
7490.84	-3		Fe p 3.29 4.93		7521.58	-3N	⊙?		
7491.08	-3		⊙		7522.19	-3	Atm?		1
7491.652	4	5	Fe 4.28 5.93		7522.778	5 5	Ni	3.64 5.28	
7492.02	-3		Atm?		7523.217	-1 -2	⊙		9
7492.333	-3N		⊙?		7523.54	-3	Atm?		1
7492.941	-2		⊙?		7523.93	-3	⊙?		1
7493.11	-3		Atm?		7524.17	-3	Atm?		1
7493.58	-3		⊙?		7524.75	-3	Atm?		1
7493.940	-2N		⊙		7525.118	4 5	Ni	3.62 5.26	
7494.404	-1	ob	⊙		7525.50	-3d?	Atm?		1

## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7525.56	-3	Atm?		1	7562.62	-3	○?		1
7526.10	-3N	○?			7563.016	1	1 Fe	4.81 6.45	
7526.43	-3	○?		1	7563.66	-3	○?		1
7526.67	-3N	Fe p	5.48 7.12	1	7563.91	-3N	Atm?		1
7527.26	-3N	○?			7564.498	-2N	○		
7527.90	-3	Atm?		1	7565.21	-3N	○?		
7528.18	-2	-1 Fe p	5.01 6.65		7565.534	-2NN	○		
7528.41	-3	○?		1	7566.34	-3N	○?		1
7528.90	-3N	Atm?		1	7567.170	2NN	1NN ○		
7529.48	-3N	○?		1	7567.61	-3	○		
7530.58	-2	Atm			7568.60	-3	○?		1
7531.153	6	7 Fe	4.35 5.99		7568.906S	5	8 Fe	4.26 5.90	
7531.789	-1	ob ○			7569.556	-1	-2 ○		
7532.12	-3	○?		1	7569.88	-2	○?		1
7532.58	-3N	Atm?		1	7570.22	-3	○?		1
7533.04	-3	Atm?		1	7570.79	-3d?	○?		1
7533.373	-1	-1 FeII-	3.89 5.52		7571.40	-3	○?		1
7534.28	-3	○		1	7572.38	-3	○?		1
7534.85	-3	FeIIp	3.93 5.57	1	7573.18	-3	○?		1
7535.61	-3N	Atm?		1	7573.426	0	0 Fe?		
7537.02	-3	Atm?		1	7573.72	-3	Fe p	3.97 5.60	
7537.475	-3	Fe?p	4.06 5.70		7574.048S	5	5 Ni	3.82 5.45	
7537.96	-3	Fe p	5.50 7.14	1	7574.36	-3	○?		
7539.31	-3	Atm?		1	7574.58	-3N	○?		1
7539.53	-3	Atm?			7574.88	-3N	○?		1
7539.99	-3	Atm?			7575.39	-3N	-2N ○		
7540.444	0	1 Fe p	2.72 4.35		7576.22	-3	Atm		1
7541.02	-3	Atm?		1	7577.30	-2	-1 ○		1
7541.19	-3	Atm?			7578.47	-2	Atm		
7541.57	-2N	Fe	3.93 5.56		7578.787	-2N	ob? ○		
7541.920	0	-1 ○			7579.08	-2N	○		
7545.660	-2N	Ni	5.59 7.23		7580.28	0	0 Ti?	2.22 3.85	1
7546.183	2	3 Fe			7582.120	0	0 Fe p	4.93 6.56	
7546.63}	-3N	○?		1	7582.48	-3	○?		
7547.00}	-3NN	○?		1	7582.70	-3	Atm?		1
7547.38}	-3N	○?			7583.12	-3N	○?		
7547.904	0	-1 Fe p	5.08 6.71		7583.33	-3	Atm?		1
7548.37	-3	Atm?		1	7583.796	4	4 Fe	3.00 4.63	
7549.08	-3N	○?		1	7584.29	-3	○?		1
7549.82	-3N	○?		1	7584.77	-3	Atm?		
7550.23	-3	○?		1	7586.027S	8	8 Fe	4.29 5.92	
7551.108	-1	-2 Fe p	5.06 6.70		7586.52	-3	○?		1
7552.501	0	0 Ni p	5.59 7.23		7586.92	-3N	Atm?		1
7552.795	-2	-1 Fe p	5.01 6.65		7588.310	1	1 Fe p	5.01 6.64	
		Atm?			7588.849	-1	-1 ○		
7553.42	-3				7590.18	-2N	○		
7553.953	-2N	Co?	3.93 5.57		7590.76	-3	Atm		
7554.841	ON	ON ○			7591.32	-2N	○		
7555.607	6	6 Ni	3.83 5.46		7591.90	-3	Atm?		
7557.695	-2	○			7593.695	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26
7558.16	-3	○?			7593.850	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7558.87	-3	○?			7593.997	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7559.36	-3	Atm?		1	7594.287	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	26
7559.705	2ns	2d Fe	5.04 6.67		7594.507	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
		Ni	5.50 7.13		7594.974	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26
7560.19	-3	Atm?		1	7595.235	14	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26
7560.52	-3	Atm?		1	7595.590	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	26
7560.96	-3	Atm?		1	7595.770S	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7561.60	-3	Atm?		1	7596.228	15	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7596.503	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7617.985	-1	-1	Fe p	4.17 5.79
7596.768	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0 27	7619.2145	4	5	Ni	3.66 5.28
7596.975	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7619.698	0		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7597.438	30	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0 26	7620.077	0		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7598.006	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0 26	7620.322	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7598.650	50	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7620.513	5	6	Fe	4.71 6.33
7598.847		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7620.996	20		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7599.228	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7621.323	0		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7599.462S	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7621.802S	0		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7599.550	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7621.988	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7600.066	25	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7622.29	-3		⊙	1
7600.493	25	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7622.503	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7601.127	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7623.012	0		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7601.240	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7623.288	30		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7601.470	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7623.552	0		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7601.697	25	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7623.715	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7602.036	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7624.500	32		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7602.363	32	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0				(Ni)	5.61 7.23
7602.995S	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7625.354S	1		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7603.216	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7625.475	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7603.556	30	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7626.157	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7604.013	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7626.524	1		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7604.453	34	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7627.054	32		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7605.076	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7628.225	35		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7605.186	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7629.092	2		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7605.635	31	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7629.196	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
		(Fe)	5.01	6.63	7629.988	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7606.198	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7630.245	2		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7606.238	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7631.016	35		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7606.767	33	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7632.168	38		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7607.366	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0 26	7633.036	3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7607.933	30	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7633.131	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7608.530	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7634.052	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7608.586	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7634.170	3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7608.82	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7635.192	35		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7608.91	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7636.328	38		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7609.302	30	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7637.183	3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7609.746	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7637.276	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7609.868	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7638.306S	3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0 27
7610.06	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7639.339	3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7610.455	25	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7639.585	32		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7611.007	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7640.457	3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7611.194S	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7640.707	35		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7611.364	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7641.535	2		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7611.584	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7641.644	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7612.060	25	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7642.651	2		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7612.314	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7642.786	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7612.578	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7643.793	1		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7612.745	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7644.200	30		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7613.194	20	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7644.900	1		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7613.705	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7645.312	32		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0
7614.026	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7646.098	1		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7614.15	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17	0, 0	7646.209	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7614.516	-2N	0	Ti	2.23 3.85	7647.202S	1		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7615.061	20	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7647.460	-3		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0
7615.552	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18	0, 0	7647.84	-2NN		Fe p	4.43 6.04
7616.146	17	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16	0, 0	7648.12	-3			1
7616.980S	8	9	Ni	3.64 5.26	7648.454	0		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0
7617.245	-1	-2	Fe p	5.04 6.66	7648.580	-4		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7649.035	20	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7675.240	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0	
7649.553S	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7676.026	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	
7650.135	22	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7676.565S	9	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7650.894	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7677.619S	9	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7650.975	2	2 Fe p (Atm O <sub>2</sub> )	2.68 4.29 16-17 0, 0		7678.60	-3	Atm?		1
7651.50	-3	⊙			7678.953	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	
7651.963S	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7679.60	-3nl	S	7.83 9.44	
7652.383	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7680.267	6N	4N Si (Mn)	5.84 7.44 5.47 7.07	
7653.343	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7680.912	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	
7653.47	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7681.953	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	
7653.757	2	Fe	4.77 6.39		7682.758S	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7654.094	16	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7683.802S	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7654.428	-1	ON Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7684.331	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
		Ti	2.24 3.85		7684.617	-2	Atm?		
7655.182	16	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7684.964	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7655.48	-1N	ob? FeII	3.87 5.49				Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	
7655.847	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7685.12	-3NN	-2NN ⊙		1
7656.00	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7685.281	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7656.53	-3	⊙		1	7685.629	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7656.940	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7685.764	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7657.26	-3	Ni	5.39 7.00		7686.13	-3	S	7.83 9.44	
7657.606S	9N	9N Mg	5.09 6.70		7686.203	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7658.03	-3			1	7686.830	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7658.420	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7687.034	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7658.60	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7687.51	-3d	⊙?		1
7659.148	-1N	⊙			7688.127	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	26
7659.370	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7688.40	ON	ob? ⊙		
7659.91	3	ob ⊙			7689.04	-3	Fe p	5.08 6.68	1
7660.454	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7689.177	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7661.05	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7689.387	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7661.198	6	6 Fe	4.24 5.85		7689.703	-3N	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7661.48	-3	Fe p	5.06 6.67		7690.218S	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7662.122	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7690.939	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7662.84	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7691.487	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7663.22	-3	⊙?		1	7691.569	8N	7N Mg	5.73 7.33	
7663.726	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7692.046	-3NN	⊙		
7663.90	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7692.722	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7664.18	-3	Fe p	4.81 6.42		7693.530	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7664.294	7	8 Fe	2.98 4.59		7694.748	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7664.872	12	20 K	0.00 1.61		7695.62	-1N	⊙		1
		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7695.838S	4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7665.944S	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7696.869S	4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7666.44	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0				(S)	7.84 9.44	
7666.669	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7696.996	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7667.518	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7698.322	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7668.399	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7698.977	11	16 K	0.00 1.60	
7669.233	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7699.506	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7669.47	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7701.078	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7669.668	2	1 ⊙			7702.240	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7670.31	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7702.739	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7670.600	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7703.759	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	34
7671.669S	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7704.076	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7672.09	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0	40	7705.207	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7672.32	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7709.871	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
7673.127	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7710.099	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7674.183	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-17 0, 0		7710.367	3	3 Fe	4.20 5.80	
7674.962	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-18 0, 0		7710.874	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7711.731	2 1	FeII	3.89 5.49		7755.275	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7712.416	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7755.36	-2NN	-2NN		11
		(Mn)	5.50 7.10		7756.378	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7712.66	-2NN0	Co	2.53 4.13		7759.30	-1NN	ONN	0	1
7713.658	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7760.641	0	ob?	0	
7714.310S	6 8	N1	1.93 3.53		7761.232	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7714.59	-3	0		1	7762.334	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7715.219	-2 -3	0			7764.66	-1	Mn?	5.35 6.94	1
7715.591	2 1	N1	3.68 5.28		7765.19	-3NN	0		
7716.251	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7766.62	-3	Fe p	3.93 5.52	1
7717.251	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7767.458	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7717.450	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7768.513	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1	
7718.257	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7771.31	-3	Atm?		1
7719.046	ON -1N	Fe p	5.01 6.61		7771.954	5N	ON	0	23
7720.304	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7772.68	-3N	0?		1
7720.72	-1	Fe p	5.06 6.66		7774.177	5N	ON	0	23
7721.14	-3	0		1	7775.395	3N	-2N	0	23
7721.482	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7780.568S	8	9	Fe	4.45 6.04
7722.64	-1N -2N	Mg p	5.92 7.52		7788.933S	5	7	N1	1.94 3.53
7723.210	2 3	Fe	2.27 3.87		7795.99	-3	0?		1
7724.586	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7797.588S	5	6	N1	3.88 5.46
7724.880	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7798.86	-3	Fe p	3.00 4.59	1
7725.17	-1	0		1	7799.21	-2	0		
7725.746	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7800.000	5N	2N	S1	6.15 7.74
7725.862	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7800.29	-3	4	Rb	0.00 1.58
7726.75	-3N	0		1	7801.16	-3N	0		1
7727.616S	5 6	N1	3.66 5.26		7802.51	0	0	Fe p	5.01 6.65
7729.101	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7802.86	-3		Atm?	1
7729.40	-3NN	0			7807.916S	4	4	Fe?	
7729.98	-3N	0						Fe p	4.97 6.55
7730.254	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7810.815	0	-2	Fe p	5.01 6.59
7730.97	-3N	0		1	7811.16	1N	-2N	Mg p	5.92 7.50
7732.49	-3N	0		1	7813.67	-3NN		Fe?p	5.08 6.66
7732.746	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7815.82	-3NN	0		1
7733.12	-3	Mn	5.36 6.96	1	7817.22	-3	0		1
7733.738	-2 -1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		7820.81	-1	Fe p	4.28 5.85	
		Fe p	5.04 6.64		7821.73	-1N	0		1
7733.854	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7826.50	-3	Atm		1
7734.40	-3	Mn?	5.52 7.11	1	7826.77	0	0	N1	3.68 5.26
7734.995	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7832.208S	9	10	Fe	4.42 5.99
7735.94	-2	N1?	5.27 6.86	1	7835.317	3N	4N	Al	4.00 5.58
7737.65	-1NN	Fe p	4.40 5.99	1	7836.130S	4N	5N	Al	4.00 5.58
7738.848	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7837.06	-2	0?		1
7739.978	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7838.15	-1	FeIIp	3.95 5.52	
7740.50	-3	Atm?		1	7838.89	-3	0?		1
7741.44	-1NN	0		1	7839.64	-2	0?		1
7742.722	9 7	Fe	4.97 6.56		7841.37	-3	FeIIp	3.89 5.46	1
7744.080	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7843.04	ON	ob?	0	
7745.202	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7844.569	0	-1	Fe	4.81 6.39
7745.521	0 0	Fe p	5.06 6.66		7845.27	-2N	Atm		
7746.605	0 0	Fe p	5.04 6.64		7846.272	0	Atm		
7747.58	-3	0?		1	7846.52	-1	Atm?		1
7748.284S	6 8	Fe	2.94 4.53				Fe?p	5.00 6.58	
7748.894	5 6	N1	3.69 5.28		7848.74	-1	Atm		
7749.554	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7849.38	-3	-1	Zr	0.68 2.26
7750.670	-4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 1		7849.984	4N	-1N	-S1	6.16 7.74
7751.116S	2 1	Fe	4.97 6.56		7850.88	-3d?	-2?	0	1,24
7751.99	-3	Atm?			7851.95	-3	0?		1



## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7852.71	-2N	3d	Ti p	0.84 2.42 9	7889.339	2	Atm (CN)	1, 0	
7853.51	-2ns		Atm		7890.12	-1N -1N	Ni	3.88 5.45 4.52 6.08	
7854.02	-2		Atm		7890.420	-1N -1N	⊙		
7854.692	-1		Atm		7890.99	-2	Atm?		
7855.16	-2		Ni	4.52 6.09	7891.144	1	Atm		
7855.405	1	-1	Fe	5.04 6.61	7891.898	4	Atm (CN)	1, 0	
7855.822	-2	ob			7893.5128	4	Atm		
7858.30	-3		Atm?		7893.62	-3	CN	1, 0	1
7858.97	-3		Atm?		7894.15	-2N	CN	1, 0	1
7860.76	-2	-3	⊙ Atm		7894.849	0	Atm		
7861.045	-1	-2	Ni	3.69 5.26	7895.13	-2	CN	1, 0	
7861.32	-2		Atm		7895.515	3 3	Atm (Ti p)	0.82 2.39	
7862.28	-3		Atm?	1, 40			(CN)	1, 0	
7863.193	0		Atm	1	7896.035	5	Atm		
7863.799	0	-1	Ni	4.52 6.09	7896.378	-1	ob	MgII	9.96 11.52
7864.437S	2		Atm		7896.66	-3	⊙		1
7865.71	-2		Atm		7897.06	-3	CN	1, 0	1
7866.080	3		Atm		7898.03	-3	⊙		1
7866.32	-3		Atm	1	7898.38	-3	Si?p	6.07 7.63	1
7866.710	-2		Atm				CN	1, 0	
7868.09	-3		Atm	1	7899.53	-2	Atm		1
7869.635	1	-1	Fe	4.35 5.92	7899.86	-2	CN	1, 0	1
7869.94	1	2	Zr	0.68 2.25 9	7900.797	3	Atm (CN)	1, 0	
			Atm		7901.16	-3	Atm		1
7870.50	0		Atm		7901.780	9	Atm (CN)	1, 0	
7872.79	2	4	Atm (CN)	40	7902.880	-1	Atm		
7873.34	-3		CN	1, 0	7903.160	0	⊙		
7873.96	-3		CN	1, 0	7903.794	-1	Atm		
7874.84	-3		CN	1, 0	7904.18	-3	Fe p	2.98 4.54	1
7875.320	2		Atm	1	7904.53	-3	⊙		1, 24
7876.114	1		Atm (CN)		7905.60	-3	CN	1, 0	1, 24
			(CN)	1, 0	7906.33	-3	Atm?		1
7876.570	6		Atm		7906.80	-3	⊙		1
7876.705	-2		Atm		7907.19	-2	Atm		
7877.059	0	ob	MgII	9.95 11.52	7907.46	-2	Atm		1
7877.53	ON		⊙ (CN)	1, 0	7908.14	-3N	Cr	5.60 7.16	1
7878.89	-3N		CN	1, 0	7908.750	8	Atm (CN)	1, 0	
7879.78	-1		Fe	5.01 6.58					1
7879.86	1		Atm	16	7909.05	-3			
7880.14	-3		Atm?	1	7909.370	1N 2N	Atm		
7880.699	3		Atm				Ti p	3.31 4.87	
7880.847	-2		CN	1, 0	7909.610	-2	CN	1, 0	
7881.67	0		⊙	1			Fe?p	4.99 6.55	
7881.92	2	ON	Atm		7910.664	2	Atm (Cr)	5.60 7.16	
7882.30	-3		⊙?	1			Atm		1
7882.84	-3		CN	1, 0	7911.31	-3	Atm		
7884.44	-3		⊙?	1	7912.004	-2	⊙		
7885.014S	1	4	Atm Ti p (CN)	25 0.83 2.40 1, 0	7912.384	-1	-2	Si	6.07 7.63
			Atm?		7912.870S	2	5	Fe	0.86 2.41
7885.72	-2		Atm?		7913.438	-1	-2	Si	5.84 7.40
7886.202	-1		Atm		7913.80	-3	-1	CN	1, 0
7886.802	0		Atm		7915.35	-3	⊙		
7887.117S	3		Atm						
7887.78	-3		CN	1, 0					
7888.85	-3N		Atm?	1					

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident.	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident.	E P or Band Data	Notes
7915.634S	3	Atm			7944.001	8N 6N	Si	5.96 7.51	
7916.10)	-3	Atm		1			(Ti)	3.28 4.83	
7916.32)	-3	☉?		1	7944.38	-3	CN	1, 0	1
7916.532	-1	Atm			7945.27	-3	☉		1
7916.79	-2	☉?		1	7945.858S	7 9	Fe	4.37 5.92	
7917.428)	2 3	Ni	3.72 5.28		7946.744	0	Atm		
7917.561)	0	Atm					(CN)	1, 0	
7917.78	-3	Cr	5.60 7.16		7947.63		Rb	0.00 1.55	
		CN	1, 0		7947.726	2	Atm		
7918.383	4 1	Si	5.93 7.49		7948.78	-2 -2	CN	1, 0	1
		(CN)	1, 0		7949.149	-2 4	Ti	1.50 3.05	
7920.03	-3	CN	1, 0	1	7950.42	-3 -2	CN	1, 0	1
7920.24	-3	CN	1, 0	1	7950.889	1	Atm		
7920.666S	7	Atm			7951.176	1	Atm		
7922.98	-2NN	ONN	-CN	1, 0 1	7951.73	-2 -1	CN	1, 0	1
7923.81	-3N	ob?	S?	8.38 9.94	7953.07)	-3N	Atm?		1
7924.169	-1	ob?	Fe p	4.77 6.33			Ni?	4.52 6.07	
7924.348	4	Atm			7953.39)	-3	☉?		1
7925.30	-3d?	Atm?		1	7953.64	-2	Atm?		1
7925.82	-1	ob			7953.84	ins	☉?		
7926.29	-3	-1	Ti	3.27 4.83 1	7954.12	-3	☉?		1
			CN	1, 0	7954.57	-2	CN	1, 0	1
7926.54	-3	☉		1	7954.97	-1N)	ON	Fe p	2.98 4.53
7927.14	-3N	☉		1	7955.71	1 -1	Fe	5.01 6.56	
7927.928	-2	CN	1, 0		7956.19	1	Atm		
7928.24	-2	Atm		1, 40	7956.71	-1 0	Zr	0.65 2.20	
7928.618S	7	Atm					CN	1, 0	
7929.20	-3	Atm?		1	7957.01	-2 -1	CN	1, 0	
7929.339	2	Atm			7957.77	-3	Atm		
7929.68	-3	Atm?		1	7958.21	-3	CN	1, 0	1
7929.81	-3	CN	1, 0	1	7958.492S	7	Atm		
7929.939	-1	Atm			7958.76	-3			1
7930.28	-3N	GdIII?-			7959.148	1 0	Fe	5.01 6.56	
		S?	8.38 9.94	1	7959.70	-3	☉		1
7930.819	2N	2N	Mg p	5.92 7.48	7960.270	1	Atm		
7931.772	2	Atm			7960.734	5	Atm		
		(S)	8.38 9.94		7961.604	3 5	Atm		
7932.351	8N	5N	Si	5.94 7.49			Ti	3.29 4.84	
7933.12	1	2?	Cu	3.77 5.33	7962.606	-2	CN	1, 0	
		(CN)	1, 0		7962.861	-3d	Atm		
7933.48	-2	-1	CN	1, 0 1	7963.132	8N	Atm ☉?		22
7934.11	-3N	☉?		1			(CN)	1, 0	
7934.99	-3N	☉		1	7964.349	2	Atm		
7936.39	-3N	☉		1	7964.970	3 2d	Atm		
7937.150S	7 7	Fe	4.29 5.85				Fe p	5.04 6.59	
7937.65	-3	CN	1, 0	1, 40			(CN)	1, 0	
7938.05	-3	☉		1	7965.55	-2 -1N	Fe p	5.06 6.61	1
7938.61	-2	-1	Ti p	1.87 3.43 1	7966.43	-2	Atm		
			CN	1, 0	7967.10	-2 -1	CN	1, 0	
7938.96	-2	Atm					Fe?p	4.17 5.72	
7939.23	-2	CN	1, 0	1	7967.70	-3	Atm?		1
7941.096S	2 3	Fe	3.26 4.81		7968.121	4	Atm		
7941.79	1N	Atm-			7968.473	-1	CN	1, 0	
		Fe p	3.03 4.59		7968.765	-1	Atm		
7942.00	-2	-1	Cr	4.37 5.92	7969.26	-3N	Atm?		1
			CN	1, 0	7970.11	-1	CN	1, 0	1
7942.74	-1	Atm			7970.300)	2N)	ON	Si	5.94 7.49
7943.28	-2	-2?	☉		7970.81	-3	☉		1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
7971.522S	4	Atm			8000.300S	6	Atm		
7971.86	-3	Atm ⊙		1			(CN)	1, 0	
7972.15	-2	ob?			8000.52	-3	Atm?		1
7973.79	-3	CN	1, 0	1	8000.959	-2	Atm		
7974.136	0	Atm			8001.40	-3	Atm?		
7974.69	-2	CN	1, 0		8002.40	-2	CN	1, 0	1
7975.002	0	Atm			8002.56	-2	Fe p	4.56 6.10	
7975.58	-2N	⊙			8003.237	0	Atm		
7976.30	-2	⊙?		1	8003.53	-2	Atm?		
7976.586	-1	Atm			8003.93	-2N	⊙?		
7977.215	-2	CN	1, 0	40	8004.588	0	Atm		
7977.995	-1	Atm			8004.971	0	Atm		
7978.56	-3	CN?	1, 0	1	8006.46	-3	⊙?		1
7978.834	0	Ti	1.88 3.43		8006.62	-2	Atm?		1
			3.31 4.85		8006.97	-3	⊙?		1
7979.81	-3N	CN	1, 0	1	8007.470	9	Atm		
7980.008	0	Atm					(CN)	1, 0	
		Fe p	5.06 6.61		8007.720	3	Atm		
7980.452	0	Atm			8008.455	-1	CN	1, 0	
7980.79	-3	⊙		1	8009.38	-3N	Si p	6.10 7.64	
7981.150	-3	CN	1, 0		8010.088	-1	CN	1, 0	
7981.54	-3	⊙?		1	8010.896	1	Atm?		
7981.84	-3	Atm		1	8011.24	-3	Atm?		1
7982.87	-3	Atm		1	8011.72	-3	⊙		1
7983.65	-3	Atm		1	8011.98	-3	⊙?		1
7984.00	-3	Atm		1	8012.273	-1	ob?		
7984.342S	4	Atm			8012.484	-1	⊙		
7984.615	-3	CN	1, 0		8012.940S	4	Atm		
7985.17	-3	⊙?			8013.384	0	Atm		
7985.75	-3N	Atm?		1	8013.81	-3	Atm		1
7986.264	2	Atm			8014.051	1	Atm		
7986.53	-3	⊙?		1	8014.713	-1	Atm		
7987.24	-1N	ON		1	8015.652	-2	Atm?		
7987.391	-1	Atm			8016.523	-1	Atm		
		Co	2.07 3.62				Fe p	4.77 6.31	
7987.97	-2	CN	1, 0	1	8017.04	-3	CN	1, 0	
7988.113	1	Atm			8017.425	0	Atm		
7990.729	1	Atm			8018.044	-1	Atm		
7990.90	0	Atm?					Cr	4.37 5.91	
7991.52	-3	Atm?		1			(CN)	1, 0	
7991.71	-2	⊙?			8018.304	-1	Atm		
7992.322	-1	CN	1, 0		8020.240	-2	⊙		
7993.048	-2N	Al			8020.709	3	Atm ⊙		
7993.43	-3	⊙?			8021.44	-3	⊙?		
7993.86	-1	⊙		1	8022.055	1	Atm		
7993.969	-1	⊙			8022.52	-2	⊙?		
7994.488S	3	Fe			8022.971	0	Atm		
7995.019	-1	Si p	5.59 7.14		8023.166	2	Atm		
		CN	1, 0		8023.852	1	Atm		
7995.63	-1	CN	1, 0		8024.178	1	Atm		
7995.809	-2	⊙					(CN)	1, 0	
7996.485	-1	Ti	3.32 4.87		8024.547	-1	ob		
7996.80	-3	Co?	2.13 3.67	1	8024.861	-1	5	1.87 3.41	
7997.572	-2	Atm			8025.193	0	Atm		
7998.247	2	Atm			8025.57	-3			1
7998.499	2	Atm			8025.865	-1	Atm?		
7998.953	8	Fe	4.35 5.90				CN	1, 0	
7999.88	-3	CN	1, 0	1	8026.09	-1	Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8026.38	-2	CN	1, 0		8060.249	0	Atm		
8026.925	1	-1	⊙				CN	1, 0	
8027.39	-3	ON	V	1.06 2.60	8060.70	-3	⊙?		1
8027.838	1	-2	⊙		8061.16		-1	Cr?	4.39 5.92 1
8027.93	-1	-2	Fe p	3.24 4.77	8062.161	Od			
8028.318	5	4	Fe	4.45 5.99	8062.594	-2	-1	CN	1, 0
8028.544	4		Atm		8062.89	-3		Ti?p	2.14 3.67 1
8029.453	-1		Atm		8063.10		-1	Zr	0.62 2.15
8030.36	-2	⊙?			8063.286S	2		Atm	
8030.67	-2	⊙?		40	8064.106	-2		CN	1, 0
8031.269	1		Atm		8064.61	-3		Atm?	
8032.04	-2		Atm?		8065.226	1		Atm	
8032.77	-2		CN	1, 0 1	8065.876	-1N		⊙	
8033.606	2d		Atm		8066.07		-1	Ti	1.88 3.41 1
8034.293	3		Atm		8067.26	-3		CN	2, 1 1,40
8034.60	-3		N1	3.72 5.26 1	8067.78	-3		⊙?	1
8034.962	-1	0	Ti		8068.261	-2	4	Ti	1.87 3.39
			CN	1, 0	8068.50	-2	ob	SaII	1.74 3.27
8035.36	0		Atm		8069.34	-3		⊙?	1
8035.608	ON	-2N	Si	5.96 7.49	8069.79	-2		⊙?	1
8036.460S	3		Atm		8070.016	-1	ob?	⊙ Atm	
8037.878	-1		Atm		8070.34	-1	2	Zr-	0.73 2.26
8038.15	-1		Atm?		8070.620	-1.		Si?p	6.07 7.60
8039.600S	3		Atm					CN	1, 0
8040.00	-3		⊙?	1	8071.262	1N	ob	⊙	
8040.28	-3		CN	1, 0 1	8072.162	-1	1	Fe	2.41 3.94
8041.038	-1		Atm		8072.381	-1		Atm?	
8041.77	-2N	-1N	CN	1, 0 1				CN	1, 0
8042.321	0	0	⊙		8073.029	-1	-2N	⊙	
8043.169	3		Atm		8073.80	-3		⊙?	
8043.612	-1		Atm		8074.430	-2		CN	1, 0
8043.874	-1		CN	1, 0	8074.744	-2		⊙	
8044.398	2		Atm		8075.158S	2	6	Fe	0.91 2.44
			(CN)	1, 0	8075.549	ON	ob	⊙	
8045.530S	3		Atm		8076.293	1		Atm	
8046.058S	8	8	Fe	4.40 5.93	8077.012	-2		⊙?	
8046.49	-3			1	8077.68	-3		⊙?	1
8046.80	-3		Si p	6.10 7.63	8077.96	-3		⊙?	1
8047.625S	4	8	Fe	0.86 2.39	8078.501	1	0	Atm ⊙	
8048.980	-1		Atm		8079.252	0		Atm	
8049.33	-2N	-3NN	⊙		8079.597	0		Atm	
8049.90	-1NN		-CN	1, 0	8080.582	-2		Ti p	2.17 3.69
8051.12	-3		⊙		8080.69	1N	4N	Fe	3.29 4.81
8052.435	2		Atm					Atm	
8052.88	-3		⊙?	1	8081.11	-3		⊙?	1
8053.098	1	2	-CN	1, 0	8081.523	0	1N	CN	1, 0
8053.81	-3		⊙?	1				Atm	
8054.311	5N	6N	⊙		8082.16	-2			
			(CN)	1, 0	8082.54	-2		CN	1, 0
8054.903	-1		Atm		8082.969	-1	0	⊙ Atm	
8055.995	-1	0?	Co?	4.13 5.66	8083.19	-3N			1
8056.36	-3		⊙?	1	8083.82	-3N			1
8056.67	-3		⊙?	1	8084.807	-1		Atm	
8056.95	-3		⊙?	1	8085.175	8	7	Fe	4.43 5.95
8057.27	-3	-1	⊙	1				(CN)	1, 0
8057.91	-3		⊙?	1	8085.431	1		Atm	40
8058.54	ON		Atm		8085.82	-3		⊙?	1
8058.74	-1	ob?	⊙		8086.18	-3		Si?p	6.06 7.58
8059.538	1		Atm		8087.46	-2N		⊙?	1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8088.31	-3	☉?		1	8118.105	1	Atm		
8088.56	-2	Atm?			8118.446	-1	Atm		
8089.361	-1	-2?	☉		8118.9108	2	Atm		
8089.76	-3N	☉?		1			(CN)	1, 0	
8090.464	1N	-1N	☉ Atm?	9	8119.70	-3	-2	☉	
8091.082	-1	Atm			8119.992	-2	Atm ☉		
8091.50	-3	☉?		1	8120.661	2	Atm		
8091.95	-2N	☉?			8121.248	0	Atm		
8092.640	2	1	Cu	3.80 5.33	8121.499	1	Atm		
			(CN)	1, 0	8122.22	-3	☉		1
8093.04	-3	CN		1, 0	8122.576	3	Atm		
8093.232	3	ON	<u>Si</u>	5.84 7.36	8122.820	-1	Atm		
			<u>V?</u>	1.05 2.57	8123.316	1	Atm		
8093.76	-3			1	8123.579	1	Atm		
8093.937	1	-1	Co	4.00 5.53	8124.289	-3N	-3N	Atm?	
8094.270	2		Atm		8125.054	2N	3N	☉ Atm	
8094.836	-2		☉?		8125.4458	3	Atm		
8095.352	-1		Atm		8126.227	-2	-1	CN	1, 0
8096.02	-1	-1	Ni?	5.61 7.13	8126.48	-3			1,61
			CN	1, 0	8126.852	3	Atm		
8096.5808	3		Atm		8127.130	-2	Atm		
8096.874	1	1	Fe	4.06 5.58	8127.94	-3N	-2N	Ti?	1
8097.524	ON		☉		8129.35	-3		Fe p	2.75 4.26
8098.746	7N	5N	<u>Mg</u>	5.92 7.44	8130.01	2		Atm	
			Atm		8130.23	-1		Atm	
8098.90	-2				8130.460	5		Atm	
8099.418	-1		Atm				(CN)	1, 0	
8100.43	-3			1	8131.00	-1		Atm?	1
8101.09	-2				8131.213	2		Atm	
8101.382	0		Atm		8131.38	-1		☉?	1
8101.86	-2		Atm?	1	8131.709	-2		Atm?	
8102.285	-1		☉?		8132.373	ON		Atm ☉	
8103.1658	1		Atm		8133.04		-1	Zr	0.68 2.20
8103.764	-2		☉?		8133.2098	2		Atm	
8104.03	-2Nd?		☉?	1	8133.564	-1		Atm	
8104.709	0		Atm		8133.777	10		Atm	
8105.69	-3			1	8134.520	-1		Atm	
8105.937	-2				8135.047	9		Atm	
8106.385	-1		Atm		8136.207	1		Atm	
8106.708	-2				8136.525	3		Atm	
8107.12	-2		CN	1, 0	8137.149	1		Atm	
8107.32	-2		☉	1	8137.47	-3	-2	☉	1
8107.8428	4		Atm		8137.974	-2	-1	☉	
8108.312	-2		Fe p	2.72 4.24	8138.777	1		Atm	
8109.018	2		Atm		8139.7188	3		Atm	
8109.840	-1		-CN	1, 0	8140.674	10d		Atm	
8110.090	-2		CN	1, 0	8141.936	9		Atm	
8110.568	2		Atm		8142.761	-2		☉	
8111.01	-3		Atm?	1	8143.56	-3		Atm	
8111.85	-3		☉?	1	8143.794	4		Atm	
8112.179	-2		Fe p	2.68 4.20	8144.193	1		Atm	
8112.406	2		Atm		8144.515	1	3N	<u>Atm</u>	
8113.631	3		Atm					V	1.04 2.55
8113.948	4		Atm		8144.76	-3		Atm?	1
8114.69	-1	-3	☉		8145.478	-1	0	Fe	
8114.890	0	0	CN	1, 0	8146.2138	5		Atm	
8115.931	-2	-1	☉		8146.67	-3		Fe p	3.26 4.77
8116.73	-2N	10N	-V	1.08 2.60	8147.1888	5		Atm	
8117.301	-2	-2?	☉?		8148.078	3		Atm	

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or Band	Data			Disk	Spot		or Band	Data	
8148.392	6		Atm				8175.12	-3		☉?			
8149.269	3		Atm				8175.72	-3		Atm?			
8149.689	5ns		<u>Atm</u>				8176.32	-3					1
			Fe	(4.56	6.08		8176.975	(20)		Atm			
				4.56	6.08		8177.9325	7		Atm			
8149.876	4.		Atm				8178.4915	4		Atm			
			(CN)		1, 0		8179.056	7		Atm			
8150.54	-3		Si p	5.59	7.10					(Fe)	4.29	5.80	
8151.336	-2		☉?				8179.48	-3		Si p	5.84	7.35	1
8151.95	-3		Co	4.05	5.57	1	8179.913	0		Atm			
8152.498	8		Atm				8180.23	-3		☉?			1
8153.06	-2		☉				8180.878	-3		☉			
8153.703	5		Atm				8181.273	-3		☉			
8154.409	3		Atm				8181.8485	9		Atm			
8154.670	9tr		Atm				8182.25	-3		Atm?			
8155.22	-3		☉ Atm			40	8182.48	-3		☉			
8155.467	-1		Atm ☉?				8183.12	1		Atm			
8155.85	-3		Atm?			1	8183.30	11N	15N	Na	2.09	3.60	15
8156.51	-3		Atm?				8184.207	-2		☉ Atm?			
8156.854	-1		Atm				8184.50	-3		☉			
8157.57	-3		☉?			1	8184.78	-2		Atm			
8158.019	9		Atm							N?	10.29	11.79	
			(CN)		1, 0		8185.34	-3		☉?			
8158.84	-3		☉				8185.67	-3		Cr?	4.39	5.90	
8159.15	-1	ON	☉			1,40	8186.371	8		Atm			
8160.16	-3N		☉				8186.791	2	3	Fe	4.89	6.40	
8160.78	-3		☉							(V)	1.05	2.55	
8160.98		1N	V	1.06	2.57		8187.852	1N	0	<u>Atm</u>			
8161.434	9		Atm							N	10.28	11.79	
			(CN)		1, 0		8188.11	-2N	-1N	☉			
8161.972	5		Atm				8189.272	(20)		Atm			
8162.35	9		Atm				8190.83	-2		☉			
8162.801	-3		Atm				8191.02	-1		Atm			
8163.02	-3	-1N	Atm				8191.61	-3N		Atm?			1
			Cr?	4.37	5.88	1	8192.069	-1		Atm			
8163.776	-1		Atm				8192.24	-2					
8164.157	2		Atm				8192.55	-3					
8164.54	(20)		Atm				8193.113	(20)		Atm			
8165.3375	3		Atm				8193.738	-2		Atm			
8165.79	-3		☉?			1	8194.233	-3		Atm			
8166.06	-3		☉?			1	8194.8368	12N	18N	Na	2.10	3.60	15
8166.450	-1		Atm				8195.452	-2		☉			
8166.75	-3		Cr?	4.39	5.90		8195.98	-3		Atm			
				4.37	5.88		8196.51	-2		Fe p	4.57	6.08	
8167.138	-1		Atm				8196.96	-3		☉			
8167.660	-2		☉				8197.704	(20)		Atm			
8168.107	-2		☉				8198.278	-3		☉			
8168.820	8		Atm				8198.98	3	6	<u>Fe</u>	4.42	5.92	
8169.3865	6		Atm							Atm			
8169.995	10		Atm							V	1.04	2.54	
8171.239	0	-1	Fe p	5.00	6.51		8199.49	-3		Atm			
8171.647	-1		Atm				8199.989	4		Atm			
8172.00	-3		☉?			1	8200.6945	6		Atm			
8172.36	-3		☉				8200.99	-3		☉			
8173.008	2		Atm				8201.20	-3		☉			
8173.36	-3		☉?				8201.57	-2		Atm			
8173.754	0		Atm				8201.695	2	0	Atm ☉			
8174.12	-3		☉				8202.14	-3		Fe?			
8174.678	3		Atm				8202.37	-3		Atm			

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8202.94	-3	⊙			8235.81	-3	Cr?	4.38 5.88	1
8203.230	-2	ob?			8236.121	2	Atm		
8203.53	-3	⊙?		1	8237.341S	5	Atm		
8204.09	-2	1 Fe p	0.91 2.41		8238.538	-1	ob? Atm		
8204.827	3	Atm			8239.132S	2	3 Fe	9.96 11.45	
8204.95	ON	5 Fe p	0.95 2.46		8239.924S	4	Atm	2.41 3.91	
8205.31	-3				8240.379	-3	⊙?		
8205.67	-3	⊙?			8241.277	-2	Atm		
8206.785	-1	Atm			8241.60		1N V	1.05 2.54	1
8207.04	-3	⊙		1	8241.765	-3	-2? ⊙?		24
8207.749S	4	5 Fe	4.43 5.93		8242.365	2d	Atm		
8208.15	-3	Atm					N?	10.29 11.79	
8208.56	-2	Co	4.22 5.73		8243.130	2	Atm		
8209.559	3	Atm			8243.488	9	Atm		
8209.85	-3	⊙?			8244.05	-2N	Atm		1
8210.321	2	Atm			8244.75	-3N	Atm		
8211.05	-3NN	⊙			8245.28	-3N	Atm		
8211.151	-2N	Atm			8245.84	-3N	Atm		1
8211.57	-3	ON			8246.629	1	Atm		
8212.132S	5	Atm			8246.81	-3	⊙		
8212.55	-3	0 Zr	0.65 2.15		8247.307	-3	⊙		
8213.041	9N	8N Mg	5.73 7.23		8247.85	-3	Atm		1
8213.85	-1d	ON Atm ⊙			8248.137S	4	3 Fe	4.35 5.85	
8214.413	2	Atm			8248.802S	4	1 ⊙		
8214.71	-3	ob? ⊙?		1	8249.620	-3	Atm		
8215.155	2N	ON ⊙			8250.38	-2	⊙		
8215.798	-2	ob			8250.99	-2			
8216.303	-2	ob N	10.29 11.79		8251.636	-3	⊙		
8216.975	-2	Atm			8252.02	-3	⊙		
8218.114S	10	Atm			8252.727S	6	Atm		
8218.51	-2	ob ⊙			8253.60		1N V	1.08 2.57	
8219.710	-2	⊙			8253.81	-3	Fe p	4.56 6.06	
8220.388	10	11 Fe	4.30 5.80		8254.32	-3	Fe	3.03 4.53	1
8221.553S	6	Atm			8254.681	1	-2 ⊙		
8222.24	-3	Atm?			8255.57	-3	⊙?		
8222.70	-3	⊙		1	8256.00		2N V	1.06 2.55	1
8222.88	-2	ob N	10.29 11.79		8256.515	(20)	Atm		
		Atm?			8257.283	-3	⊙		
8223.990	8	Atm			8257.51	-3	⊙		
8224.460	2	Atm			8257.860	2	Atm		
8224.82	-3	⊙?			8258.40	-3d	⊙		1
8225.124	-2	⊙?			8258.72	-3			1
8225.688S	5	Atm			8259.692S	8	Atm		
8226.962	(20)	Atm			8260.355	0	Atm		
8227.25	-2				8260.79	-2	Atm?		
8227.986	7	Atm			8261.00	-3N	Atm		1
8228.32	8d	Atm			8261.849	-1	Cr?	2.95 4.45	
8228.761	8	Atm					Atm		
8228.86	-3				8262.733	-1N	Atm		
8229.27	-3				8263.445S	7	Atm		
8229.762S	8	Atm			8263.850	0	0 Fe p	4.93 6.43	
8230.486	2	Atm			8264.276	0	ob? Fe	5.08 6.58	
8230.63	-3	Si	5.59 7.09		8264.642	-1	Atm		
8231.289	9	Atm			8264.969	0	Atm		
8231.703	8	Atm			8265.69	-3N	⊙?		
8232.319	5	6 Fe	4.40 5.90		8266.433	-1	0 ⊙		
8233.906S	8	Atm			8267.118	-1	-1 ⊙		
8234.628S	3	Atm			8268.073	-1	⊙		
8235.34	-3	⊙?		1					

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8268.47	-3	Atm		1	8303.17	-3	Fe p	2.72 4.20	
8268.83	-3	Atm ⊙		1			Cr?	2.70 4.18	
8269.186	2d	Atm ⊙			8303.39	-2	Atm		
8269.644	0	-2	Fe p	4.57 6.07	8304.300s	6	Atm		
8270.16	-3	⊙		1	8305.092	12	Atm		
8272.042s	8	Atm			8305.617	-1	ob ⊙		
8272.47	-3	CN?		3, 2 40	8306.20	-3	-2	Atm?	1
8273.076	2	Atm					Zr?	0.62 2.11	
8273.475	-2	-1	Ag?	3.76 5.25	8306.41	-3	⊙?Atm?		1
8274.354	(20)	Atm			8306.699	-2	Atm		
		(Fe)	5.05 6.54		8307.12	-3	Atm?		1,61
8275.553	-2	Atm			8307.54		Ti	0.82 2.31	
8275.899	1	-1	Fe	4.93 6.43	8307.603	0	2	Atm	
8276.54	5	Atm					Fe p	0.99 2.47	
8276.69	6	Atm			8308.670	0	Atm		
8278.19	-3	Atm			8309.39	-3	⊙?		
8278.710	2	-1N	Atm ⊙		8309.71	-2	⊙		
8279.600s	9	Atm			8310.115	2	id	Atm	
8282.024	12	Atm			8310.252	2	⊙		
8282.67	-3	Atm?			8310.829	-1	Atm		
8283.06	-3	Atm?			8311.28	-3N	⊙		
8283.42	-3	Atm?			8311.767	2	1	Atm ⊙	
8284.53	-2d	⊙ Atm			8311.956s	6	Atm		
8285.17	-1d?	⊙ Atm			8312.44	-3			
8285.71	-3	Atm?			8312.874	-3			
8286.17	-3	Atm			8313.301	-3	⊙		
8287.233	-2	Atm		40	8313.873	3	Atm		
8287.50	-2	Atm			8314.45	-3	ob?	⊙	24
8287.940	12	Atm			8314.77	-3	⊙		
8288.221	2	Atm			8315.67*	-3	Atm		
8288.63	-3				8315.927	-1	Atm		
8288.955	-3	-2	⊙		8316.224s	5	Atm		
8289.535	9	Atm			8316.3	0?			1,61
8290.01	-3	⊙			8317.02	-3			
8290.45	-3N				8317.394	-3	Si?	5.59 7.07	
8290.98	-3	⊙		1	8318.139	9	Atm		
8291.229	0	Atm			8319.36	-3	⊙		
8292.07	-3	Atm?			8320.183	-3	⊙		
8292.806	0	-2	⊙		8320.443	-3	⊙?		
8293.52	4	5	Fe	3.29 4.77	8320.9	-1?			1,61
8294.160	10	Atm			8321.242	9	Atm		
8294.541	5	Atm			8321.587	10	Atm		
8295.299	3	Atm			8322.527	-3			
8295.668	-2	Atm			8322.924	-3	⊙?		
8296.028	1	Atm			8323.42	-3N	Atm		
8296.562	-3	Atm			8324.142	-2	⊙		
8297.37	-3	⊙			8324.608	-2	Atm		
8297.65	-3	Cr?	4.39 5.88		8324.99	-3	⊙?		
8298.066	-1	Atm			8325.450	-3	⊙		
8298.454	-2N	⊙			8325.737	-3	⊙		
8298.973	-2N	Atm			8326.316	1	Atm		
8299.45	-3	Atm			8326.68	-3			1
8299.985	-1	Fe p	5.05 6.53		8327.061s	10	12	Fe	2.19 3.67
8300.408s	10	Atm			8328.474	1	Atm		
8300.94	-3	Atm			8328.950	-2	ob?		
8301.49	-1	ob	⊙		8329.254	-2	Atm		
8302.19	-3	⊙		1	8329.682s	8	Atm		
8302.681	-3	⊙			8330.26	-2	⊙		1



I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8330.489	-1	Atm			8355.15	-3	Fe p	4.09 5.56	1
8331.20	-3	○			8355.36	-3	○?		
8331.432	-3	-3?	○		8356.02	-3	Fe p	4.28 5.75	1
8331.926	6	7	Fe	4.37 5.85	8356.37	-3	○?		
8332.145	2		Atm		8357.040S	6	Atm		
8332.726	1		Atm		8357.441	3	Atm		
8332.88	-1	-2N	○		8357.873	-3NN	ob?	○	
8333.584S	5		Atm		8358.504	1N	1N	Fe p	2.98 4.45
8333.891	-3		Atm		8359.542	2		Atm	
8334.33		4	Ti	0.81 2.30	8360.795	2	2	Fe	4.45 5.93
8334.454	2		Atm		8362.000	4		Atm	
8335.150	3N	ob	C	7.65 9.13	8362.302S	5		Atm	
8335.508	3		Atm		8362.56	-3N			
8336.108	0		Atm		8363.254	-3		Atm	
8336.236	0	-1	○		8363.58		0	Ti p	2.08 3.56 1
8336.98	-2		○?	1	8363.837	-3		○	
8337.10	-2		○?	1	8364.243	1	6	Ti	0.83 2.31
8337.34	-3N		○?		8364.948	-3N		○?	
8337.916	-3		○?		8365.640	3	3	Fe	3.24 4.71
8338.343	-2		Si	5.84 7.32	8366.022	-3		Atm	
8338.666	-1		Atm		8366.542	1		Atm	
8338.902	0		Atm		8367.022	-3		Atm	
8339.034	10		Atm		8367.331S	6		Atm	
8339.413	4	3	Fe	4.42 5.90	8369.06	-3		Atm	
8340.500	-1	-2?	○		8369.25	-3N		Atm	40
8341.443	0		Atm		8369.77	-1		Atm	
8341.874	-1		Atm		8369.858	-1	ON	Fe p	4.89 6.37
8342.290S	3		Atm		8370.472	-1		Atm	
			(Fe p)	2.94 4.42	8370.802	-3		Atm	
8342.866	0	-2	Fe	4.97 6.45	8371.457	-2N		○ Atm	
8343.33	-3		○?		8372.177	-2		Atm?	
8343.716	-2	ob	○		8372.777	-2		Co	4.05 5.53
8343.932	0		Atm		8373.236	-2		Atm	
8344.31	-3		Atm		8373.711	5d		Atm	
8344.765	-3		○?		8374.546	1		Atm	
8345.19	-3		Fe p	2.68 4.16	8375.713	-1		Atm	
8345.73	-3		○		8376.187	-2		Atm	
8346.131	9N	7N?	Mg	5.92 7.40	8376.381S	4		Atm	
8346.39	-2N		Atm		8376.594	-2		Atm	
8347.326	1	2	○ Atm		8376.90	-3			1
8347.829	-2	-3	○		8377.160	2		Atm	
8348.304	0	3	Cr	2.70 4.17	8377.39	-2	ob	○	1
8348.72	-3		Atm		8377.870	1	8	Ti	0.82 2.30
8349.02		3	Fe p	0.91 2.39	8378.25	ON		○	1
8349.162S	4		Atm		8379.37	-3		Co?	4.19 5.66
8349.383	3		Atm		8379.77	-3		Atm?	1
8349.77	-3		Atm		8380.68	-3		Mn?	1
8349.964	-2		Atm		8381.440	1		Atm	
8350.733	-2	-3	○		8382.217	-3		Fe p	0.99 2.46
8351.04	-3		Atm		8382.541	1	5	Ti	0.81 2.29
8351.45	-3N		Atm	1	8382.781	1	5	Ti	0.81 2.28
8352.18	-3		Atm		8383.302	-2	ob	○	
8352.43	-3				8383.58	-3N			
8352.806	-2		Atm		8383.861	-1		Atm	
8353.123	-2	3	Ti	0.81 2.29	8384.170	1		Atm	
8353.55	-2		Atm	1	8384.831	-1N		○ Atm	
8353.642	4		Atm		8385.48	ON	0	○?Atm	
8354.36	-2N		○?	40	8385.63	-1		Atm	
8354.723	2		Atm		8386.182	-1		Atm	

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8386.35	-1	Ti p	2.09 3.57	1	8420.496	-2Nd? -2d	⊙		
8386.53	-3	⊙?			8421.443	Od? -1d?	⊙		
8386.933	0	Atm			8422.06	-3	⊙?		
8387.782	10 12	Fe	2.17 3.64		8422.412	-3	⊙?		
8388.328	-3				8422.923	1 1	Fe	4.12 5.59	
8389.19	-3N	⊙?			8423.14	-2NN 1?	Ti-	1.87 3.34	
8389.521	-1 2	Ti Zr	2.08 3.55 0.60 2.07		8423.65	-3	Atm?		1
8390.459	-2 ob	⊙			8424.139	2 ob	Fe	4.93 6.40	
8391.185	-2 ob	⊙			8424.44	-2N 2	Ti	2.09 3.56	1
8393.68	-2	Atm			8425.62	-3	⊙?		1
8394.0205	3	Atm			8425.889	-3	Fe p	1.01 2.47	
8394.518	-2	Atm			8426.126	-3	⊙		
8394.882	-1	Atm			8426.5148	2 8	Ti	0.82 2.29	
8395.134	-1	Fe?		9	8426.997	-2NN	⊙		
8396.900	0 4	Ti	0.81 2.28		8427.40	-2	Atm		1
8397.1528	2	Atm			8427.769	-3	Atm		
8397.635	0	Atm			8428.107	-3	Atm?		
8397.99	-3N	Si?p	5.59 7.06	1	8429.595	-1	Atm		
8398.481	-3	⊙			8429.967	-2	⊙		
8399.12	-3				8430.798	2	Atm		
8399.947	1N	Atm ⊙?			8431.236	-3			
8400.640	1	Atm			8432.389	-2	Atm?		
8401.401	1 2	Fe	2.47 3.94		8433.23	-3			1
8401.695	-2	Fe p	4.43 5.90		8434.10	-3			
8402.629	-2 -1	Ti-	2.24 3.71		8434.509	Od -2	Fe p	4.99 6.45	
8403.001	-2	Atm			8434.9685	4 9	Ti	0.84 2.31	
8404.182	0	Atm			8435.28	-3	Si?p	4.91 6.37	
8404.382	0 ON	⊙			8435.655	3 .9	Ti	0.83 2.30	
8404.73	-3			1	8436.376	2	Atm		
8405.374	3	Atm			8437.232	-2	⊙?		
8405.665	0	Atm			8437.462	-2 -2N	⊙?		
8407.257	-3	⊙?		40	The bolometer indicates faint diffuse absorption here, superposed on the neighboring sharp lines. We interpret this as due to the fifteenth line (n = 18) in the Paschen series of hydrogen. See Note 20.				
8408.229	-1	Atm			8438.054	1	Atm		
8408.550	-1	Atm			8438.64	-3	⊙?		
8408.755	3	Atm			8438.920	-2 3	Ti	2.25 3.71	
8409.585	1	Atm			8439.5815	5 5	Fe	4.53 5.99	
8410.43	-3Nd	⊙		1	8440.02	-3N			1
8411.127	-1	Atm			8440.40	-3⊙?			
8411.36	-2	⊙		40	8440.751	1d?	⊙?Atm		
8411.62	-3NN -2NN	⊙			8441.480	-3 ob	⊙		
8411.93	-3	Atm		1	8441.765	-3 ob	⊙		
8412.356	2 7	Ti	0.81 2.28		8442.476	2	Atm		
8413.33	-3	Atm			8443.00	-1	Ti	2.24 3.70	1
8414.084	0 Od	Zr	0.68 2.15		8443.975	3 ob	Si	5.85 7.31	
		Fe p-	4.45 5.92		8444.377	-3	Si	5.85 7.31	
		Atm			8444.783	-1	Atm		
8414.59	-3	Atm			8445.278	-3	⊙?		
8415.450	4	Atm			8445.729	-3	⊙?		
8416.934	-2N 4	Ti	2.23 3.69		8446.359	5N 1	⊙	9.48 10.94	23
8417.222	0 -2	Ni	3.82 5.28					9.48 10.94	
		Atm					(Fe p)	4.97 6.43	
8417.51	ON	Ti	2.11 3.57	1	8446.741	2N ob	⊙	9.48 10.94	23
8417.96	-3	Si p	5.59 7.06	1			(Fe p)	4.89 6.35	
8418.408	2	Atm			8447.12	-3			1
8418.639	2	Atm			8447.34	-3	Fe p	4.89 6.35	1
8419.292	0 -1N	⊙			8447.678	-3 -1	Fe p	0.95 2.41	
8419.59	-3			1					
8419.872	-1	⊙							

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8448.60	-3	Atm?			8482.876	-3			
8449.43	-3	Atm?			8483.16	-3	-1N	Ti 1.87 3.32	40
8450.022	-1N	-1N	☉		8483.447	-1			
8450.247	-1N?	0	Cr 2.70 4.16		8486.914	2	Atm		
8450.880	-1N	3	Ti 2.24 3.70		8487.62	-3	☉		1
8452.086	0	☉			8487.92	-3			
8453.661	0	-2N	☉		8488.306	-1	Atm		
8455.295	-3	1	Cr 2.70 4.16		8491.291	-3			
8456.01	-3	Atm?			8491.735	1	Atm		
8456.945	0d	Atm			8492.082	-2	☉?		
8457.15		2	Ti 1.74 3.20	1	8493.39	-3			
8457.88	-3				8493.796	0	-2	Fe p 4.93 6.39	
8458.70	-3	Atm?		1			Atm		
8458.99	-3N	Fe p 4.97 6.43			8494.44		1	Ti 1.73 3.18	1
8459.734	-3	☉?			8495.73	-3			
8460.245	3	Atm			8496.075	-3	1	Ti 2.24 3.69 3.68 5.13	9
8461.472	-3	Fe p 3.59 5.05			8496.483	-1		Fe p 4.40 5.85	
8462.39	-2	☉?			8496.994	2	2W	Fe 4.59 6.04	
8462.90	-3	Atm?		1	8498.062	20	(25)	CaII 1.69 3.14	50
8463.539	-3N	☉?			8499.326	-1	ob	☉	
8464.03	-3	Fe p 5.05 6.50			8499.883	-1		Atm	
8464.69		-1	Zr 0.65 2.11	1	8500.330	-3			
8465.173	-2	Fe p 4.99 6.45			8501.553	1	-1	S1 5.85 7.30	
8465.634	-3	☉?			8501.803	-2	ob?	N1 3.83 5.28	
8466.102	-3	Fe p 4.97 6.42			8502.228	3	-1	S1 5.85 7.30	
8466.510	-3	Fe p 4.12 5.58			The thirteenth member (n = 16) of the Paschen series of hydrogen is masked by Ca II on bolometer curves. See Note 20.				
8467.158	-3	3	Ti 2.11 3.57		8502.76	-3			
The bolometer shows diffuse solar absorption in this region due to the fourteenth line (n = 17) in the Paschen series of hydrogen. See Note 20.					8503.145	0	Atm		
8467.734	-3	☉?			8503.54	-3			1
8468.02	-2			1	8503.966	-3	☉?		
8468.4185	9	12	Fe 2.21 3.67 (Ti) 1.88 3.34		8504.536	-2	☉?		
8468.839	-3				8505.112	-2	☉?		40
8469.20	-3	☉?			8505.852	1	Atm		
8469.892	-3	☉?			8507.70	-3	Atm		
8470.377	-3	☉?			8509.65	-1	Fe p 4.35 5.80		
8470.949	-3	☉?			8510.253	-1	☉?		
8471.28	-3	Atm?		1	8510.92	-3			
8471.7445	2	0	Fe 4.93 6.39		8511.23	-3			
8472.399	-2	☉			8511.49	-3			1
8473.663	0	ob	MgIp 5.91 7.36		8511.912	2	Atm		
8474.362	-1	Atm			8512.294	1	Atm		
8476.35	-3	Atm?		1	8512.97	-3	Fe p 3.00 4.45		1
8476.69	-3N	Atm?			8513.26	-3			1
8477.127	-2	☉			8513.45	-3			1
8477.54	-3				8514.0825	7	9	Fe 2.19 3.64	
8477.999	-1	ob?	☉		8514.63	-3		S1?p 5.59 7.04	
8478.456	-3				8515.1225	5	5	Fe 3.00 4.45	
8478.890	-3				8515.63	-3			
8479.67	-2			1	8516.007	-1N	☉?		
8479.864	0	-1N	☉?		8516.75	-3			1
8480.636	0	-1	Fe p 4.97 6.42		8517.295	0	☉?		
8481.22	-3d?			1	8518.011	-2	2	Ti 2.13 3.57	
8481.60	-3				8518.397	0	1	Ti 1.87 3.32	
8481.986	1	1	Atm Fe p 4.17 5.62		8519.10	-3	Fe p 4.93 6.38		
					8519.640	2	Atm		
8482.412	-3				8520.73	-3			

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8521.219	-2N -1N	☉?			8565.456	-3d? -1	Ti	1.73 3.17	
8522.01	-3			1	8567.043	-2 ob?	☉?		
8522.99	-1NN ONN	☉		9	8567.776	-1 ob?	Fe p	4.89 6.33	
8523.46	-3				8568.724	-1	Atm		
8524.72	-2	☉		1	8569.02	-3			
8525.008	-1 -2	Fe p	4.56 6.01		8569.67	-1	Ti	2.22 3.66	1
8525.50	-3	☉?		1	8571.08	-3			
8525.72	-2N -1	☉			8571.328	-3	Atm		
8526.02	-3	☉?		1	8571.8078	2 -1	Fe p	4.99 6.43	
8526.32	-2	☉?		1	8572.23	-3			1
8526.6768	3 1	Fe	4.89 6.34		8572.65	-3			1
8526.994	-3	Atm			8573.141	0	Atm		
8527.847	0 -2	Fe p	5.00 6.45		8573.47	-2 -2N	☉		
8529.68	-3 -2	☉			8573.96	-3			1
8529.90	-3 -2	☉			8574.538	-3 -2N	☉?		
8530.17	-3 -2	☉			8575.268	-2	☉?		
8531.51	-2 -1Nd	Ti- Atm	1.73 3.17		8575.75	-3			
8531.71	-2 -1	☉			8576.48	-3	Fe p Si?p	4.57 6.01 6.20 7.63	
8533.34	-3				8577.19	-3			
8534.781	0	Atm			8578.43	-2	Ti	1.73 3.16	1
8535.50	-3N	☉?			8579.08	-2	Si	5.96 7.40	
8536.163	3N 0	Si	6.15 7.60		8581.76	-3N			
8536.68	-3				8582.2718	6 7	Fe	2.98 4.42	
8538.021	3 1	Fe p	4.89 6.34		8582.857	-2			
8538.77	-3 -1	☉			8583.310	-1 2	☉		
8539.33	-3 1	Ti	2.23 3.67		8584.09	-3			
8539.888	0	☉			8584.791	-2	Fe p	4.99 6.43	
8540.817	3	Atm			8585.27	-3			1
8542.144	25 (25)	CaII	1.69 3.14	50	8585.577	0 ob?	S		
The twelfth member (n = 15) of the Paschen series of hydrogen is masked by strong CaII on bolometer curves. See Note 20.					8586.211	0 -1	Ni?	5.42 6.86	
8546.222	-1	Atm			8586.64	-3			1
8547.19	-3				8586.90	-3N	Atm?		1
8547.74	-3				8587.04	-3	☉?		
8548.079	-1 3	Ti	1.87 3.31		8587.93	-3			
8548.863	-2 ON	Cr	2.70 4.14		8588.34	-3N			1
8549.188	-3	☉?			8589.59	-3N	-Co?	4.13 5.57	1
8549.74	-3N	☉		1	8590.327	-2			
8550.366	0 -1	Si p	6.20 7.64		8591.191	-2			
8550.52	-1N	Ti	1.74 3.18		8591.54	-2	Atm?		
8553.762	1	Atm			8592.119	-2	Fe p	4.99 6.42	
8554.271	-2				8592.969	3N 1	Fe	4.93 6.37	
8555.000	-2				8595.07	-3N	Atm?		1
8555.569	-2 0	Cr	2.70 4.14	24	8595.9688	3N ON	Si p	6.16 7.60	
8556.32	-3			1	8597.059	1N -1N	Si	6.16 7.60	
8556.7978	8N 2N	Si	5.85 7.29		8598.17	-3d? 1	Ti	2.26 3.69	
8558.563	-3				The bolometer shows diffuse solar absorption in this region due to the eleventh line (n = 14) in the Paschen series of hydrogen. See Note 20.				
8559.061	-2				8598.8368	3 2	Fe	4.37 5.80	
8559.751	-2				8601.03	-3 0	Ti	1.73 3.16 2.24 3.67	
8560.02	-3	Fe	5.00 6.45	1	8602.18	-3	☉?		
8560.639	-3				8602.77	-3 0	Ti?p	2.48 3.91	
8561.05	-3				8603.82	-2 -2	☉?		
8561.61	-2 ob				8604.92	-3	☉?		
8562.109	0 -1?	Fe p	4.45 5.90		8605.74	-3	Atm?		1,61
8562.365	-2				8606.00	-2 ob	Si	5.93 7.36	
8563.83	-3				8606.383	-2 ob?	Ni	5.26 6.70	
8564.62	-3			1					

I A	Intensity Disk	Spot	Ident.	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk	Spot	Ident.	E P or Band Data	Notes
8607.075	0	-1	Fe p	4.99 6.42		8675.370	-1	7	Ti	1.06 2.48	
8607.78	-3	-2	○			8675.88	-3				1
8608.337	0	-2	○			8677.12	-3				1
8608.98		-3			1	8678.950	-2		S	7.83 9.26	
8610.10	-3					8679.646	2	1	Fe p-	4.94 6.37	
8610.609	1	-1	Fe p	4.42 5.85					S	7.83 9.26	
8611.11		-1	○		1	8680.097	-1	ob	N	10.29 11.71	
8611.812S	7	8	Fe	2.83 4.27		8680.405	0	ob	S	7.83 9.25	
8612.90		-2N	Ti	1.73 3.16	1	8680.82	-3		Fe p	4.17 5.59	1
8613.946S	1	-2	Fe p	4.97 6.40		8681.13	-2		Atm?		1
8615.314	-1	-1N	○			8681.52	-3		Atm?		1
8616.284S	2	1	Fe p	4.89 6.32		8681.85	-3		○?		1
8616.99	-3N		○?			8682.45	-3		○?		1
8618.41		-1N	Ti	2.23 3.66	1	8682.987	-1	6	Ti	1.05 2.47	
8619.10	-2d?	-2N				8683.384	-1	-2	N	10.29 11.71	
8619.45	-2	-2N	○		1	8686.368	2	-3	(N)	10.28 11.70	40
8621.618	5	6	Fe	2.94 4.37		8686.75	-3	ON	Fe p	3.86 5.29	1
8622.05	-3		Atm?		1,61					4.97 6.39	
8622.753	0	-1N	○			8687.23	-3		○?		1
8623.738	-2					8687.49	-3		○?		1
8624.46	-3		Atm?			8687.90	-3		○?		1
8626.39	-1?		○		1	8688.642	11N	13N	Fe	2.17 3.59	
8626.59	-1?		Atm		1	8689.788	ON	-1N	Fe p	3.03 4.45	
8629.16	-1N		N?	10.64 12.07						5.08 6.50	
8631.25	-3				1	8692.342	-2	4	Ti	1.04 2.46	
8631.92	-3		○?		1	8693.15	-3		S?	7.84 9.26	1
8632.424	0	-1	Fe p	4.09 5.52		8693.958	0	ob	S	7.84 9.25	
8633.10	-2N		○?			8694.641	2	ob	S	7.84 9.25	24
8633.956	0	2	○			8698.717	0	0	Fe p	2.98 4.40	
8634.16	-2				1	8699.461S	4	1	Fe	4.93 6.35	
8636.26		-3d?	Cr	2.70 4.13	24	8700.314	-2	ob?	Fe p	4.93 6.35	
8637.003	0	-1	Ni	3.83 5.26		8700.949	-1N	-2N	Mn	4.41 5.83	
8643.00	-3		Cr	2.70 4.13		8701.73	-3		Atm?		1
8643.35	-3	-2N	Fe p	4.89 6.32		8702.510	-1		Ni	2.73 4.15	
8646.358	0	ob	○			8703.15	-3		N	10.28 11.70	1
8647.88	-2		○?		1	8703.73	-2N	-2N	Mn	4.41 5.83	
8648.472S	10N	3	Si			8704.52	-3N		Atm?		1
8650.91	-3		Atm?			8705.18	-2		○?		
8652.475	-1		Fe p	4.14 5.56		8706.055	-2		○?		
8654.04	-3		○?			8706.89	-3		○?		1
8654.436	-1	-2	Fe p	3.29 4.71		8707.31	-3N		Cr?	2.70 4.12	1,24
8655.20	-3		○?		1	8707.942	-3		Cr?	4.37 5.79	
8656.05	-3		Atm?		1	8709.28	-3N		○?		
8656.672	-1	-2	Fe p	5.00 6.42		8710.21	-2				1
8657.57	-3		○		1	8710.398	5	3	Fe	4.89 6.31	
8661.97	2	4?	Fe	2.21 3.64	1	8711.671	-2		N	10.29 11.70	
8662.170	23	23	CaII	1.69 3.11	50	8712.701	2	-2	○		
8663.723	-1	ob?	Fe p	4.97 6.39		8713.208S	3	3	Fe	2.94 4.35	
The tenth member of the Paschen series of hydrogen (n = 13) is masked by strong CaII on bolometer curves. See Note 20.										4.97 6.38	
8667.366	-1	-1	Si p	5.94 7.36		8713.89	-3		Atm?		1
			Fe p	2.44 3.87		8716.62	-3		Atm?		1
8668.456	-2d?		○			8717.833S	7N	4N	Mg? p	5.91 7.32	
8670.20	-2		S	7.83 9.26		8718.76	-3		Cr?	4.38 5.80	24
8670.627	-1		S	7.83 9.26				0	N	10.29 11.71	
8671.308	-1N		S	7.83 9.26		8719.66			Ti	1.73 3.15	1
8671.879	0	-1	Fe p	5.00 6.42		8724.13	-3		○?		1
8674.756S	7	8	Fe	2.82 4.24		8725.216	-3		○?		
						8725.95	-3		○?		1
						8727.19	-3		Fe p	4.17 5.58	

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or Band	Data			Disk	Spot		or Band	Data	
8728.024	4	ob	Si	6.15	7.57		8801.05		0	⊙			1,24
8728.604	-2	ob	Si	6.15	7.57	24	8801.81		0	Fe p	3.93	5.33	1
8729.171	1	1	Fe p	3.40	4.81		8802.13	-2	-2	⊙?			1
8730.22	-3	ob?	⊙			1	8802.92		1	⊙			1,24
8734.74	-3	5	Ti	1.05	2.46		8803.397	-1		Atm			
8736.040	10N	2N	Mg	5.92	7.33		8803.52		0	⊙			1,24
8737.40	-2	-2	Mn	4.42	5.83		8803.82		-1				
8738.76	-3N		Atm?			1	8804.637	3	6	Fe	2.27	3.67	
8739.50	-3		Atm?			1	8805.19	-1		Fe p	4.89	6.29	
8740.24	-3		Atm?			1	8806.775	14	16	Mg	4.33	5.73	
8740.85	Od	-1	Mn	4.42	5.83		8808.173	2	-1	Fe	4.99	6.39	
8741.68	-2		Atm?			1	8808.80	-2N		⊙			1
8742.466	6N	2N	Si	5.85	7.26		8809.406	1	0	Ni	3.88	5.28	
8743.53	-3		⊙?				8809.825	-2N					1
8745.34	-2		⊙?			1	8811.704	-1		Atm?			
8745.81	-2					1	8812.98	-2					1
8747.438S	0	-1?	Fe	3.00	4.42	24	8814.31	-2d?		-Fe?	5.05	6.45	1
8747.85	-3					1	8816.876	-1		Fe p	4.97	6.37	
The bolometer shows diffuse solar absorption in this region due to the ninth line (n = 12) in the Paschen series of hydrogen. See note 20.							8818.78	-2					1
8750.57	-3N					1	8819.16	-2		Co	5.13	6.53	1
8751.198	1N	ob?	Si p	5.85	7.26		8819.35		Od?	Ti	1.06	2.46	
8752.025	6N	2N	Si	5.85	7.26		8819.51	ON	1N	Fe p	4.97	6.37	
8753.11	-3N		⊙?			1				4.99	6.39		
8755.75	-2		⊙				8820.231	-1		Atm			
8757.199	4	6	Fe	2.83	4.24		8822.38	-2					
8758.466	-2		Atm?				8824.234S	10	15	Fe	2.19	3.59	
8759.66	-3		⊙?				8828.103	-1	-1	Fe p	4.93	6.33	
8761.28	-3		⊙?			40	8828.87	-2	-2N	Al	4.07	5.47	
8763.978	6	6	Fe	4.63	6.04		8831.241	-2		Atm			
8764.94	-3NN					1	8832.953	-1	ob	⊙			
8766.417	-1	-2	Si	5.94	7.35		8834.025	-1	ob?	Fe p	4.20	5.60	1,40
8766.68	-2	5	Ti	1.06	2.47	1	8835.54	0		Atm			1
8767.05	-2					1	8835.79	0		Atm			
8767.68	-3Nd?		Fe p	3.64	5.05	1				(Cr)	3.07	4.47	
8770.681	0	-1	Ni	2.73	4.14		8836.40	-2					
8771.86	-2N		⊙				8837.05	-2					
8772.57	-1						8838.441	6	9	Fe	2.85	4.24	
8772.884	5	6	Al	4.00	5.41		8839.81	-2	-1	⊙			
8773.906S	6	7	Al	4.00	5.41		8841.23	-1N	ON	Al	4.07	5.47	
8778.68		1	Ti	1.74	3.15	1	8842.60	-2	-1	⊙			1
8778.82		1	⊙			1	8843.52	-2	-1				1
8779.08	-2		Fe p	4.21	5.62	40	8844.56	-2					
8779.72	-2					1	8844.83	-2					1
8780.17	-2	-2	⊙?			24	8845.42	-2		Atm?			
8780.757	2	ob	⊙				8846.03	-2					
8784.444S	1	0	Fe	4.93	6.34		8846.750	3	0	Fe	4.99	6.38	
8790.454S	6	3	Fe	4.97	6.37		8847.15		-1	⊙			1
			Si	6.16	7.57		8847.59		-2				1
				6.16	7.57		8848.47		-1nl				1
8792.95	-1	ob					8849.96		2	⊙			
8793.350S	6	7	Fe	4.59	5.99		8850.71	-2		Co?			
8796.491	2	1	Fe	4.93	6.34		8850.87		1N	⊙			
8798.07	-2	ob	Fe p	4.96	6.37		8852.351	1N	1N	Atm			
8798.55	-2N					1				Fe?p	5.00	6.40	
8798.96	-2					1	8853.35		ON	⊙			1
8799.942	-1		Atm				8854.10		-1N	⊙			1
8800.56		0	Y	0.00	1.40	1,24	8855.35		2	Ti			
							8855.84		0	⊙			1
							8857.294	1		Atm			

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8857.678	1	Atm			8921.632	0	Atm		
8858.816	2N	Atm			8922.643	0	-2 Fe p	4.97 6.35	
8859.99	-1 1N	⊙			8923.570	3	4 Al	4.07 5.45	
8860.78	-1						Mg	5.37 6.75	
8861.95	-1	Atm?		1	8925.288	1	-1W Si	5.93 7.31	
8862.06	0 0	⊙			8925.91	-3	3W Cr-	3.07 4.45	
8862.563	3 4	Ni	4.07 5.46		8926.881	0	Atm		
The bolometer shows diffuse solar absorption in this region probably partly due to the eighth line in the Paschen series of hydrogen. See note 20.					8927.392S	7	3 CaII	7.02 8.40	52
8863.588	1 -1N	Fe	4.94 6.34		8929.072	6	6 Fe	5.06 6.45	
8866.255	1	Atm					Atm		
8866.943S	9 12	Fe	4.53 5.92		8929.476	-2	Atm		
8868.444S	3 5	Fe	3.00 4.40		8930.270S	4	Atm		
8869.049	0	Atm		24	8930.82	-3d	Atm?		
8872.347	0	Atm			8931.76	-1 1N	Fe p	3.03 4.42	40
8873.38	ON ob?	⊙			8932.36	-2N			
8874.478	1N 2N	-S?	8.38 9.77	24	8932.97		2 ⊙		
8875.28	-1				8934.075	8	Atm		
8876.030S	1 0	Fe	5.00 6.39		8935.890	-1	Atm		
8877.04	-1 ob	Ni	5.47 6.86		8940.208	4	Atm		
8877.55	-1 0				8940.585	2	Atm		
8878.271	1 Ow	Fe p	2.98 4.37		8941.667	-1	-1W ⊙		
8878.775	0 -1	Fe p	4.17 5.56		8942.338	3	Atm		
8879.316S	4	Atm			8943.058	2	4W Fe	2.82 4.20	
8880.69	-1N ob	S	8.38 9.77	1	8944.21	1	Atm		
8882.15	1N ob	Atm		24	8945.198	5	6 Fe	5.01 6.39	
		S	8.38 9.77		8946.336	8nl 9nl	Atm-		
8883.68	0 ob	Si	5.93 7.32				Fe	2.83 4.21	
8884.24	-1 ob?	S	8.38 9.77	24	8946.878S	4	Atm		
8885.03	-1			1	8947.197	0	1W Cr	3.09 4.47	
8887.07	-1N	Fe p	4.93 6.32		8948.615	3	Atm		
8891.412	1	Atm			8948.908	0	Atm		
8892.11	-1 ob?	Fe p	5.01 6.40		8949.06	2N 0	Si	5.94 7.32	
8892.738	4 3	Si	5.96 7.35		8950.217	-1 -2W	Fe p	4.14 5.52	
8893.75	-1				8950.744S	1	Atm		
8894.48	0				8951.75	2	Atm		
8895.98	-1	Fe p	4.42 5.80	1	8952.18	3	Atm		
8896.607	2 -1?	⊙? Atm?			8953.10	-2N	⊙		
8897.892	0 -1				8953.62	-2N	⊙		
8898.99	1 -1	Atm			8953.89	-2	⊙		1
		Si	6.18 7.57		8954.313	5	Atm		
			6.20 7.58		8954.967	9	Atm		
8899.222	2 OW	Si?	6.18 7.57	24	8956.30	-3 -3	Fe p	4.99 6.37	
8900.626	2	Atm			8956.71	-1	Atm		
8902.926	-1 -1	Fe p	4.97 6.35		8957.72	-1	Atm		
8903.70	-1				8958.00	-3	Atm?		1
8905.989	1 0	Fe p	5.04 6.43		8958.402S	4	Atm		
8907.245	1N				8959.86	-3N	Fe p	5.00 6.38	
8907.538	1				8960.67	-2N	⊙		
8909.08	-1				8961.31	-3	⊙		1
8911.01	1N				8961.66	-2	⊙		
8912.101	7 3	CaII	7.02 8.40	52	8962.34	6	Atm		
8915.901	-1ns	⊙?			8962.59	6	Atm		
8916.879	-1				8963.492S	4	Atm		
8917.506S	1	Atm			8965.467	5	Atm		
8918.643	-1	⊙?			8965.94	-1 ob	Ni	4.09 5.46	
8919.550	-1	Atm?			8966.406	4	Atm		
8920.036	3 5	Fe	5.04 6.43		8967.59	-3	Fe p	4.99 6.37	1
					8967.72	0 -2W	⊙		
					8968.20	1 -3	Ni	5.32 6.70	

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
8969.0305	0	Atm			9018.090	3	Atm		
8971.09	2	Atm			9019.77	0	1 Fe	5.08 6.45	
8971.56	9d	Atm			9020.22	-1	-1 Atm O		
8972.891	1	Atm			9021.57	3	8 Cr	3.31 4.68	
8974.261	2	Atm			9022.03	0	ob? O		
8974.783	3	Atm			9022.638	8	Atm		
8975.413	1	3 Fe	2.98 4.35		9024.38	2	3W Fe	4.89 6.26	
8976.4245	1	Atm			9024.70	-1	ob? Fe p	4.97 6.34	
8976.88	-1	1 Cr	3.07 4.45		9025.29	0	Atm		
8978.16	-2	-2 Fe p	3.40 4.77 4.99 6.36		9035.907	9	Atm		
8979.23	-1	-2 TiIII?p	2.58 3.95		9027.36	-1	3tr Ti	1.73 3.10	
8980.488	9	Atm			9027.89	-3NN	-TiIII?p	2.59 3.95	
8980.643	9	Atm			9028.17	-1	O		1
8981.428	-1	Atm O?			9029.391	3	Atm		
8983.83	-3	O?		1	9030.31	-2	Atm		
8984.361	-2	Atm			9030.75	0	1 Fe	2.83 4.20	
8984.898	1	0 Fe	5.08 6.45		9031.395	4	Atm		
8986.600	5	Atm			9032.15	-3	Atm		
8987.37	3	Atm			9034.911	1	Atm		
8987.65	10	Atm			9035.88	0	3W Cr	3.07 4.43	
8988.157	1	Atm			9036.72	-2N	Fe	4.97 6.33	
8989.08	3	Atm			9037.76	-2N	O?		
8989.544	1	4 Atm			9038.79	-2N	Fe p	2.94 4.30	
		Ti	1.73 3.10		9040.088	2	Atm		
8990.830	6	Atm			9041.124	1	Atm		
8991.700	5	Atm			9042.28	2	Atm		
8992.014	5	Atm			9042.856	4	Atm		
8993.0435	0	Atm			9047.4125	2	Atm		
8993.27	-3	O?			9048.536	1	Atm		
8993.60	-3	O?		1	9051.07	2	Atm		1
8993.98	-3	O?		1	9051.47	1	-3W O		
8994.66	-3d	Fe p	3.26 4.63		9052.9745	7	Atm		
8997.16	0	-2N Mg?	5.91 7.28		9054.30	-3	Atm		
8998.885	-2	Atm			9057.11	-3	Atm		
8999.580	3	5 Fe	2.82 4.19		9058.31	-3	Atm		1
9000.23	9	Atm			9060.4345	6	Atm		
9000.72	4	Atm			9061.443	7	ob C	7.45 8.81	
9003.610	6	Atm			9061.896	1	Atm		
9003.905	6	Atm			9062.26	1	ob Fe	5.06 6.43	1
9005.730	-1	Atm			9062.48	3	ob C	7.45 8.81	
9006.81	1	Atm		37	9062.696	5	Atm		
		(Fe)	4.97 6.34		9064.006	5d	Atm		
9007.10	1	Atm			9065.452	-1	Atm		
9007.54	3	Atm			9065.94	-3	Atm		1
9007.80	0	Atm			9067.654	-1	Atm		
9008.52	4	1 Fe-	5.05 6.42		9069.126	12	Atm		
9009.047	2	Atm			9070.416	1	2W Fe	4.20 5.56 5.06 6.42	
9009.835	3	10W Cr	3.31 4.68		9071.958	12	Atm		
9010.573	1	2 Fe	2.60 3.97		9073.1345	1	Atm		
9011.886	9	9nl Atm			9074.3065	7	Atm		
		Fe	4.97 6.34		9078.28	7	ob? C	7.45 8.81	
9013.506	-1	Atm			9079.00	2	Atm		
9013.98	0	4W Fe	2.27 3.64		9079.413	2nl	2 Atm-		
9014.92	-2NN	H	12.04 13.40				Fe?	4.63 5.99	
See note 20					9079.847	7	Atm		
9016.08	-2	Atm			9080.532	1Na	1 Fe-	4.93 6.29 5.01 6.37	
9016.736	(30)	Atm					Atm		
		(Cr)	3.31 4.68		9081.307	7	Atm		



I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9083.74	-2N	O		1	9129.856	3	Atm		
9084.22	-2	-2	Fe p	4.24 5.60 1	9130.603	12	Atm		
9085.451	3		Atm		9132.443S	3	Atm		
9086.607	4		Atm		9134.275	3	Atm		
9087.046	7		Atm		9134.789	2	Atm		
9088.391	11nl	10	Fe-	2.83 4.19	9135.152	0	Atm		
			C	7.45 8.81	9135.998	5	Atm		
9089.422	3	4	Fe	2.94 4.29	9136.569	7	Atm		
9089.835	2		Atm		9137.062	5	Atm		
9090.340	1	1	Atm		9139.775	-1	Atm		
9090.72		5	Ti	1.74 3.10	9140.12	-3	CN	0, 0	1,40
9091.47	-1N	-2		1	9140.457S	1	Atm		
9092.482S	5		Atm		9141.119	0	Atm		
9093.779	5		Atm		9142.659	1N	Atm		
9094.82	8	ob	C	7.46 8.81	9143.293	-1	Atm		
9095.12	1		Atm		9143.507	-1	Atm		
9095.369	3		Atm		9144.134	1	Atm		
9098.470	3ns	3ns	O? <u>Atm</u>		9144.560	1	Atm		
9099.22	-2	-2	Ca?p	3.89 5.25	9145.646	-1	Atm		
9099.774	7		Atm		9146.16	3	5	Fe	2.58 3.93
9100.521	6		Atm		9146.810	-2		Atm	
			(Fe)	4.89 6.25	9146.997	-2		Atm	
9101.52	-1		Atm		9147.75	-1	-1	Fe	5.04 6.39
9102.95	-2	ob	O	1	9148.000	0	1	Fe	
9103.67	0	1	Fe	4.16 5.52	9148.645	Onl		Atm	
9105.399S	7		Atm		9150.046	4		Atm	
9106.223	3		Atm		9150.800S	1		Atm	
9106.86	0		Atm		9151.719	2		Atm	
9107.092	1		Atm		9152.067	2		Atm	
9107.398	3		Atm		9152.606	8d		Atm	
9108.024	0		Atm		9153.180	7		Atm	
9108.342	4		Atm		9154.122	-1N	ON	Na?	3.60 4.95
9109.38	-2N		O?		9155.30	5		Atm	
9110.47	0		Atm		9155.69	8		Atm	
9111.14	-2N		Atm	1	9155.98	1		O?	12
9111.877	9	0	C	7.46 8.81	9156.26	0	0	Fe p	3.00 4.35
9112.19	-2	ob?	Fe p	4.97 6.32 1	9156.75	3		Atm	
9112.939	0		Atm		9156.93	-1	ob	Fe	4.97 6.31 1
9114.34	-2N	-1N	O						4.97 6.31
9115.644	3		Atm		9157.68	-3		Atm	1
9116.26	1	1W	Fe		9158.01	-3		Atm	1
9116.940	2N	3N?	<u>Atm</u>		9158.694	-3N		Atm	
			Fe p	4.99 6.34	9159.84	-2		Atm?	1
9117.08	-1		Fe	2.85 4.20 1	9160.091	4		Atm	
9117.341	-1		Atm		9160.904	4		Atm	
9118.009S	5		Atm		9162.23	-2		Atm	1
9118.920	15		Atm	12	9162.589	1nl		Atm	
			(Fe)	2.82 4.17	9163.859	1		Atm	
9120.05	-3		Atm		9164.196	1		Atm	
9120.76	-1		Atm		9164.570	1	0	Fe	4.89 6.24
9123.968	0		Atm		9166.39	-3	-3	Fe?	
9124.262	1		Atm		9167.293	0		Atm	
9124.826	1nl		Atm		9167.926	5		Atm	
9126.612	-2		Atm		9168.769	2		Atm	
9127.115	-3		Atm		9169.353	3		Atm	
9127.831	3		Atm		9170.17	-3		O?	
9128.391	-1		Atm		9170.672	-1*		Atm	
9128.619	3		Atm		9171.02	-2		Atm	1
9129.210	-1		Atm		9171.55	-2		Atm	1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9171.76	-1	Atm			9218.251	3 ob	MgII p	8.62 9.96	
9172.484	3	Atm			9219.54	-3N	Atm		1
9172.892	2	Atm			9220.41	-2	⊙		1
9173.12	-2 -1	Fe p	2.60 3.94	1	9222.015	3	Atm		
9173.73	-1	Fe	3.29 4.63	1	9223.99	-1	⊙		
			5.04 6.39		9224.53	-2Na?	⊙		
9174.120	15	Atm			9225.0063	6	Atm		
9174.34	4	Atm		1	9225.49	-3 -2	Fe	4.56 5.90	1
9174.82	-2	Atm			9226.46	-3 -3	⊙		1
9175.249S	5	Atm			9227.37	-3			1
9176.02	-2	Atm			9228.101	6 0	S	6.50 7.83	
9176.48	-3	Atm			9228.659	1	Atm		
9176.898	7	Atm		12	See note 20				
9178.534S	3	Atm			9229.601	1	Atm		
		(Fe)	4.93 6.28		9230.504	1	Atm		
9179.294	-2	Atm			9231.01	-2	Atm		
9181.203S	3	Atm			9231.37	-3	Atm		1
9182.063	-1	Atm			9231.76	-3 -1W	Y?	0.07 1.40	
9183.461	2d?	Atm			9232.750S	3	Atm		
9184.402	7	Atm			9233.18	-2 -2	Atm		1
9184.965	7	Atm					Fe	5.30 6.63	
9186.476	ON	Atm			9234.790	4	Atm		
9187.237	-3	Atm		40	9235.20	-1 0	⊙		
9187.81	-3	Atm		1	9235.73	-1 0	⊙		
9188.346	-3	⊙			9235.98	-3 -2	⊙		1
9190.208S	3	Atm			9236.55	-3 -2	⊙		1
9191.598	1	Atm			9237.23	0	Atm		
9192.568S	5	Atm			9237.56	6 -3N	S	6.50 7.83	
9193.45	-3	Atm		1	9238.10	4	Atm		
9195.368	9	Atm			9238.918	3	Atm		
9196.017	5	Atm			9239.076	2	Atm		
9197.37	-3N	Atm?		1	9239.43	-3	Atm?		1
9198.50	-3	⊙?		1	9239.85	-1	Atm		
9199.10	1	Atm			9240.38	0	Atm		
9199.39	-2 -3	Fe	5.01 6.35		9240.77	-3N -3N	Atm ⊙		1
9200.23	-3	⊙?		1	9242.26	1 1	Fe	4.97 6.30	
9200.55	-3	⊙?		1	9242.94	1	Atm		
9200.87	-3	Atm		1	9243.22	0	Atm		
9201.97	-3N	⊙?		1	9244.25	ONN ob	MgII p	8.62 9.95	
9203.21	-3d?	Fe p	5.04 6.38		9244.41	1	Atm		
9204.445	-1	Atm			9244.85	2	Atm		
9205.584S	3	Atm			9245.14	-2	Atm		1
9206.836	2	Atm			9245.60	-2 ob	⊙		1
9207.856	2	Atm			9245.83	-2 ob	⊙		1
9208.31	0 ob	Cr?	3.11 4.45	1	9246.31	6	Atm		
9208.598	2	Atm			9246.50	1 2W	Fe	2.58 3.91	1
9209.427	-3	Atm			9247.19	-3 -3	⊙		
9210.036	3 4	Fe	2.83 4.17		9248.10	-3	Fe p	5.05 6.38	1
9210.72	-3N	Atm		1, 40	9248.76	0 1	Fe p	4.94 6.28	
9212.838	5 4	Atm			9249.50	3ns	Atm		
		S	6.50 7.84		9251.100S	6	Atm		
9213.74	-3	Atm		1	9252.412	0 -1	⊙		
9214.649	7nl	Atm			9253.06	0	Atm		
		FeII?p	3.87 5.21		9253.71	3 2	Fe?p	4.99 6.32	
		(Fe)	4.89 6.23				Atm		
9215.555	-1	Atm			9254.347S	1	Atm		
9217.015	2	Atm			9255.16	0	Atm		
9217.276	7d	Atm			9255.79	10N 8N	Mg	5.73 7.06	
		(Fe)	4.97 6.31		9256.78	-1	Atm		1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9257.06	-1	Atm			9291.364	7	Atm		
9258.280	3	3W Fe	4.59 5.92		9292.698	1	Atm		
9259.063	3	3 Fe	4.89 6.22		9293.140	3	Atm		
		Atm			9293.47	-3	Atm		1
9259.44	-2	Atm			9294.06	-3	Cr	2.53 3.86	
9260.369	5	Atm						2.53 3.86	
9260.58	-3	Atm		1	9294.447	3	Atm		
See note 23					9294.659	1N ON	Fe	5.01 6.34	
9260.98	0	Atm			9295.021	3	Atm		
9261.579	0	Atm			9295.257	3	Atm		
9262.269	2	Atm			9296.420	0	Atm		
9262.76	ON ob	O	10.69 12.03	1,23	9297.14	1 1	Fe p	4.71 6.04	
9263.123	0	Atm			9297.69	4	Atm		
9263.64	-2 -3	O			9297.97	1N	Fe p	4.89 6.22	
9263.93	0	2 Atm					Atm?		
		Cr	3.10 4.43		9298.22	0	Atm?		
9265.96	2N ob	O	10.69 12.03	1,23	9298.64	1	Atm		
9266.203	3	Atm			9300.306	5	Atm		
9267.14	-2	Atm		40	9300.579	3	Atm		
9267.39	-3	Atm			9301.06	5	Atm		
9268.65	-3	Atm		1	9301.9105	5	Atm		
9269.06	0	Atm			9302.67	-1	Atm		
9269.33	0 1	O		1	9303.30	-3	Atm		
9270.03	-1	Atm			9303.85	10	Atm		12
9270.80	-1N 0	O?			9304.598	5	Atm		
9271.37	-2 -1	O		1	9305.38	-2N	Atm		
9272.24	0	Atm			9306.23	0	Atm		
9273.08	6d	Atm O			9307.22	4	Atm		
9274.24	-1	Atm			9308.08	(25d?)	Atm		
9275.072S	2	Atm					(Fe)	5.01 6.34	
9275.70	-2	Atm			9308.84	2	Atm		1
9276.21	-3 -3	Atm?			9309.62	(40)	Atm		
9276.830	1 1	Atm			9310.88	-3	Atm		1
		Zr	0.68 2.01		9311.734S	6	Atm		
9277.507	2d?	Atm			9312.657	Ons Ons	Atm		
9278.32	-3	Atm?			9314.006S	4	Atm		
9278.826	9	Atm			9315.13	15	Atm		
9279.736	2	Atm			9316.15				1
9280.116	3	Atm			9316.73	(75)	Atm		12 1
9280.79	-2N	Atm		1	9318.22	1 -2	Fe	4.93 6.26	
9281.85	0	Atm		1			Si	6.07 7.40	
9282.18	0	Atm			9319.06	(30)	Atm		12
9282.69	2	Atm			9320.16	-1	Atm		
9283.36	-1N -1N	O?		1	9320.768S	7	Atm		
9283.98	-1	Atm		1	9321.650S	0	Atm		
9284.24	-1	Atm		1	9322.50	9	Atm		
9284.92	8	Atm			9323.12	15	Atm		
9285.34	-2	Atm?		1	9324.20	12	Atm		
9285.617	0	Atm					(Fe)	5.06 6.39	
9286.453	5	Atm			9325.30	(60)	Atm		12
9286.823	3	Atm			9326.66	-3	Atm?		
9288.00	-1	Atm			9327.79	(25)	Atm		
9288.45	-1	Atm			9328.38	-1	Atm		
9288.63	-1	Atm			9328.71	2	Atm		
9288.937	1	Atm					(Fe p)	5.00 6.32	
9289.44	-1 -2	Fe p	5.04 6.37		9329.85	-1N	Atm		
9289.856S	2	Atm			9330.456	5	Atm		
9290.468	2	6W Cr	2.53 3.86		9331.02	-2 -1	O?		1
9290.88	-3N	Atm		1	9331.477	15	Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9333.57	(50)	Atm (Fe)	4.97 6.29	12	9377.63	(75)	Atm		12
9334.58	(40)	Atm		13	9379.552 9379.721	15	Atm		
9335.29	-1 -1	Atm Fe?p	5.05 6.37	1	9381.18	(80)	Atm		12
9335.63	1	Atm		1	9382.18	5	Atm		
9336.02	8	Atm			9382.98	-1 ob	Fe	4.96 6.28	
9336.52	1	Atm			9383.423 9383.583	-1 6	Fe p Atm	4.96 6.28	
9337.184	9	Atm			9385.24	-2	Atm		1
9337.80	2	Atm			9385.77	-2	Ni-	4.15 5.46	1
9338.47	12	Atm			9386.83	(50)	Atm		12
9339.43	(50)	Atm		12	9387.82	7	Atm		
9341.478	-2	Atm			9390.79	2n1	Atm		
9342.45	(150)	Atm		12	9391.763	8	Atm		
9344.0		(Fe)	5.01 6.33		9392.18	ON	Atm?		
9345.5		Atm		12	9392.80	-1	Fe p	4.99 6.30	
9346.41	4	Atm			9393.04	-3	CN	1, 1	40
9346.79	2	Atm			9393.41	ON	Si	6.10 7.41	1
9346.99	3	Atm			9393.89	-1	O?		
9347.582	1 1	O?			9394.241	2	Atm		
9348.382S	2	Atm			9394.472	3	Atm (Fe?)	4.93 6.25	
9349.22	ON	ON Atm? O?			9396.261	3	Atm		
9350.451	9	Atm (Fe)	4.53 5.85		9396.68	-3	Ni		1
9351.97	0	Atm			9396.90	-3	O?		1
9353.0	(100)	Atm		12,13	9397.57	-2			
9353.6		Atm			9399.03	(30)	Atm		
9354.4		Atm			9400.094S	7	Atm		
9355.19	4	Atm			9401.14	1N -1N	Fe	5.01 6.32	
9356.52	3N	Atm?			9401.621	8	Atm		
9357.5	(100)	Atm		12,13	9402.61	3	Atm		
9358.9		Atm			9403.27	1 0	FeII p	3.89 5.20	
9359.39	1 2W	Fe	2.55 3.87		9403.73	3	Atm		
9360.15	-1	Atm			9404.48	2	Atm		
9360.61	0	Atm			9404.90	1 2	Fe p	4.97 6.28	
9361.227S	6	Atm			9405.36	0	Atm		
9361.85	0	Atm		1	9405.74	5N ob?	C	7.65 8.96	
9362.31	1ns 3	Cr?- Fe	2.90 4.22 2.27 3.59	1	9405.95	1	Atm		
9363.334S	3	Atm			9406.30	-1	Atm		
9364.08	-3	Atm		1	9406.904S	8	Atm		1
9364.85	(40)	Atm		12	9407.99	-3	O?		
9366.41	(50)	Atm		12	9409.042	8	Atm		
9367.32	3	Atm			9409.59	-3NN	Fe p	5.01 6.32	1
9368.17	-1 -2	O		1	9410.37	(50)	Atm (Fe)	5.08 6.39	12
9368.62	-2	Atm?		1	9411.31	2	Atm?		
9369.53	(60)	Atm		12	9411.84	0	Atm		
9370.12	1	Atm		1	9412.66	2	Atm		
9371.57	(100)	Atm		12	9413.512	4	Atm		
9372.86	2 1N	Fe	2.55 3.86		9414.08	3	Atm	5.06 6.37	
9373.14	3	Atm			9414.95	10N 10N	(Fe) Mg	5.04 6.35 5.92 7.23	
9374.280S	1	Atm			9416.01	-1N	Atm?		
9375.240	8	Atm			9416.76	2	Atm		
9375.68	ON	Atm?			9417.65	(50)	Atm		
9376.30	-1N	Atm?			9419.28	-2	Atm		1
9377.05	0	Atm		1	9420.06	0	Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9420.75	3	Atm			9470.460	8	Atm		
9421.824	(30)	Atm		12	9471.513	-2	Atm		
9423.14	-2	Fe p	5.08 6.39	1,43	9472.4185	1	Atm		
9424.75	-1	Atm			9473.980	0	Atm		
9425.02	-2	⊙			9473.19	-1	Atm		
9426.26	ONN				9474.12	3	Atm		1
9426.86	(70)	Atm		12,13	9474.42	6	Atm		
9428.20	(60)	Atm		12	9475.05	4	Atm		
9429.79	-2	Atm?			9475.27	4	Atm		
9430.00	-2	Fe			9475.99	5	Atm		
9430.62	(40)	Atm		12	9476.23	-1	Atm?		
9431.27	-2	Atm?		1	9476.754S	4	Atm		25
9431.58	-3	Atm?		1	9476.92	-2	Atm?		
9431.90	-2	Atm			9478.36	-3	Atm?		
9432.10	-2	Atm			9478.884S	0	Atm		25
9432.73	0	Atm ⊙			9479.09	-1	⊙		
9433.34	-3	Fe p	5.01 6.32	1	9480.16	(50)	Atm		12
9434.04	-3	Atm		1	9481.18				
9434.78	1NN	1NN Mg?p	5.91 7.21	43	9481.80	(100)	Atm		12
9436.94	-1N	Atm		1	9482.38				
9437.82	(50)	Atm		12	9482.90	-3	Fe?p	5.00 6.31	1
9438.73	-1N	Atm			9483.14	-3			1
9440.85	(80)	Atm		12	9483.970S	1	Atm		
9442.415	5	Atm			9485.02	1	Atm		
9443.35	(50)	Atm		12	9485.40	0	Atm		
9443.78	1	Fe	5.06 6.37	1	9486.042S	7	Atm		
9444.412S	5	Atm			9486.88	2	Atm		
9444.95	0	⊙		1	9487.41	7	Atm		
9446.01	15	Atm			9489.11	-3	⊙?		
9447.03	3	10 Cr	2.53 3.84	31	9489.796	3d	Atm		
			2.53 3.84		9491.00	-3	Atm?		1
9448.09	-3	Fe		1	9491.526	2	Atm		
9449.173	4	Atm			9492.97	1	Atm		
9449.75	-1N	Atm			9493.41	8	Atm		
9450.320	6	Atm			9494.26	(50)	Atm		
9451.35	-2	⊙		43	9495.50	-1N	⊙?		1
9451.89	-3	Atm			9496.17	-2	Atm		1
9452.64	-1	Atm			9496.60	0	Atm		
		Fe	4.97 6.28		9497.43	(35)	Atm		
			4.99 6.29		9498.785	2	Atm?		
9453.12	-2				9499.318	4	Atm		
9454.10	12	Atm			9499.699	5	Atm		
		(Fe)	5.08 6.38		9501.15	(100)	Atm		12
9454.66	12	Atm			9502.72	-2N	Atm?		
9456.10	(50)	Atm		12	9503.26	0	Atm		
9456.90	4	Atm			9504.434S	3	Atm		
9457.840	-2	Atm			9505.634	6	Atm		
9458.69	-2N	Atm			9506.02	1	2 Ti	3.57 4.87	
9460.02	(50)	Atm		12	9506.71	-2	Atm		
9461.12	(60)	Atm		12	9507.742S	1	Atm		
9462.94	2	1W Fe	4.93 6.24		9508.36	-1	0? Atm		
9463.992S	3	Atm					Ti	3.55 4.85	
9464.81	4	Atm			9508.774	1	Atm		
9465.48	8	Atm			9509.27	-2N	Atm		
9465.98	-2	0 Na	3.60 4.91		9510.23	-3N	Atm		
9467.065	3	Atm			9510.758	6	Atm		
9467.796	4	Atm			9511.18	-3	Atm		
9468.67	9	Atm			9512.630S	5	Atm		
9469.416	(30)	Atm			9513.23	1	ON Fe	5.01 6.31	1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9513.594	3	Atm			9558.400	4	Atm		
9513.760	4	Atm			9558.8368	2	Atm		
9514.478	6	Atm			9559.66	-3	Atm		
9516.26	4	Atm?			9560.51	-4	Atm		
9517.04	(60)	Atm		12	9560.68	-3	Atm		
9518.00	4	Atm			9561.09	-3	Atm? O?		
9519.32	(20)	Atm		12	9561.86	-3	O?		
9520.03	3	2 Ni	4.15 5.45		9562.456	4	Atm		
9520.54	2	Atm			9562.744	5	Atm		
9522.25	(60)	Atm		12	9563.870	9	Atm		
9523.566	3	Atm			9565.06	(25)	Atm		12
9525.102	(20)	Atm			9566.59	(40)	Atm		
9525.95	-3	Atm			9567.80	-3	Atm		
9526.87	1	Atm			9568.23	-3	Atm?		1
9527.524	5	Atm			9568.647	(30)	Atm		
		(Fe)	5.04 6.34		9568.786				
					9568.987				
9528.47	15	Atm			9569.93	2	0 Fe	4.97 6.26	
9528.83	2	Atm?					(Si)	5.85 7.14	
9529.440	8	Atm			9570.32	3	Atm		
9531.226	3	4					(Si)	6.06 7.35	
		Fe p	5.04 6.34		9570.95	2	Atm		
9531.726	4	Atm			9571.32	6nl	Atm		
9532.40	-3	Atm		1			Cr	2.53 3.82	
9533.4118	4	Atm			9572.56	-3	-2 Fe		
9534.24	3	Atm			9572.811	1	Atm		
9534.80	1	Atm			9573.19	-3			1
9535.20	-2	Atm?			9573.65	-3N	Fe p	5.06 6.35	1
9536.05	(50)	Atm			9574.29	3	5. Cr	2.53 3.82	
9537.17	-3	Atm			9574.91	0	-1 O		
9538.330	7	Atm			9575.6808	3	Atm		
9538.532	3	Atm			9576.48	-1N	ob? O		1
9539.88	-2N	Atm			9577.036	6	Atm		
9540.900	15d	Atm			9578.89	-3	Atm		1
9541.23	-2			1	9579.26	2	Atm		
9541.54	-3				9580.00	(25)d	Atm		
9542.29	-3N	Atm			9581.09	(25)	Atm		12
9543.24	-1N			1	9581.80	7	Atm		
9544.06	(60)	Atm		12	9582.86	-3N	Atm?		
9545.84	6	6nl <del>Atm</del>			9583.587	1	Atm		
		Ti	0.83 2.13		9584.20	-3	O		
See note 20					9584.71	1	Atm		
9546.57	3	Atm			9585.70	-2	Atm		
9547.08	0	Atm O?			9585.934	3	Atm		
9547.39	-3	-2 Zr	0.65 1.94				Si	4.91 6.20	
9548.60	-1	O			9586.36	-2	Atm		
9548.77	9	Atm			9587.1268	5	Atm		
9549.9588	2	Atm			9588.54	15	Atm		
9550.34	1	Atm			9589.10	10	Atm		
9550.9628	2	Atm			9589.52	4	Atm		
		(Fe)	4.97 6.26		9590.21	10	Atm		
9552.04	-2	Atm			9591.22	10	Atm		
9552.63	-3	O?			9591.95	5	Atm		
9553.41	(25)	Atm		12	9592.52	10	Atm		
9553.95	3	Atm			9594.17	6	Atm		
9554.44	9	Atm			9594.79	7	Atm		
9555.28	-3			1	9595.96	-3	O		1
9556.053	9	Atm			9596.423	3	Atm		
9556.40	-2			1	9596.96	-1	O?		
9557.28	(50)	Atm		12					

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9597.608	5	Atm			9635.41	0	CN	2, 2	40
9597.974	5	Atm			9635.81	2	Atm		
9598.870S	7	Atm			9636.11	1	Atm		
9599.51	ON	3	Atm		9636.41	2	Atm		
			Ti	0.82 2.11	9636.80	1			
9599.78	-3	Atm?			9637.49	(25)	Atm		
9600.35	0	Atm			9638.39	2	5	Ti	0.84 2.13
9600.53	0	Atm					Atm		
9601.170S	3	Atm			9640.172	3	Atm		
9601.50	-3	Atm			9640.519	4	Atm		
9602.05	-3	Fe	4.99 6.28	1	9640.632				
9603.143	4Nd	-1N	C O	7.45 8.73	9642.01	-3N	Atm?		1
9603.490	1	Atm			9643.105S	3	Atm		
9604.56	4	Atm			9645.12	15	Atm		
9605.20	12	Atm			9645.55	10	Atm		
9606.171	6	Atm			9646.486	9	Atm		
9607.24	-3				9647.34	0	4	Ti	0.81 2.09
9607.888	3	Atm			9648.23	-3	Atm		
9608.224	3	Atm			9648.661	3	Atm		
9608.93	-3	Atm			9649.487	1	Atm		
		Fe?p	4.96 6.25		9650.226	0	Atm		
9609.42	-3	Atm			9650.850	-1	Atm		
9610.047	9	Atm			9651.932S	2	Atm		
9610.61	2	Atm			9652.24	-3	Atm?		
9611.30	-3N	Atm?			9652.840	4	Atm		
9611.66		-2	V	1.95 3.23	9653.14	2	-1	Fe	4.71 5.99
9612.18	-3		O?	1	9653.44	-2	Atm		
9612.56	-2	Atm			9653.78	-3	ob?	O?	
9613.36	-3	Atm?		1	9654.20	-2	Atm		
9614.048	3	Atm			9654.662	4	Atm		
9615.00	6	Atm			9655.860	-1	Atm		
		(V)	1.94 3.22		9656.203	0	Atm		
9615.45	4	Atm			9657.331	5	Atm		
9616.27	-3	Atm		1			(Fe)	5.06 6.34	
9618.10	8	Atm			9658.40	8N	-1N	-C	7.46 8.73
9618.51	0	Atm			9659.07	-1	-3	Fe	5.04 6.32
9620.030	7	Atm			9659.729	4	Atm		
9620.98	2N	ob	Q	7.45 8.73	9660.878	5	Atm		
			Fe p	3.53 4.81	9661.73	-1	Atm		
9621.20	10	Atm			9662.31	(25)	Atm		
9622.32	-2	Atm?		1	9662.97	-1	Atm		
9622.706	9	Atm			9663.26	1	Atm		
9624.496S	3	Atm			9663.95	0	Atm		
9625.322	1N	Atm			9664.646S	6	Atm		
9625.77	3	Atm			9664.97	-3	Atm		
9626.36	10nl	10	Atm		9666.54	-1	Atm		
			Fe	5.01 6.29	9666.71	-1	Atm		
9628.14	2	Atm			9667.048	1	Atm		
9628.67	2	Atm			9667.316	1	Atm		
9629.18	ON	O		40			(Cr)	2.53 3.81	
9629.35	-1N	O		1	9668.238	1N	Atm		
9629.997S	1	Atm			9669.57	-3	O?		
9630.38	-2	O			9669.96	4	Atm		
9631.03	-2	O			9670.61	10	Atm		
9631.87	-2	O					(Cr)	2.53 3.81	
9633.08	-2	O			9672.22	-3			1
9633.488	2	O Atm?			9672.82	-3	O		1
9634.17	1	2W	Fe	5.04 6.32	9673.73	-3	O?		1
9634.74	0	O			9674.41	-3	Atm?		1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9675.27	-3	Atm?		1	9723.66	-3	Atm?		1
9675.571	4	10	Ti 0.83 2.11		9724.576	4	Atm		
9676.16	-1	Atm?			9726.27	-3	Atm		
9676.96	-3			1	9726.70	-1	Atm		
9680.383	15	Atm			9727.19	-3			
9681.00	1	Atm			9727.72	-1	Atm		
9681.74	2	Atm			9727.94	-1	Atm ⊙?		
9682.44	-3	Atm			9728.55	-1	5 Ti	0.81 2.08	
9682.70	-3	⊙					Atm		
9684.16	ON	1N	Atm		9729.04	-3N	Atm		
			V?		9730.638S	4	Atm		
9685.79	-2N	-1N	⊙ Atm?				(Cr)	3.54 4.80	
9686.386S	3	Atm			9731.32	-3	Atm		
9687.23	-2			1	9732.10	-3			1
9688.04	-3	Atm			9733.11	-3	Atm?		
9688.644	1nl	Atm			9734.59	1	3	Atm	
		Ca?	4.72 5.99				Cr	2.53 3.80	
9688.87		10	Ti 0.81 2.08		9735.004	7	Atm		
9689.37	2	ob	Si 6.07 7.35		9736.36	3	Atm		
9690.172	-1	Atm			9736.78	3	Atm		
9691.87	5	Atm			9737.22	1	Atm?		
		(V)	1.94 3.21		9737.86	1	2	⊙	
9692.24	-3	-2	⊙?		9738.529	5	7	Atm	
9693.62	-3N	Atm		1			Fe	4.97 6.24	
		Fe	5.06 6.34				(V)	1.93 3.20	
9693.98	-3N				9739.10	-3	Atm		
9694.588S	0	Atm			9739.74	-3	Atm		1
9694.872	0	Atm			9740.63	-3N	Atm		
9695.35	-3			1	9741.73	-1	Atm		
9695.83	-3			1	9743.50	6d?	6d?	Atm-	
9696.31	-3			1			Ti	0.81 2.08	
9697.24	-3N	Atm			9745.05	-2N	Atm		
9698.313	4	Atm			9746.56	-3	Atm		
9699.75	1	2	Atm	1	9746.90		-2N	Ti	2.31 3.57
		Fe	5.04 6.31				Fe	4.56 5.83	1
			5.04 6.31		9747.26	-3	Atm		
9700.139S	2	Atm			9747.84	-3	Atm		
9700.83	-3	Atm		1	9749.322	12	Atm		
9701.428	10nl	Atm			9752.72	-3	Atm		
		(Ca)	4.72 6.00		9753.10	-2	0	Fe	4.77 6.04
9705.366	0	Atm					Atm?		
9705.679	0	10	Ti 0.82 2.09		9753.825	8	Atm		
9706.00	-2	⊙		1	9755.280	-1nl	Atm ⊙		
9706.80	-1	⊙		1	9755.979S	0	Atm		
9708.922S	6	Atm			9757.04	-3			
9710.68	-3	Atm			9757.704	9	Atm		
9712.53	-3	Atm			9758.58	0	Atm		
9712.78	-3	Atm			9759.26	-3	Atm		
9714.00	-3			1	9761.81	3	⊙ Atm		
9715.310	12	Atm			9762.86	10d	Atm		
9716.54	-3	Atm			9763.32	3	4	Fe	5.08 6.34
9716.80	-3	-1N	Ti 2.30 3.57		9763.86	-1N	ob	Fe	5.01 6.28
9718.92	-3	3	Ti 1.50 2.77		9764.13	-1N	Atm?		
9719.72	-2	Atm			9764.37	-3	Fe p	5.42 6.69	
9720.48	-3N	Atm		1	9765.495S	4	Atm		
9720.78	-3N	Atm			9768.33	-1N	ob	Si	4.93 6.20
9721.80	-3	⊙		1	9768.637S	2	Atm		
9722.28	-3				3769.74	-3			1
9723.167	5	Atm			9770.30	-3	5	Ti	0.84 2.11
					9771.07	-3	Fe p	4.56 5.84	1



## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9771.54	-3			1	9821.754S	3	Atm		1
9772.16	-3	Atm O?			9822.36	-3	Zr	0.62 1.88	1
9773.887	4	Atm			9823.72	-2d	Atm		1
9774.43	-3	Atm			9824.776	3	Atm		
9775.31	-3	Atm			9825.521	5	Atm		
9776.04	-3	Atm			9826.403	2	Atm		
9776.818S	3	Atm			9830.913	0	Atm		
9777.34	-3N	⊙		1	9831.960S	4	4nl Atm-		
9777.71	-3	⊙		1			Ti	1.88 3.13	
9778.19	-3	⊙		1	9832.97	-3	⊙		1
9778.82	-3	Atm O?			9834.12	1	0 Fe	4.97 6.22	1
9779.406S	5	Atm			9835.758S	1	Atm		
9779.78	0	⊙			9837.13	-3N			1
9781.15	-1	⊙			9837.71	-3N			1
9781.48	-2	⊙			9838.49	-3	Atm		
9782.403	9	Atm			9839.36	1	-1N Si	6.06 7.31	1
9783.23	-3N	Ti	0.83 2.09				Fe	4.56 5.82	
9783.59		Ti	0.81 2.08		9840.092S	-1	Atm		
9783.93	-3	Fe	4.97 6.23		9841.45	-3	Atm		1
9785.20	-3N				9842.593	3	Atm		
9785.96	-3N	Atm			9843.978S	2	Atm		
9786.66	-3	Fe	4.59 5.85		9844.94	-3N	⊙ Atm		
9787.146S	3	Atm			9845.99	-3	Atm		
9787.67	-3	3 Ti	0.82 2.08		9847.58	-2	Atm		
9788.95	-2	-3 Atm			9848.893	3	Atm		
		Si?	6.06 7.32		9849.119	0	Atm		
9789.43	-2	Atm			9850.524S	-1	Atm		
9789.95	-3				9854.66	1N	-3NN ⊙		
9791.006S	7	Atm			9856.59	-3	Atm		
9791.39	-3	Atm?		1	9856.95	-3	Atm		
9792.71	0	Atm			9857.29	-2	Atm		37
9793.354	8	Atm			9861.746	1	1N Fe	5.04 6.29	
9794.56	-3	⊙		1	9864.36	-2N			1
9795.288S	1	Atm			9865.522	0	Atm		
9796.08	-3			1	9867.81	-3			
9796.73	-3	P	6.96 8.21		9868.12	ON	ON Atm		
9797.72	-3	Atm					Fe	5.06 6.31	
9798.30	-3	Atm					( 5.06 6.31		
9799.476S	7	Atm			9868.89	-2	Atm?		
9800.29	-1	ON Fe	5.06 6.32		9870.278	0	Atm		
9800.80	-3	Fe p	5.08 6.34		9871.33	-3	⊙		1
9801.699	9	Atm			9872.25	-3N			1
9802.04	-3	⊙?			9873.638S	4	Atm		
9803.241S	3	Atm			9873.912	0	Atm		
9803.98	-3	⊙		1	9874.61	1N	⊙?		
9805.21	0	Atm			9878.200S	1	Atm		
9806.23	ON	Atm					Fe p	4.97 6.22	
9807.35	-3			1	9878.53	-1			
9808.08	-3	Atm		1	9879.71	-1N	Atm		
9808.559	-1	Atm			9880.81	-2			
9810.263	-2	Atm			9881.54	0	Fe	4.56 5.81	1
9811.47	-3	Fe	4.99 6.25		9882.59	-3			1
9812.238	0	Atm			9884.51	0	Atm		
9813.461	3	Atm			9885.41	-3			
9815.626	0	Atm			9885.99	-1			
9816.13	-2	Atm			9887.05	1	-1 Si	6.20 7.44	
9816.569	-1	Atm			9888.00	1	2 ⊙		
9817.715	3	Atm			9889.050S	5	7 Fe	5.01 6.26	
9818.60	-2	Atm		1	9890.67	3ns	-3 ⊙		

I A	Intensity Disk	Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk	Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
9891.61	2N	0	Si	6.10 7.35		9951.19	0		Fe p	5.37 6.61	
9892.80	-3				1	9952.00	-1				
9893.72	-3				1	9953.51	-1		Fe p	5.42 6.66	
9894.11	0		Atm			9954.42	-3				
9894.87	1		Atm			9955.61	-1				
9896.18	ON		Atm			9955.89	-1		Fe p	4.56 5.80	
9897.43	1		Atm			9956.97	0				
9898.13	ON					9957.69	-2				1
9898.965	5		Atm		19	9959.22	-2N		Fe?p	4.06 5.30	
			(Ni)	4.22 5.46		9961.38	ON	4	Na	3.60 4.84	14
9899.45	-2					9964.22	-3				1
9899.81	1					9964.69	-2				1
9900.80	1		Cr?	2.97 4.22	24	9965.84	-3				
9901.68	1		CN	3, 3	40	9967.30	3ns	4ns	-Fe p	5.06 6.30	
9903.69	-3N		P?	7.14 8.39	1	9969.19	1NNL	ON	Si?	6.05 7.29	
9905.17	1N					9970.23	-2		Fe p	3.00 4.24	
9907.83	-3				1	9970.80	-3				
9908.40	3		Atm			9973.33	-2				
9910.27	0		Q?			9974.64	0	1	Q?		
9910.84	0		Q?			9975.84	-2	-2			
9911.88	-1N		Q?			9977.10	2		Atm		
9913.19	2	1N?	Si	6.07 7.32		9977.69	-1		Fe	5.04 6.28	
			Fe p	4.97 6.21		9978.90	-3N				1
9913.76	-2		Atm?			9979.50	-3				1
9915.39	1					9980.48	2	2	Fe	5.01 6.25	
9916.42	-2					9981.15	-3N		Ti?		1
9919.35	ON		Q?			9982.03	-1	0	Q		
9920.27	1		Atm			9983.23	-1	1N	Q		
9920.54	-1		Fe p	5.08 6.32		9984.18	1		Atm		
9922.23	-3				1	9986.490	3	0	Q		
9922.88	-1		Atm			9987.22	-3				1
9923.54	-3	ON	Ti	(2.17 3.41) (3.43 4.67)		9988.29	-3				1
9924.41	0	1N	Fe p	3.53 4.77		9988.96	0	2	Q		
9925.17	-3				1	9993.17	5N	2N	Mg?	5.91 7.14	
9926.37	5		Atm			9994.94	2N	3N	Q		
9926.79	0		Atm			9996.12	-2				
9927.20	-2N		Q			9997.665	2	ob?	Q		
9927.47	-2N	3N	Ti	1.87 3.11		9997.87		5	Ti	1.87 3.10	
9929.00	1NL	1NL	Q?			9999.21	2N	2N	Q		
9929.80	-3		Q		1	10001.31	-1		Si?p	6.06 7.29	
9930.49	ON	1N	Q			10002.49	-1				
9931.45	3ns	ob	Q			10003.19	-3	1N	Ti	2.15 3.38	1
9932.65	-3N		Q?		1	10006.81	-2				1
9934.44	0		Q			10008.72	ON	2N	Q		40
9935.82	-2					10010.12	-2				
9937.09	-3N		Fe p	4.57 5.82		10010.60	-2				
9939.47	-2					10011.65	-3	1	Ti	2.14 3.38	
9940.06	-2					10012.21	-2		Fe p	5.05 6.28	1
9941.46	2N	4N?	(Ti)	2.15 3.39	40	10013.93	-1				
9943.08	-3					10015.72	-3				
9943.57	-3					10016.76	2		Fe p	5.06 6.30	
9944.220	3	2	Fe	4.99 6.23		10016.92	4		Atm		
9946.38	-3				1	10017.48	-3				
9948.52	-1					10018.65	2		Atm		
9949.05	-2	2	Ti	2.14 3.38		10019.81	0	1N	Fe p-	5.45 6.69	
			Cr	3.54 4.78		10020.84	-2				
9949.88	-1		S?	8.37 9.62	40	10021.67	2		Atm		
				8.37 9.64		10022.24	-1	-1	Fe p	5.48 6.71	
9950.62	0		Fe p	4.57 5.81		10022.74	-1	0	Q?		

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or	Band	Data		Disk	Spot		or	Band	Data
10023.52	2		Atm				10092.15	-2					
10025.86	2N	ON	Si p	6.06	7.29		10092.745	3		Atm			
10028.39	-1						10093.47	-2					
10031.81	-2					1	10094.91	1	1	☉? Atm			
10032.24	-2					1,40	10097.59	1					
10032.89	0	0	Fe p	5.48	6.71		10098.60	-1		☉			
10034.51	-2	4	Ti	1.45	2.68		10099.89	1		Atm			
10035.78	-2						10103.47	-2					
10036.670	5	4W	SrII	1.80	3.03		10105.77	1ns					
10037.12	2		Atm				10109.87	-3					
10037.91	-2						10111.69	-2					1
10039.33	-3N					1	10111.93	-3					
10040.18	-3					1	10113.28	-2		N?	11.71	12.93	
10040.33	-3					1	10114.06	1	2	Fe	2.75	3.97	
10041.68	3ns		☉ Atm				10114.75	-3					
10045.10	-3					1	10115.34	0		Atm			
10048.30	-3						10116.51	-3					
10048.90		2	Ti	1.44	2.67		10117.74	-3		Fe p	5.01	6.23	1
10049.27	(50NN)	ob	H	12.04	13.26	20	10118.995	3		Atm			
			(Ni)	4.22	5.45		10120.48	-2		☉			40
10051.37	-3N					1	10121.20		-2d?	-Ti	2.17	3.38	
10053.33	3		Atm				10123.895	8	4	HeII??	50.80	52.02	55
10054.18	-2						10124.83	-2N					1
10055.15	-2						10128.30	-1N					1
10056.12	-2						10129.38	0					
10057.11	-3					1	10135.06	-3					1
10057.68	2	10	Ti	2.17	3.39		10137.14	-1		Fe p	5.06	6.28	
			(Fe)	5.01	6.24		10138.17	-3					1
10058.36	-3	-1	Fe p	2.19	3.42		10140.66	-2					1
10059.00	1		Atm				10141.09	-1					
10059.81	-3	3	Ti	1.42	2.65	1	10142.10	-2					
10061.37	-2		Ni	5.47	6.70	1	10142.85	0	-3	Fe	5.04	6.26	
10063.49	-2						10143.48	-3		Fe p	3.87	5.08	1
10064.05	-1						10145.03	-3		Fe?p	3.24	4.45	1
10065.070	8	10	Fe	4.81	6.04		10145.580	9	12	Fe	4.77	5.99	
10066.21	-2n	-1N	-Ti	2.15	3.38					(Ni)	4.25	5.46	
10067.27	-3					1	10149.13	-3		Fe p	5.08	6.29	
10068.39	2	1N	Si?	6.07	7.30		10149.84	-3	0	☉			
10069.66	1						10152.36	-3					
10070.58	-2		Fe p	5.49	6.71		10153.096	3nl	3nl	Si p	5.85	7.06	
10071.86	1		Fe							Fe?p	5.42	6.64	
10073.53	-2						10154.67	-3					
10075.63	-3					1	10155.19	1		Fe p	2.17	3.38	
10077.665	3		Atm				10156.16	0	-1?	Si	6.07	7.29	1
10078.64	-2		Co?	2.69	3.91	1	10156.56	0	1?	Fe p	4.57	5.79	1
10079.08	-1N	0					10161.97	-3	1				1
10080.43	-1	0	Cr?-	3.54	4.76		10165.56	0					
			Fe p	5.08	6.30		10166.94	-2					
10081.43	0	0	Fe p	2.41	3.64		10167.50	2	5	Fe	2.19	3.40	
10081.87	0		Atm				10170.58	-3	ON	Ti	1.44	2.65	
10084.41	0	0	Fe p	4.56	5.79		10172.095	2		Atm			
			(P)	7.18	8.41		10173.52	-2					
10085.21	-2	-1N	☉				10179.87	-1	1	Ti?	3.87	5.09	
10086.31	-1	ON	Fe p	2.94	4.16		10183.58	-1					
10087.140	3		Atm				10189.26	-3	ON	Ti	1.45	2.67	
10088.31	-3N					1	10190.70	2	2	☉?			36
10089.21	-2					1	10191.12	1	1	☉?			36
10089.67	ON	1N	☉				10191.50	2	2	Fe?p	2.41	3.63	36
10091.43	2nl		Atm ☉?				10193.245	4	5W	Ni	4.07	5.28	

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
10194.24	-3d?			1	10311.96	-1	Fe p	2.47 3.67	
10195.12	2	4	Fe 2.72 3.93		10312.55	-1	⊙		
10198.43	-2				10313.15	-1	⊙?		
10201.08	-1				10315.56	-2	⊙		1
10202.32	-2				10321.06	-2	Ni?	5.50 6.70	
10210.19	-1Nd?				10327.360	7	SrII	1.83 3.03	
10212.52	-3			1	10330.22	2	Ni	4.09 5.28	
10213.49	-2				10331.20	-2			
10214.45	0	⊙?			10331.59	-3			1
10214.67	0	⊙?			10332.36	-1	Fe p	3.62 4.81	
10216.335	10	12	Fe 4.71 5.92		10333.21	-1	Fe p	4.57 5.77	
10217.77	-3				10340.900	3	6	Fe	2.19 3.38
10218.415	3	6	Fe 3.06 4.27		10343.840	8	25	Ca	2.92 4.11
10222.09	-3			1	10345.17	-3	Fe?		
10222.22	-3				10347.975	3	1	Fe	5.37 6.56
10225.15	-3			1	10351.11	-3			1
10226.640	2	Atm			10353.82	2	-1W	Fe	5.37 6.56
10227.93	1ns	-1ns	⊙		10362.72	-1	Fe p	5.45 6.65	
10229.37	-3				10364.05	0	-2N	Fe p	5.42 6.61
10230.80	1	1W	⊙		10364.28		-2Nd?		1
10232.71	ON	ON	⊙		10365.08	-3N			1
10234.30	-3		⊙?		10366.00	-3			1
10235.03	-1	0	⊙		10368.52		-1N	⊙	1
10236.045	2	2	⊙ Atm		10371.285	9	8W	Si	4.91 6.10
10237.260	3		Atm		10378.620	3		Ni	4.07 5.26
10241.39	-2	0	⊙		10379.04	-1	8	Fe p	2.21 3.40
10243.00	-3			1	10381.59		0	⊙	1
10243.74	0	-2	⊙		10388.77	-2		Fe p	5.42 6.61
10244.52	-2				10391.14	-2			1
10247.04		-3N	⊙	1	10392.18	-3			1
10249.14	-3				10395.795	4	8	Fe	2.17 3.35
10250.13	-2	0	⊙		10396.41	-2			1
10252.57	-1	0	⊙		10396.81	2	10	Ti	0.84 2.03
10254.36		-2	⊙	1	10397.57	-2			1
10254.94	0				10406.98	2N	ON	⊙	
10258.28	-3				10414.89	-2			
10260.20	-2				10423.04	2	4	Fe	2.68 3.86
10262.52	-2		Si?p 6.06 7.26		10423.76	2	4	Fe	3.06 4.24
10265.22	-2	-1W	Fe p 2.21 3.42		10427.30	0		⊙	
10270.23	1		Atm		10434.06	-1N			
10271.24	-3				10435.36	ON		Fe p	4.71 5.90
10272.950	1		⊙? Atm		10448.89	-2Nd?			1
10273.70	-2		Ca?p 4.52 5.72		10450.83	-3			1
10277.31	-1	ob?	⊙		10452.756	3	4	Fe	3.86 5.05
10283.340	0	-1	⊙ Atm		10453.85	-2			1
10283.87	-2		Fe p 5.48 6.68		10454.43	-2			1
10285.05	-3				10455.455	8	2	S	6.83 8.01
10288.950	6	3W	Si 4.90 6.10		10456.753	4	ob	S	6.83 8.01
10291.69	-3				10459.436	7	1	S	6.83 8.01
10295.10	-3N		Ni	1	10460.08		2	Ti	2.25 3.43
10295.41	-3			1	10465.10	-2			1
10297.10	-2				10469.680	7	9	Fe	3.87 5.05
10297.64	-2	2	⊙		10486.289	3	5	Cr	3.00 4.17
10299.32	-3				10487.30	-3			1
10301.44	0	-2	Si?p 6.07 7.27		10496.170	3	10	Ti	0.83 2.01
10302.62	2	2	Ni 4.25 5.45		10497.64	-3			
10305.28	-3N			1	10501.549	2	ob?	⊙	
10306.73	-3N				10505.75	-2			1
10307.46	-3N		Fe p 4.57 5.77		10510.05	-1	1	Cr	3.00 4.17

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
10511.631	-1N	P	6.91 8.08		10647.65	-1 1	Cr	3.00 4.16	
10512.962	1				10648.05	-1	Atm?		1
10513.82	-3N			1	10650.52	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1
10514.68	-3			1	10652.37	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1
10515.54	-3			1					
10516.20	-1				10656.05	-2N	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1
10517.59	-2			1	10656.38	-2N	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	
10529.59	1N	ob? P	6.92 8.10		10658.65	-3N	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1
10530.558	2d	2 Ni	4.09 5.26		10660.99	10 6	Si	4.90 6.06	34
10531.27	-3	Atm		1	10661.63	0 10	Ti	0.81 1.97	
10532.236	4	6 Fe	3.91 5.08		10667.48	2 5	Cr	3.00 4.16	
10535.702	2N	1N O					Atm?		
10541.25	ON				10668.81	-3N	C p	7.65 8.81	1
10542.51	-3N			1	10670.98	-3			1
10546.400	-2				10672.22	0 4	Cr	3.00 4.16	
10551.37	-2			1	10673.32	2ns	Atm O?		
10553.02		0 Ti	2.24 3.41		10674.09	-1	O		
10554.95	-2			1	10674.56	-3?			1
10555.70	0	Fe p	5.42 6.59		10675.45	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1,44
10557.48	-2			1	10676.47	-2N	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1,44
10558.33	-2			1	10677.01	-1 3d	Ti	0.83 1.99	
10566.10	-2	Ti	2.23 3.39		10677.97	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1,44
10577.151	1	3 Fe p	3.29 4.45		10679.49	2			
10577.86	-3N				10679.94	-2			
10580.61	-3			1	10680.90	-3			1
10581.538	1	ob P	6.96 8.12		10681.46	-3	P	6.92 8.08	1
10582.155	2	-3N Si	6.20 7.36		10683.09	10 2N	C	7.45 8.61	34
10584.36	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	7,44	10684.40	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1
10584.77	0	10 Ti	0.82 1.99		10685.36	8 1N	C	7.45 8.60	34
10585.137	12	10? Si	4.93 6.10	34	10687.76	-3			1
10586.13	-3			1	10688.72	-3			1
10587.73	-3			1	10689.71	8 7	Si	5.93 7.08	34
10594.37	-2			1	10691.24	12 3N	C	7.46 8.61	
10596.90	-2	P	6.91 8.07	1	10691.84	3	Atm		
		Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0				Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	
10603.426	10	8 Si	4.91 6.07	34	10694.25	8 7	Si	5.94 7.09	
10605.71	-3				10695.83	0	Atm		
10607.76		3d Ti	0.84 2.01		10698.79	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	
10608.43	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0		10699.52	3	Atm		
10611.669	3	2 O			10704.08	-2			1
10612.53	-3			1	10705.86	-2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	
10614.64	-3			1	10707.36	8 1N	C	7.45 8.60	29,34
10616.73	1	1 Fe p	3.25 4.42		10708.61	-1			1
10619.19	-3			1	10712.05	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1
10620.07	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1	10714.23	-2NN			1
10620.91	ON	2N O			10716.37	1	Atm		
10622.64	-1			1	10718.08	1	O		1
10625.07	0	0 O		1	10719.90	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1,44
10627.63	8	5 Si	5.84 7.00		10720.81	3	Atm		
10632.23	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1	10723.04	3	Atm		
10633.55	-3N	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1	10725.20	0 -1?	Fe p	3.62 4.77	
10635.981	1	ob? O			10725.66	-3			1
10637.28	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1	10726.36		10 Ti	0.81 1.96	
10639.45	-3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1	10726.45	-3	O		
10642.64	-3			1	10726.79	-1	Atm		
10643.85	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	1	10727.42	9 8	Si	5.96 7.11	29
10644.42	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0		10728.49	-2			
10646.09	-2N	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 1, 0	-1	10729.588	7 ON	C	7.46 8.61	1,29

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
10730.63	-1N	⊙		1	10821.64	-1N	4NN	Cr- 3.00 4.14	
10731.47	-2N	⊙		1	10822.25	0	Atm?		
10732.81	-1N	5	Ti 0.82 1.97		10824.0	-3	Atm		1
10737.57	0	Atm		1	10827.14	12	12W	Si 4.93 6.07	
10739.39	-2N	Atm?		1	10830.38	5NN	5NN	He 19.73 20.87	53
10741.80	ON	ON	⊙		10832.12	10	Atm		
10743.47	6	Atm			10833.47	-3	-3	Ca- 4.86 6.00	
10744.67	5	Atm			10834.02	5	5	Na 3.60 4.74	34
10746.20	1	2	Atm	35			<u>Atm</u>		
		Na?	3.18 4.33		10834.99	-1	1	⊙	
10749.39	12	10	Si 4.91 6.06		10836.64	-3N			1
10752.42	-3			1	10837.60	-3	Atm?		1
10753.04	0	1	Fe? 6.35 7.50		10838.07	3	Atm		
10754.02	0	ob	C p 7.46 8.60		10839.03	0	3N	Ca- 4.86 6.00	
10754.66	-3	Atm?		1	10839.58	-3d?	Atm?		1
10760.42	-1N	Atm?		1	10840.14	-3	⊙		1
10761.48	2	Atm			10840.84	3	Atm?		
10762.29	-3	Ni?	4.14 5.28	1	10841.65		-3	⊙	1
10766.40	-3			1	10843.23	4	Atm		
10767.31	-3N	-3N	⊙		10843.88	5	4	Si 5.84 6.98	
10768.79	2	Atm			10845.43	-3	Atm		1
10770.40	-3N	-3N	⊙	1	10846.80	-1N	ONN	⊙	
10771.74	1	Atm			10849.47	3	3	Fe? 6.34 7.47	
10771.96	6	Atm			10850.22	1	Atm		
10772.86	4	Atm			10851.34	1	Atm		
10774.85		5	Ti 0.81 1.96		10852.82	0	Atm		
10775.49	-3			1	10857.30	6	Atm		34
10779.17	2	Atm ⊙?			10858.36	-1	0	⊙	
10780.69	-2N	-1	Fe p 3.22 4.37		10859.93	3	Atm		
10781.95	-1N	-1N	<u>Atm</u>		10860.07	10	Atm		
			Al?p. 4.07 5.21		10861.66	-3	Atm		
10782.49	-3			1			Ca	4.86 5.99	
10783.07	1	2	Fe 3.10 4.24		10862.67	-2	Atm		
10784.57	3	2	Si 5.94 7.08	34	10863.50	3	4	Atm	
10785.50	-2	-3	⊙				<u>Fe</u>	4.71 5.85	
10786.85	7	7W	Si 4.91 6.05				Ca	4.86 5.99	
10789.48	-2N	⊙			10868.09	4	Atm		
10791.39	-2	⊙		1	10868.82	2	0	⊙	
10792.17	1	Atm			10869.23	2	3	Atm?	
10795.15	2	Atm					Ca	4.86 5.99	
10796.11	-1	-2	Si 6.15 7.30		10869.57	4	3	Si 5.06 6.20	
10797.20	-2	-1	Atm? ⊙		10871.68	-3N			1
10799.58	10	Atm			10872.94	-2N	-2N		
10801.32	-2	-1	Cr 3.00 4.14		10874.93	2	Atm		34
10803.69	3	Atm			10876.28	0	Atm		
10806.43	2	Atm			10879.76	-3	Ca	4.86 5.99	1
10807.38	-3			1	10880.55	-3			1
10809.10	ONN				10881.85	-2	-1?	Fe 2.83 3.97	1
10809.32	-3			1	10882.03	3	Atm		
10810.89	7	Atm			10882.84	3	ob?	Si 5.96 7.09	
10811.14	5N	4N	Mg 5.92 7.06		10884.31	1	1W	Fe 3.91 5.05	
10812.16	0	Atm			10885.37	3	1	Si 6.15 7.29	
10814.48	-2N	Atm?		1	10886.62	-1N	⊙		1
10816.03	1N	1	Atm ⊙?		10888.55	0	Atm		
10816.90	-3Nd?		Cr 3.00 4.14	1	10888.88	5	Atm		
10817.68	-1	Atm			10890.13	-1	0	Fe?p 5.29 6.42	
10818.31	1	2	Fe 3.94 5.08		10891.32	-3	Ni	4.15 5.28	1
10820.39	-3	Ti	3.32 4.46		10891.77	-2	-3	⊙	

## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or	Band Data			Disk	Spot		or	Band Data	
10892.24	5		Atm				10962.30	3ns	4	Mg?	5.91	7.03	
10893.70	-3N		Si p	6.16	7.30					⊙			1
10894.83	-2N						10962.60	-3					
10896.0			Tl	3.34	4.47		10963.48	-1		⊙			
10896.33	2	2	Fe	3.06	4.19		10963.92	-1	2N	⊙			1
10898.75	3		Atm				10965.03	-1		⊙			
10901.00	10		Atm				10965.47	5	8n	Mg?	5.91	7.03	34
10903.70	5		Atm							⊙			
10904.92	-2						10966.41	-3					1
10905.74	1	3W	Cr	3.42	4.55		10967.08	-3					1
10909.20	1	2	⊙				10967.95	-3					1
10910.97	-2		⊙?			1	10968.61	-3					
10912.35	-3					1	10969.36	2		Atm			
10913.07	-2		⊙?				10970.08	-3					1
10914.25	2	ob	MgIIp	8.83	9.96		10970.80	-3					1
10914.88	5	6	SrII	1.80	2.93		10971.28	-3					
10915.35	-1		Atm				10971.88	-3					1,40
10917.14	1N	1N	⊙?				10972.98	7		Atm			
10921.34	-1N	-1N	⊙?				10973.97		-1NN	⊙			1
10922.94	12		Atm				10974.22	2		Atm			
10924.72	9		Atm				10975.46	3		Atm			
10925.40	6		Atm				10975.97	6		Atm			
10926.27	1Nd		Atm ⊙			57	10976.13	6		Atm			
10927.04	1N		⊙			57	10976.92	-1	1N	⊙			
10928.43	ON		⊙			57	10977.18	5nl		Atm			
10930.06	-3N		Cr	3.00	4.13	1	10978.24	-2		Atm?			1
			Atm?				10978.77	4		Atm			
10930.86	5		Atm				10979.34	4	1NN	Si	4.93	6.06	
10932.06	-2		Atm				10979.86	0		Atm?			
10934.06	-3		⊙			1				Nl	4.14	5.26	
10935.16	6		Atm				10980.51	-2		⊙?			
10938.10	(50NN)						10981.16	-2		⊙?			
10938.68	2NN	5NN	H	12.04	13.16	20	10982.10	2	ob	Si	6.16	7.29	
10940.12	3	4	Atm ⊙				10982.40	4		Atm			
10942.03	0		Atm				10984.44	3dnl	3	Si	6.16	7.29	34
10942.55	3		Atm							Atm			
10944.05	1N	1W	⊙ Atm				10985.86	7		Atm			
10944.54	4		Atm				10987.02	1nl	1N	Atm-			
10946.34	10		Atm ⊙			34,40				Fe p	2.82	3.94	
10947.16	-2	-2					10988.30	6		Atm			
10947.88	1		Atm				10990.34	-2		Atm			
10948.85	-3	ob	⊙			1	10990.87	1		Atm			
10949.29	-3N	ob	⊙				10991.40	0		Atm			
10950.06	2	-2	⊙			47	10992.02	3		Atm			
10950.86	1	-1	⊙				10992.54	1		Atm			
10951.82	0	ob	MgIIp	8.83	9.95		10993.93	15		Atm			
10952.33	-1	-1	⊙?				10995.28	5		Atm			
10953.36	1	3	⊙			48	10995.79	-3					1
10954.56	3	2	⊙ Atm?			48	10996.47	8		Atm			
10956.10	9		Atm?				10997.97	-1Ns		⊙			
10957.15	12nl	12Nl	Atm			35	10998.74	-2					
			Cr	3.00	4.13		10999.52	4d		Atm?			40
10957.52	-3					1	11000.63	-2					
10958.55	-2					1,40	11001.51	-3					
10958.94	-2					1	11002.29	4d		Atm?			
10959.87	9		Atm				11002.76	5		Atm			
10960.65	-3						11004.14	3		Atm			34
10961.18	-2		Fe?p	3.03	4.16		11005.42	-1					

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or	Band	Data		Disk	Spot		or	Band	Data
11006.08	-2		Atm?				11050.35	1		Atm			
11006.86	9		Atm				11050.50	0		Atm			
11007.68	10		Atm				11050.95	0		Atm			
11008.51	-2N					1	11051.14	0		Atm			
11009.11	3		Atm				11052.56	10		Atm			
11009.71	-2						11052.85	5		Atm			
11010.33	-2						11053.50	5		Atm			
11010.79	-3						11054.74	4		Atm			
11013.25	1	-1	Fe	4.77	5.90	40	11055.47	-2N	-1N	(Zn)	5.77	6.89	
11013.74	-1		⊙				11056.38	4ns		Atm			
11013.94	3		Atm				11057.41	1		Atm			
11014.56	-3					1	11057.85	5		Atm			
11015.59	-1		Cr	3.43	4.55		11058.43	3		Atm			
11015.92	8		Atm				11059.29	5		Atm			
11016.72	4		Atm				11060.03	10nl	12	Atm ⊙			
11016.96	-2						11061.09	0		Atm			
11017.65	3		Atm				11061.68	4		Atm			
11018.22	10		Atm				11062.36	4		Atm			
11019.11	-3						11063.24	1		Atm			
11019.48	-2					1	11064.13	10		Atm			
11019.90	4		Atm				11065.15	-1		Atm			
11020.48	-3					1	11066.90	-2N	ON	⊙			
11020.87	3		Atm				11068.57	-2	0	⊙			
11021.35	-3						11069.17	3		Atm			
11021.85	-3					1	11070.09	-2		Atm			
11022.28	-3					1	11070.80	3		Atm			
11022.80	8		Atm				11071.66	4		Atm			
11023.65	8		Atm				11072.18	0		Atm			
11024.38	0		Atm				11072.64	-2		Atm			
11026.11	-1		Atm				11073.28	-3		Atm			1
11026.85	0		⊙? Atm				11073.88	ON		Atm			
11027.62	12		Atm				11074.60	7		Atm			34
11028.74	-1N	ON	⊙				11075.29	-1		Atm?			
11029.38	-3					1	11076.15	1	1N	⊙			
11029.55	ON					1	11077.10	9		Atm			
11029.99	5		Atm				11077.89	6		Atm			
11030.99	-3					1	11078.63	6		Atm			
11031.28	-3		Atm?			40	11079.50	5		Atm			
11031.71	-3		Atm?			1	11079.93	5		Atm			
11032.44	8		Atm				11081.65	-2N	-1N	⊙			
11034.02	2		Atm				11082.00	12		Atm			
11034.80	ON	2	⊙				11082.60	2		Atm			
11036.93	3		Atm			34	11083.26	-3N		⊙?			1
11037.40	-3						11084.66	15		Atm			
11038.01	-2	ON	⊙				11085.95	ON	1N	⊙			
11038.95	12		Atm				11087.36	-1		Atm?			
11040.26	6		Atm				11088.48	6		Atm			
11041.21	9		Atm				11089.20	1		Atm			
11041.70	9		Atm				11089.62	2		Atm			
11042.78	1		Atm				11090.65	9		Atm			
11044.31	-3N		⊙?			1	11091.30	-2					
11045.28	4		Atm				11091.72	-2					1
11045.66	4		Atm				11092.32	5		Atm			
11046.26	3		Atm				11092.95	-3					
11046.69	3		Atm				11093.54	-3					1
11047.59	-1		Atm				11093.98	0		Atm?			
11048.44	1N	3	⊙				11094.68	6		Atm			
11049.27	0		Atm				11095.67	8		Atm			



## INFRARED SOLAR SPECTRUM

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
11096.62	-3				11159.33	(20)	Atm		
11097.00	-2				11160.65	(75)	Atm		13
11097.53	2	Atm			11162.94	(125)	Atm		13
11097.74	-2			1	11165.47	(100)	Atm		13
11098.31	-3N			1	11167.09	6	Atm		
11098.96	1	Atm		24	11168.03	3	Atm		
11099.80	-3			1	11169.73	(50)	Atm		13
11100.26	-1				11171.99	(65)	Atm		13
11101.21	-1				11173.83	-2N			
11101.72	0	Atm			11174.44	-1	Atm?		
11102.94	(50)	Atm			11175.59	2	Atm		34
11103.82	3	Atm			11177.49	(25)	Atm		13
11104.52	-2			1	11178.37	3	Atm		
11106.05	(20)	Atm			11180.98	(175)	Atm ☉?		13
11108.46	-3			1	11183.73	0	Atm		
11109.47	(30)	Atm			11184.69	-3			
11110.60	-3				11186.61	(125)	Atm		13
11111.17	2	Atm			11189.14	(60)	Atm		13
11112.14	(60)	Atm		13	11191.34	(125)	Atm		13
11114.35	1	☉			11193.19	-1	Atm		
11116.04	1	Atm?			11193.68	-1	Atm		
11117.86	4	Atm			11194.51	1	Atm		
11118.52	1	Atm			11194.93	2	Atm		
11119.09	4	Atm			11196.97	(100)	Atm		13
11119.81	1	3N Fe	2.83 3.94		11198.55	4	Atm		
11120.68	10	Atm			11199.50	2	Atm?		
11122.64	3	Atm			11201.00	(150)	Atm		13
11123.28	5	Atm		34	11202.42	2	Atm		
11124.11	4	Atm			11203.94	-3N			1
11125.91	-3N	☉		1	11204.95	(25)	Atm		
11126.98	(40)	Atm			11206.25	-1N	☉		
11128.22	(20)	Atm			11206.66	2	Atm		
11129.44	(40)	Atm			11207.20	-3			1
11130.19	(40)	Atm			11207.68	-3			1
11131.44	(20)	Atm			11208.21	-2			
11132.25	-1	☉?			11210.62	(125)	Atm		13
11133.36	(20)	Atm			11212.30	1N	Fe?p-	3.53 4.63	
11134.31	(40)	Atm			11213.10	0	Atm		
11135.46	1	Atm			11213.89	4	Atm		34
11136.04	(25)	Atm			11216.83	(225)	Atm		13
11136.65	(20)	Atm			11219.43	1	Atm		
11137.62	0	Atm?			11223.31	(350)	Atm		13
11139.45	5	Atm			11227.52	9	Atm		34
11139.84	3	Atm			11228.83	-1N	☉		
11140.77	4	Atm			11229.60	-2	☉		
11143.32	6	Atm		34	11230.17	-3N	☉		1
11144.98	8	Atm			11231.54	1	Atm		
11145.57	2	Atm			11231.94	1	Atm		
11146.25	-3	1 ☉			11234.40	(300)	Atm		13
11148.56	(130)	Atm		13	11238.54	-3			
11152.00	(60)	Atm		13	11239.27	-3			
11152.66	6	Atm			11239.9	-3N	CN?	0, 1	1,40
11153.33	-3	-1 ☉			11240.94	(50)	Atm		
11153.92	5	Atm			11242.15	(40)	Atm		
11154.56	3	Atm			11242.91	-1N			1
11155.35	(25)	Atm			11243.28	-2			1
11157.29	(25)	Atm		34	11244.36	0	1 Ti-	3.17 4.26	
		(Cr)	3.45 4.55		11245.19	4	Atm		
11158.85	1				11245.66	0	Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
11246.13	4	Atm			11319.16	1	Atm		
11246.95	2	3	Ti-	3.14 4.24	11319.86	1	Atm		
11248.33	(40)	Atm			11321.67	(100)	Atm		13
11252.69	(325)	Atm		13	11323.79	6ns	⊙ Atm		
		(Al)	4.00 5.10		11325.04	3nl	Atm ⊙		
11256.58	0	Atm			11326.08	-1			
11257.52	2	Atm			11326.99	(25)	Atm		
11259.40	(135)	Atm		13	11328.09	-1N			
11260.58	8	Atm		1	11329.70	(100)	Atm		13
11261.71	(50)	Atm			11331.27	8	Atm		
11263.14	-3				11333.35	(175)	Atm		13
11264.20	3	Atm			11336.18	1			
11265.19	(50)	Atm			11338.56	(165)	Atm		13
11268.19	6	Atm		34	11339.30	8	Atm		
11268.93	-2N			1	11339.82	10	Atm		
11271.14	(150)	Atm		13	11340.65	5	Atm		
11272.28	10	Atm			11346.37	(525)	Atm		13
11274.34	10	Atm			11349.17	(75d)	Atm		
11275.78	(190)	Atm		13	11350.96	(25)	Atm		
11277.19	8	Atm			11351.94	2	Atm		
11278.21	-1	CN?	0, 1		11352.79	-1N	Atm?		
11278.73	1	CN?	0, 1		11353.36	-2	Atm?		1
11279.34	-1	CN?	0, 1		11353.83	5	Atm		
11280.03	0	CN?	0, 1				Fe?p	3.53 4.62	
11282.16	(100)	Atm		13	11355.58	1N	Atm		
11284.40	-3	CN?	0, 1	1	11357.80	(235)	Atm		13
11285.05	0	CN?	0, 1		11360.97	1	Atm		
11286.85	(125)	Atm		13	11361.42	2	Atm		
11290.08	(75)	Atm		13	11362.65	3	Atm		
11291.54	0	CN?	0, 1		11363.11	-1N	Atm		
11294.47	(175)	Atm		13	11364.08	-2N	⊙		
11295.79	10	Atm			11365.12	8	Atm		
11296.58	-1	⊙		1	11365.52	0	Atm		
11297.22	10	Atm			11366.08	2	Atm		
11299.96	(125)	Atm		13	11366.90	2	Atm		
11301.39	5	Atm			11367.44	-2	⊙		1
11301.77	5	Atm			11367.86	2	Atm		
11302.89	1	Atm ⊙			11369.15	1N	⊙?		
11304.03	-3			1	11370.35	3	Atm		
11304.61	-3			1	11371.10	0	Atm		1
11305.42	(25)	Atm			11371.92	(20)	Atm-		34
11306.52	3	Atm			11373.68	(100d?)	Atm		13
11307.25	-1						(Fe)	2.17 3.25	
11307.67	3	Atm			11375.10	-2	S?	8.37 9.46	1
11308.60	5	Atm			11376.38	-3			1
11309.80	-3			1	11377.08	-2	Fe?p	4.57 5.66	
11310.10	-3			1	11377.76	6	Atm		
11310.28		-2	⊙	1	11378.62	-2			
11310.76	3	Atm			11379.19	3	Atm		
11311.93	5N	⊙?			11380.25	-1	Atm		
11312.45	(75)	Atm		13	11382.24	(150)	Atm		13
11313.29	-2			1			(Na)	2.09 3.18	
11313.80	-2				11384.66	(25)	Atm		
11314.62	2	Atm			11386.18	-2NN	S?	8.37 9.46 1.40	
11315.20	-1	ob?	⊙		11387.42	-2			
11316.06	-3				11388.13	-2			
11316.78	3	Atm		34	11388.61	-2			
11318.05	(30)	Atm			11389.41	-2			

I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes	I A	Intensity		Ident	E P		Notes
	Disk	Spot		or	Band	Data		Disk	Spot		or	Band	Data
11390.14	0						11458.25	-3					
11390.82	2	4	Cr?	3.31	4.39		11458.89	2n		⊙			
			Atm				11460.07	(30)		Atm			34
11391.67	-3						11460.58	-1		Atm			
11392.64	-1		Fe p	5.75	6.84		11462.09	(40)		Atm			13
11393.12	0						11463.76	(150)		Atm			13
11393.65	0					40	11467.56	(75)		Atm			13
11394.72	2					34	11468.43	(25)		Atm			1
11395.36	1						11468.93	-2		Atm?			1
11396.92	(130)		Atm			13	11470.18	(50)		Atm			13
11399.26	0						11471.67	(35)		Atm			13
11400.55	2						11473.17	(75)		Atm			13
11401.93	-2N					1	11474.51	-3					1
11402.41	-2					1	11474.98	-3N					1
11402.73	0						11475.88	2		⊙			
11403.22	-2					1	11476.60	-3					1
11403.80	5	20	Na	2.10	3.18		11477.32	4		Atm			34
11405.95	(185)		Atm			13	11478.14	-1		Atm			
11408.35	-2						11478.74	-2		Atm			
11408.89	0		Atm				11479.26	-3					
11409.98	-2N		⊙				11479.79	-3		Fe?p	5.00 6.08		
11410.78	-2										5.00 6.08		
11412.19	(100)		Atm			13	11480.35	-3					1
11413.90	-3d?					1,40	11481.04	3		Atm			
11415.03	-1		⊙				11481.50	-1N	2	⊙			
11415.66	(20)		Atm ⊙?				11481.91	-3		Atm?			1,40
11416.58	-2						11482.52	-3N		Atm?			1
11417.16	-2		Fe?p	5.05	6.13		11483.08	(20)		Atm			
11417.68	-1						11483.85	(20)		Atm			
11418.08	-1						11484.31	10		Atm			
11419.06	(75)		Atm							Cr	3.31 4.38		
11421.77	-3					1	11485.50	(60)		Atm			13
11422.38	8		Fe	2.19	3.27		11486.44	1		Atm			
11423.23	(30)		Atm			34	11487.17	-1N		Atm			
11424.54	0		Atm				11487.63	-3					1
11425.24	-1		Atm				11489.58	-1N	2N	⊙			
11425.87	(30)		Atm				11490.08	2		Atm			
11426.91	1		Atm				11490.97	-2		Atm			
11427.85	15		Atm			34	11493.07	(60)		Atm			13
11428.51	-3		Fe?p	5.31	6.39		11495.12	(90)		Atm			13
11428.98	-2		Atm				11496.47	10		Atm			
11430.06	-3						11497.42	(40)		Atm			13
11432.08	-1		Atm				11498.67	(35)		Atm			13
11434.79	(60)		Atm			13	11500.64	-2N		Fe?p	5.00 6.08		
11435.49	(15)		Atm			13	11501.72	(20)		Atm			34
11435.87	ON		⊙				11502.68	3N		Si	6.23 7.31		
11436.71	ON		⊙				11505.42	(50)		Atm			13
11437.95	(25)		Atm				11506.73	-2		Atm			
11439.12	10		Fe	2.83	3.91	1	11508.00	3N	4N	⊙			
11440.54	(150)		Atm			13	11508.80	3		Atm			
11442.61	-1					1	11510.10	(60)		Atm			13
11446.60	(75)		Atm			13	11511.63	-3					
11448.90	5N		⊙			1	11513.86	-3N					
11451.47	(85)		Atm			13	11515.88	ON		Atm			
11453.47	2		Atm				11517.26	(75)		Atm			13
11454.06	-1		Atm				11518.57	1N		Atm			
11454.62	-3		Atm				11519.47	ON		Atm ⊙?			
11456.26	(60)		Atm			13	11521.66	-3		Atm?			1
11457.61	-3						11523.75	(125)		Atm			13

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
11525.96	-3	Atm		1	11579.75	-3	Atm		
11528.60	1	⊙			11580.52	5	Atm		34
11529.90	-3			1	11581.85	(20)	Atm		
11530.56	6	Atm		34	11586.67	(50)	Atm		13
11531.37	-2d?				11588.27	4	Atm		
11531.98	4	Atm			11590.38	2	Atm		
11532.87	3	Atm			11591.41	ON	Si	6.24 7.31	
11533.22	5	Atm			11592.21	3N	Atm		
11534.01	(20)	Atm					Si?	6.24 7.31	
11534.61	8	Atm			11593.65	ON	Fe	2.21 3.28	1
11535.22	10	Atm			11594.04	(35)	Atm		13
11536.23	-3N			1	11594.70	1N	Atm		
11537.41	(60)	Atm		13	11596.10	-1	⊙		52
11538.19	-2	Atm		1	11597.99	15	Atm		
11538.77	-2	Atm		1	11598.81	-3N			1
11539.12	3	Atm			11600.21	(35)	Atm		13
11539.54	0	Atm			11601.05	(40)	Atm		13
11540.01	(20)	Atm			11602.08	-2	Cr?p	8.60 9.67	
11540.77	3				11602.88	-3	Fe p	5.25 6.31	1
11541.63	(50)	Atm		13	11603.53	-3N			
11542.92	-1	Fe?p	5.32 6.39		11604.40	10	Atm		
11543.91	0	Atm			11605.31	7	Atm ⊙		
11545.17	-3N				11606.49	0	Atm		
11546.77	(40)	Atm		13	11607.59	4	Fe	2.19 3.25	
11547.88	1N	Atm			11608.77	-3			1
11548.91	-1N	Atm			11609.38	10nl	Atm		
11550.41	-3						Si p	6.23 7.30	
11551.08	(20)	Atm		13	11609.91	-1			1
11551.79	-1	Atm			11610.56	1	Cr	3.31 4.37	
11552.28	-3	⊙		1	11611.44	15ns	Si-	6.23 7.30	
11553.03	0	⊙?					Atm		
11554.65	(75)	Atm		13	11612.49	2	Atm		
11556.10	-3	⊙?		52	11613.84	10	Atm		34
11556.92	-1N	⊙?		52	11614.38	-3			
11557.08	-1N	⊙?		52	11615.80	-2NN	⊙		
11557.43	-3N	⊙?		1,52	11617.26	4	Atm		
11558.09	-1N	⊙?		52	11618.04	-2			
11559.00	-1Nd?	⊙?		52	11618.60	3	Atm		
11560.42	-3N	⊙?		52	11619.33	-1N	Cr?	8.61 9.67	
11560.98	4	⊙?			11620.24	(35)	Atm		13
11562.05	(50)	Atm		13	11620.88	-3			1
11562.90	-2d	⊙?		52	11622.07	10	Atm		
11563.69	ON	⊙?		52	11623.06	ON	Atm		
11564.58	-3N	⊙?		1,52			Cr?p	3.08 4.14	
11565.50	4d	Atm ⊙		34	11624.76	-1N	Atm ⊙		
11566.49	-3			1	11626.52	-3			1
11567.87	-3				11627.57	-3			
11569.13	(25)	Atm			11628.92	2	⊙ Atm		
11569.96	0	⊙?			11629.84	-2N	⊙?		
11571.09	4	Atm			11630.50	1N	Cr?p	8.61 9.67	
11571.51	5	Atm			11631.63	-3			1
11572.57	0	Cr?p	3.11 4.17		11632.66	10	Atm		
11573.04	-3	CN?	1, 2	40	11633.08	10	Atm		
11573.25	-3	Fe?p	5.61 6.67		11633.09	(20)	Atm		
11573.79	3	Atm			11637.04	-3NN			1
11575.20	(50)	Atm		13	11638.22	10	Fe	2.17 3.23	34
11576.26	15	Atm					Atm?		
11577.42	-3N	⊙		1	11639.25	-3Nd?			
11578.46	-2			1	11639.80	-2	Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
11640.55	2	<u>Si</u>	6.25 7.31		11685.89	1	☉?		
11640.97	0	Atm			11687.82	-3N			1
11641.84	-3d?	☉			11688.36	-3	Fe?p	3.53 4.59	
11642.41	2	Fe?p	4.56 5.62		11689.05	-3			1
11643.12	-3	Atm		1	11689.54	2	Atm		
11643.80	0				11690.01	1	Fe	2.21 3.27	
11644.25	-3	Atm		1	11690.42	5	(K)	1.60 2.66	
11644.74	-3d?				11691.13	-3	Atm		1
11645.33	ON	☉			11691.90	8	Atm		34
11646.30	10d	Atm ☉			11694.14	-3			1
11647.36	5	Atm			11695.80	-3N			
11648.06	-3			1	11696.96	0	Atm		
11649.09	10	Atm			11698.91	ins	Atm		
11649.75	10	Atm			11699.80	2	Atm		
11650.88	-1				11700.38	2n	Atm?		
11653.18	-2NN	C	8.73 9.79		11700.95	2	Atm		
11654.44	10	Atm			11701.76	-3			1
11655.00	6	Atm			11702.54	7	Atm		
11655.53	10	Atm			11703.32	-1	☉? Atm		
11656.56	ON	Atm?			11705.13	0	Atm		
		N?	10.88 11.94		11707.45	15	Atm		
11657.53	10	Atm			11710.18	-3N			
11659.08	ON	C	8.73 9.79		11711.15	-2Nd			
		Fe p	5.00 6.06		11714.61	ONL	Atm		
11659.70	0	☉?			11715.71	8d	Atm ☉?		
11660.92	-2N	☉?			11717.39	-2N			
11661.83	7	Atm		34	11720.42	(20)	Atm		34
11662.95	-3N	☉?			11722.75	-3N			
11664.35	(30)	Atm		13	11724.12	-1N	Atm?		
		(☉?)	8.61 9.67		11725.43	-3			1
11665.78	ON	Atm ☉			11725.86	4	Atm		
11666.2	-3N			1	11727.09	-2			1
11666.87	-3			1	11727.76	-1			
11667.36	3	Atm			11728.48	-2	Fe p	4.99 6.04	1
11667.98	-3				11729.02	4	Atm		
11668.75	10	Atm ☉?			11731.59	-3			
11669.70	ON	Atm			11732.34	-1N	Fe?p	3.03 4.09	
		C	8.73 9.79		11732.89	1	Atm		
		Fe p	4.54 5.60		11733.29	4	Atm		
11670.61	-3			1	11734.05	-3			1
11671.33	-1	Atm?			11735.29	ON			
11671.80	-2	Atm?			11736.01	15	Atm		
		Cr?p	3.10 4.16		11736.72	1	Atm		
11672.85	-1	Atm?			11737.34	12	Atm ☉?		
11673.47	-3			1	11738.97	15	Atm		
11674.11	7	Atm			11739.72	-3			1
11674.80	5	Atm			11740.12	4	Atm		1
11675.43	-3				11742.80	-2NN	☉		1
11676.40	2Nd	Atm			11744.78	-1N	☉		1
		Fe p	4.93 5.99		11746.09	ON	☉ Atm		
11679.56	-1	Atm			11748.28	1N	C	8.60 9.65	
11680.40	5	☉? Atm			11749.32	-3	Atm		
11680.94	7	Atm			11750.04	5	Atm		34
11681.77	4N	Atm			11751.21	6	Atm		
11682.23	-3N			1	11752.23	4	Atm		
11683.07	-1N				11753.42	5N	C	8.61 9.66	
11684.00	-3				11754.84	5N	C	8.61 9.66	11
11685.15	4	Atm					Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
11759.63	-3	Atm			11865.76	8	Atm		
11763.45	3ns	<u>Atm</u> O?			11868.03	-1	Atm?		
11768.37	0	Atm			11868.82	-3	Atm?		
11769.73	-2N	K	1.61 2.66		11870.02	-2			
11771.17	6	Atm			11871.49	-2			1
11771.92	-3				11872.34	2			
11772.77	15	Atm			11873.52	(30)	Atm		13
		(K)	1.61 2.66		11876.24	0	Atm		11
11773.45	-2	<u>Atm</u> O?			11876.32	10NN	O		11
11774.37	(20)	Atm		34	11876.86	-1	Atm?		11
11775.60	6	Atm			11878.70	(25)	Atm		13
11777.61	ONN	C p	8.61 9.65		11879.66	-2N	C?	8.60 9.64	1
11780.84	15	Atm			11880.90	4			
11783.36	5	Atm			11882.02	5			
		(Fe)	2.82 3.87		11882.87	4	<u>Atm</u>		
11792.53	20	Atm					Fe	2.19 3.23	
11794.92	8	Atm			11884.13	2	<u>Atm</u>		
11795.78	-3			38			Fe	2.21 3.25	
11797.55	0	Ti	1.42 2.47		11886.24	-2N	O? Atm		
11801.10	0	C	8.61 9.66		11889.08	12	Atm		
11804.12	-2N			1	11890.48	-1	Si p	5.06 6.10	
11804.93	-1				11892.90	ON	C	8.61 9.64	
11805.71	-1	Atm		1	11895.02	-2	Atm?		
11806.08	0	Atm		1	11895.88	1N	C	8.61 9.65	
11808.41	-3				11897.22	-2N	O		
11810.19	8			34	11899.64	12	Atm		34
11811.12	-3				11903.17	1n	Atm O?		1
11811.87	-3N			1	11904.82	2	Atm		1
11812.76	1				11906.82	1N	O?		
11815.05					11908.04	2	Atm		
11815.62	(60)	Atm		13	11909.97	1nl	Atm		
11816.95	-2				11915.39	5	Atm		34
11817.18	-3			1	11916.25	-2	O?		1
11817.96	2	Atm			11916.85	-1N	O?		1
11818.80	(35)	Atm		13	11918.02	ON	O?		1
11822.52	1	Atm			11923.03	1N	CN?	2, 3	40
11822.91	ON	O		1	11924.74	1	Atm?		
11823.77	3	Atm			11928.98	1N	O?		
11825.00	-2	Atm			11931.61	(20)	Atm		
11828.20	5NN	Mg	4.33 5.37	11,63	11933.57	2	Atm?		
11828.24	6	Atm			11938.41	-2N	O?		1
11833.13	2	Atm			11941.32	1	Atm		
11834.33	-3N				11942.44	1	Atm		
11835.44	4	Atm			11943.90	On	O?		1
11839.00	2N	O			11947.59	1	Atm		
		(Fe?p)	5.59 6.63		11948.07	1	Atm		
11840.06	(25)	Atm			11949.77	1n	Ti	1.44 2.47	
11841.77	-2	Atm			11951.72	On	O?		
11843.24	-2	Atm			11952.74	5	Atm		
11844.73	10	Atm			11954.47	0	O?		
11846.18	0	Atm			11955.31	1	Atm		
11847.30	15	Atm			11960.23	5	Atm		
11848.79	-1N	C	8.61 9.65		11961.93	0	Atm		
11851.51	0	Atm			11966.30	0	Atm		
11854.02	-2N	Atm			11969.30	-1	Atm		1
11856.22	2	Atm			11972.86	(25d)	Atm		
11861.73	8	Atm					(Fe)	2.17 3.20	
11862.99	-2	C	8.61 9.64		11981.86	2	Atm		
11864.14	-1NN	O?		1	11982.97	ON	O?		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
11984.50	10Ne	Si-	4.91 5.94		12118.90	-1	Atm?		1
		Atm?			12119.86	5	Atm		
11986.75	3	Atm?			12120.79	7	Atm		
11988.20	0	⊙			12122.74	0	Atm		
11988.80	5	Atm			12123.66	0	Atm		
11991.63	4n	Si	4.90 5.93		12126.48	-2	Atm		
11994.00	4n	Fe p	4.89 5.92		12127.28	5	Atm		
11998.40	3	Atm?			12129.44	ONN	⊙?		1
12001.41	2	Atm?			12134.55	4	Atm		40
12005.31	5	Atm			12135.54	2	Atm		33
12007.75	ONN	⊙?			12135.95	0			33
12010.20	5	Atm			12137.22	2	Atm		
12011.24	Onl	⊙?		1	12138.13	6	Atm		
12015.10	5	Atm		34	12140.73	6	Atm		
12015.73	3	Atm		34	12142.67	4	Atm		
12023.06	3	Atm			12144.98	3N	⊙		
12027.32	0	⊙?			12145.90	8	Atm		
12030.13	0	⊙?			12146.96	-1	Atm		1
12031.56	10n1	Si	4.93 5.96		12148.62	3	Atm		
12034.10	15	Atm			12151.35	8	Atm		
12035.01	15	Atm			12159.15	2	Atm		1
12036.84	5	Atm			12160.14	0	⊙?		1
12037.98	0			1	12160.95	2	Atm		1
12039.88	0				12163.26	3d			1
12041.44	ON			1	12164.64	-1n	⊙?		1
12043.04	0			1	12165.29	8	Atm		34
12047.37	10	Atm		34	12166.99	2	Atm?		1
12052.08	1			1	12169.16	-2NN	⊙		1
12053.17	-1	Fe p	4.54 5.56	1	12173.76	1	Atm		1
12056.80	1			1	12176.18	7	Atm		
12060.11	-1			1	12177.92	3	Atm		1
12061.92	6	Atm			12178.35	3	Atm		1
12063.83	-1			1	12184.42	-2	Atm?		1
12067.24	6	Atm			12185.87	4	Atm		1
12069.16	ON	⊙?		1	12188.02	6	Atm		1
12071.19	8n1	Atm ⊙?			12189.39	-1N			1
12075.57	-1NN	-Fe p	5.75 6.77	1	12190.42	7d	Atm		1
12078.05	6	Atm		34	12195.67	4	Atm		1
12078.69	6	Atm			12200.09	8	Atm		
12080.27	-1			1	12203.51	0	Atm		1
12082.04	3	Atm?			12210.64	1	Atm		1
12083.79	8N	Mg	5.73 6.75		12211.10	3	Atm		1
12088.32	10	Atm		34	12211.87	4	Atm		1
12090.96	-1	Atm		1	12214.56	10	Atm		
12092.16	-2			1	12218.90	-1	Atm		1,33
12096.41	8	Atm		34	12221.45	-1	Atm		1,33
12101.75	-2	Atm?		1	12223.14	10	Atm		34
12102.46	-1	⊙?		1	12227.06	0	Fe p	4.59 5.60	1
12103.62	4	Si	4.91 5.93	34	12227.76	3	Atm		1
12106.20	-1N	⊙		1	12232.79	6			1
12107.40	3	Atm			12234.35	6			
12109.33	2	Atm			12239.53	5	Fe?p	5.00 6.01	1
12110.25	8	Atm		1,33	12241.70	1	Atm		1
12110.61	7	Atm		1,33	12241.94	1n1	⊙?		1,40
12113.17	0	Atm?			12245.12	-1NN	Fe?p-	3.62 4.63	1
12113.77	1	Atm?			12246.90	2	Atm		1
12115.51	-1			1	12247.35	-1	Atm		1,33
12115.99	6	Atm			12249.85	1			1
12117.19	-1	Atm?		1	12251.02	5	Atm		

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
12257.47	3	Atm		1	12423.00	2	Atm		
12258.74	ON			1	12423.36	-2N	Ca?p	4.72 5.72	1
12260.37	-1NN			1	12432.25	-1	Atm		
12263.84	3	Atm		1	12433.43	3	Atm		
12267.23	8	Atm		34	12437.59	-1N			1
12267.95	-1	Fe p	3.26 4.27	1	12439.77	1N1	Atm O		
12270.16	1	Atm		1	12442.46	0	Atm?		1
12270.76	8n1	Atm?			12452.41	-1NN	O?		1
		Si	4.93 5.94	34	12457.13	-1	Atm		1
12272.42	4	Atm		1	12458.59	-2			1,40
12275.27	-1			1	12460.98	-1N			1
12276.49	2	Atm		1	12481.93	-1N			1
12281.09	-1n			1	12492.65	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1,45
12283.61	-2			1	12504.92	-1N			1
12284.90	2	Atm		1	12507.74	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12286.01	3	Atm		1	12522.16	3ns	K?	1.61 2.60	
12292.08	5	Atm					C?	8.73 9.72	
12295.33	-1NN			1	12523.07	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12297.60	2	Atm		1	12525.23	-2			1
12297.85	1NN	O		1	12532.98	1N			1
12300.32	1NN	O		1	12535.19	ON			1
12305.91	-1	Atm		1	12538.73	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12309.17	0	Atm?			12549.50	1N	C	8.81 9.79	
12314.36	-2N	O?		1	12551.07	-1N			1,40
12314.84	1	Atm			12554.70	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12320.23	-1N	O?		1	12557.11	On	Fe p	2.27 3.25	
12323.09	1	Atm			12562.25	6N	C?	8.81 9.79	
12323.78	-2				12566.40	-2N			1
12324.97	2	Atm			12569.06	1N	C	8.81 9.79	
12327.47	1	Atm			12571.02	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12328.97	ON	O		1	12581.68	5ns	-C	8.81 9.79	
12329.69	-2			1	12583.09	-2	O?		1
12330.70	4	Atm			12583.97	1	Atm		
12340.89	-2N	-Fe p	2.27 3.27	1	12586.69	-2	Fe?p	5.25 6.23	1
12341.73	-2			1	12587.59	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12343.06	-1	Fe p	4.62 5.62		12588.92	-1	Fe?p	5.00 5.98	1
12345.41	-2N			1	12592.42	-1	O Atm		1
12347.94	-2	Atm		1	12594.95	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1
12349.87	1N	O?		1	12598.40	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1
12351.92	-2	Atm		1	12601.33	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1,26
12354.90	-1	Atm		1	12601.60	2N	C	8.81 9.79	1
12357.07	-2			1	12604.60	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26,34
12358.10	-2			1	12605.67	-2			1
12363.97	2	Atm			12607.93	4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1
12366.08	-1	Atm			12611.32	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1
12368.64	1	Atm			12614.20	4N	C	8.81 9.79	
12377.34	-2N			1	12614.84	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12382.84	-1N			1	12615.98	-1	Fe p	4.62 5.60	1
12390.24	2	Atm			12616.96	-2	Atm?-		1
12392.83	-1N	O?		1			Fe?p	3.29 4.26	
12395.88	2	Atm			12618.16	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26
		(Si p)	4.93 5.93		12621.87	12	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26,34
12398.65	-2N			1	12623.05	-1	Atm		1
12400.28	-1			1	12624.45	-2n			1
12401.65	-1			1	12625.33	7	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12403.41	2	Atm			12626.66	-2			1
12406.89	-1	Atm		1	12627.76	-2			1
12413.75	-2N	O?		1	12628.35	-2			1
12417.97	-1	Atm			12629.45	7	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	



I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
12630.53	-2			1	12718.88	-2			1
12631.45	-2	Fe p	5.42 6.40	1	12719.35	-2			1
12632.72	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12720.62	-2			1
12633.29	-2			1	12722.05	-1			
12635.36	3NN	⊙		1	12723.96	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26,34
12636.62	-2			1	12725.38	-2			1
12637.19	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12726.47	-2			1
12638.76	0	Fe p	4.54 5.52		12727.10	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12639.38	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1	12729.60	-2			1
12640.45	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12730.26	-2			1
12645.21	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12731.90	-2			1
12648.41	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12733.25	-1			1
12648.74	1NN	-Fe p	4.59 5.56	1	12734.48	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12653.50	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12735.58	-2			1
12656.69	9	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	34	12736.83	-2			1
12657.30	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1	12737.62	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26,34
12658.94	-1NN	⊙		1	12739.08	-2			1
12662.03	8	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12739.98	-2			1
12664.46	-2	Atm		1	12741.19	2d?			
12665.19	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12741.94	-2			1
12667.06	-2N	⊙?		1	12745.36	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12670.98	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12748.45	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12671.57	-1	Atm			12749.84	-2			1
12673.99	10	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12750.60	-2			1
12674.47	-2	Atm?		1	12751.74	-2			1
12679.19	1N	Na	3.60 4.57	1	12754.55	-2			1
12680.13	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	45	12756.50	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12680.80	4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12759.44	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12681.65	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12760.73	2			1
12682.74	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12767.56	8d?	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12683.46	1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12768.48	-2			1
12684.10	6d	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12769.28	-2			1
12684.81	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12770.03	-2			1
12685.54	-1			1	12770.79	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1
12685.88	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12776.00	-2			1
12687.24	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26	12779.41	0	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12687.69	-1				12780.59	0	Atm		
12688.83	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12781.28	-2			1
12689.40	-2			1	12782.34	-1	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	
12689.89	-2			1	12788.16	-2			1
12690.68	3	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12789.42	3			1
12691.85	-2			1	12791.25	-2			1
12692.22	-2			1	12793.14	-2	Fe p	3.24 4.20	1
12692.82	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12794.02	-2			1
12693.68	1	Atm			12795.70	-1			
12694.35	-2			1	12796.36	-2			1
12695.16	2d?	Atm		1	12799.09	-2			1
12697.06	-1	Atm			12800.06	-2			1
12697.87	0	Atm			12800.82	0			1
12700.74	-1	Atm		1	12803.64	-2			1
12703.59	5	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	26	12804.30	-2			1
12704.10	-1n			1	12804.96	2			1
12706.86	2	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0	1	12806.50	-1			1
12707.49	-2			1	12807.48	-1	Fe p	3.62 4.59	1
12709.87	2				12813.90	-2			1
12713.61	6	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12814.64	-2			1
12714.43	-2			1	12816.11	-1	Ca?	3.89 4.86	1
12715.26	-2	Fe p	5.80 6.77	1	12818.23	(20)	H	12.04 13.00	20,34
12716.89	4	Atm O <sub>2</sub>	16-16 0, 0		12821.36	0	Atm		1

I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes	I A	Intensity Disk Spot	Ident	E P or Band Data	Notes
12823.48	-1	Atm		1	13197.35	6	(Zn)	6.63 7.56	
12842.71	-1	Atm		1	13200.56	3	☉?		
12869.04	-1	Atm		1	13210.79	5			
12878.91	10	Atm		1	13218.05	1			1
12885.54	4	Atm		1	13225.94	2	☉?		1
12890.21	0			1	13228.50	4			
12897.12	0	FeIp	5.29 6.25	1	13230.82	1	☉?		1
12899.75	12				13233.92	-1	☉?		1
12913.76	5			1	13237.05	4			1
12917.04	5N	(FeIp)	3.29 4.24	1	13239.88	2	☉?		1
12923.08	3			1	13249.96	1	☉?		1
12934.94	3			1	13252.57	1	☉?		1
12937.75	0			1	13255.70	1	☉?		1
12944.83	0			1	13259.93	2nl			1
12946.60	1	Fe p	3.24 4.19	1	13266.26	1	☉?		1
12951.68	5			1	13268.08	3			1
12953.74	10			1	13275.21	1	☉?		1
12955.82	3			1	13280.43	6			1
12958.77	2			1	13284.58	5			1
12963.36	1			1	13288.77	5	(FeIp)- (SiIp)	2.94 3.86 4.91 5.84	
12965.24	1			1					
12966.19	0			1	13293.34	0			1
12969.96	10				13297.69	4			34
12971.72	3			1	13305.31	0	☉?		1
12976.45	3			1	13310.41	7			1
12979.75	2			1	13316.01	6			1
12992.27	5				13321.20	4			
12994.15	1	☉?		1,62	13327.41	0	☉?		1
13000.79	4				13332.69	10	(Ti p)	2.24 3.17	1
13003.53	1	☉?		1	13338.96	ON			1
13007.11	4	FeIp-	2.98 3.93		13343.27	0			1
13020.01	2	☉?		1	13345.91	4			1
13024.65	4	☉?			13350.83	ON			1
13031.80	4	☉?			13352.91	-2			1
13036.64	2				13354.48	ON			1
13039.45	5nl				13356.39	15			34
13052.31	3	(Zn)	6.63 7.57		13363.84	-1N			1
13062.90	6				13367.51	1			1
13065.44	3	☉?		1	13371.42	3			1
13067.64	3nl	☉?		1	13376.33	5			
13077.73	10				13384.35	2N	FeIp-	3.00 3.93	1
13093.04	6				13389.76	2	FeIp	3.00 3.93	1
13095.96	5				13398.32	4N			1
13101.92	10nl				13401.95	4d			1
13119.06	4	☉?			13409.92	1			1
13123.20	3	Al	3.13 4.07		13413.06	1			1
13126.09	4	☉?			13418.48	-1nl	☉?		1
13128.38	0d			1	13423.78	2	☉?		1
13133.50	15				13426.96	1	☉?		1
13138.91	3			1	13435.32	1			1
13142.23	1			1	13437.72	3			1
13144.99	5	☉?			13442.12	2			1
13150.35	4	Al	3.13 4.07		13452.08	2N			1
		(Zn)	6.63 7.56		13455.94	0			1
13153.09	3	SiIp-	4.90 5.84	1	13459.46	-1N			1
13166.41	15	(C)	8.73 9.67	34	13462.21	1N			1
13179.76	4			1	13468.41	0			1
13184.84	4				13473.91	3			1
13190.50	5				13495.20	2	Fe p	4.93 5.85	1

## NOTES TO TABLE A

- 1 The accuracy of this wave length is impaired by faintness or diffuse character of the line, or, in some cases, by the use of a scale and hand magnifier in place of the usual measuring machine.
- 2 These two lines were published by Rowland as one.
- 3 Clerical or typographical error of  $\pm 0.1\text{\AA}$  in Rowland's wave length is suspected.
- 4  $\lambda 7330.859$  is the last line in Rowland's Table.
- 5  $\lambda 7016.62$  is probably a real solar line, although it is clearly present only on a few consecutive exposures on a very dry day. Its absence on numerous superior plates at greater humidity may perhaps be explained by variation in the width of near-by strong atmospheric absorption or by some cause related to the phenomenon mentioned in note 11, but doubt remains as to its own constancy.  $\lambda 7244.48$  also indicates possible variability of intensity. See note 56.
- 6 The atmospheric line  $\lambda 7290.415$  has an unresolved companion on the shortward side which is due to *Si*. The Atlas confirms the presence of the solar component. Sunspot spectrograms, especially when made at low humidity, show a weakening of the blend due to suppression of *Si*. The intensity of this *Si* line in the disk is probably less than 3.
- 7 At  $\lambda 10584$  a weak emission line superposed on the continuous background of the solar spectrum was for a time suspected. Tests with a microphotometer showed the density to be the same as for the adjacent background. Faint variable absorption near by (see note 44) may have contributed to the erroneous impression.
- 8 Peculiar line, see remarks as follows:
  - $\lambda 6638.076$ . Diffuse, probably a single line; possibly corresponds to a weak sharp chromospheric emission line.
  - $\lambda 6719.62$ . Very diffuse, especially longward.
  - $\lambda \lambda 6743.575, 6748.779, 6757.195$ . These lines of *Si* are somewhat more diffuse than those in the multiplet near  $\lambda 7679$ .
  - $\lambda 6835.368$ . Very diffuse and wide.
- 9  $\lambda \lambda 7108.92, 7852.71, 8090.464$ , and a few other lines, mostly of *Ti*, appear to be bordered on one or both edges by very weak emission. The effect is more definite at the solar limb and in sunspots than on the normal disk, but the best plates persistently show it even at the center. This observation is quite distinct from that mentioned in note 7. A solar band head, probably due to *ZrO*, lies near the longward side of  $\lambda 7108.92$ .
- 10 Like many other lines,  $\lambda 7068.423$  is not describable within the limits of Table A. It is discussed here in detail to illustrate the inadequacy of tabular descriptions. The disk intensity for this line, estimated in the usual way, was 7, deviating abnormally from the tabular 4, which was derived from the Atlas as explained in the text. The first supposition in such a case is that the line is a blend of solar and atmospheric components, but critical tests (comparison of spectra from east and west limbs and from high sun and low sun) gave no evidence of an atmospheric component. The deviation of the eye estimate may relate to difficulties in maintaining the reference scale of intensities when results from the 75-foot and 21-foot instruments are combined, as in this region. Visual judgment may perhaps be influenced by the variations of intermingled atmospheric lines, which are troublesome here. There is no reason to question the tabular disk intensity, which we derive from the Atlas.

Examination of several spectrograms showed no change of intensity for this line from disk to spot, in good agreement with table 9 for the E P, 4.06 volts, of  $\lambda 7068.423$ . But on an excellent high-dispersion plate from a large spot nearly central on the disk a different result is obtained. Here, because of the particularly favorable circumstances of observation, a more significant comparison of umbra, penumbra, and disk can be made than is ordinarily possible: in the penumbra the line here shows little change from the disk, but in the umbra it is nearly obliterated.

The well known technical difficulty of isolating the typical umbral spectrum doubtless affects a large part of the observational data on spots. Many spectrograms, though photographically excellent, are more representative of the penumbra than of the umbra, a fact which, by itself, helps to fix the norm with which the behavior of individual lines is compared.

Two further considerations contribute to a rational explanation of the apparent contradictions in the observations on  $\lambda 7068.423$ . A normal Zeeman triplet, viewed without analyzer, parallel to the field, shows two equal components, each having one-half the central absorption of the no-field line.  $\lambda 7068.423$  has, in the disk, a central absorption equal to about 40 per cent of the continuous background. If it were

a normal triplet its two  $n$ -components would each have central absorption of only 20 per cent, but this line has fourteen  $n$ -components of various intensities, not resolved in any spot field. Obviously, the strong field typical of a large umbra will make such a line appear to weaken, regardless of its true thermal behavior. In the penumbra or in the integrated light of a less favorable spot, the resultant field is much weaker, the magnetic components are more completely superposed, and the temperature effect is not masked. Such effects of magnetic splitting are exaggerated in the infrared, according to Preston's rule.

An additional factor in the observation of  $\lambda 7068.423$  is the rich background of sharp molecular lines occurring in this region of the umbral spectrum, chiefly from  $TiO$ . As we point out in note 11, a diffuse absorption line may appear to be suppressed by a nearly coincident sharp line.

At the solar limb  $\lambda 7068.423$  is weakened, while its companion,  $\lambda 7068.64$ , is strengthened, the ratio of their intensities being reversed as compared with the normal disk spectrum. On our best chromospheric plates both lines appear in absorption.

Other lines present special problems which cannot be indicated in Table A except through notes. We discuss  $\lambda 7068.423$  at length because it illustrates the kind of difficulties of interpretation that often arise, but it is necessary to omit much detail of this nature in preparing so large a table. See note 59.

- 11 Solar lines  $\lambda\lambda 6920.168$ ,  $6922.243$ ,  $6953.057$ , and  $7755.36$  are measured only on plates made at high sun, where they appear single and normal. In each case an atmospheric line is nearly coincident but is seen only at low sun, being then blacker and narrower than the solar line. Obviously a resolving power of about 400,000 would be required to show as doubles the close pairs written in Table A, if both their components had been sharp and simultaneously visible. We have not used such resolving power.  $\lambda\lambda 6953.057$  and  $7755.36$  are almost completely suppressed by the superposed narrower atmospheric lines at low sun.

The  $Ni$  line  $\lambda 6955.040$  is closely similar to  $Fe$   $\lambda 6960.330$  except at solar zenith distances of  $85^\circ$  or more. The  $Ni$  line is then distinctly weaker than the  $Fe$  line. For  $\lambda 11754.84$  only the dry, high-sun measurement is given. The strong diffuse solar line  $\lambda 11876.32$ , measured at low humidity, is often apparently suppressed by the adjacent atmospheric lines. The pair  $\lambda\lambda 11828.20$ ,  $11828.24$  are difficult to measure and to interpret. Both solar and atmospheric absorption are involved. See notes 63, 31.

- 12 The spectrum of an incandescent filament, when observed through only a few meters of air under ordinary laboratory conditions, shows sharp black absorption lines, due to water vapor and to oxygen, corresponding to the strongest features of the great telluric bands in the solar spectrum. Such absorption lines can cause trouble, when emission spectra are studied in the laboratory, by reducing the intensity and shifting the observed maxima of nearly coincident emission lines. The principal water vapor lines between  $\lambda 9118$  and  $\lambda 9581$ , as observed with a 21-foot grating and 40 feet of air, are given below in table B. Obviously, such lines as these, and especially those of greater strength at longer wave lengths, can be troublesome in the observation of spectra in the laboratory. For example, six of the lines in table B fall within 0.1A of laboratory wave lengths of emis-

TABLE B (note 12)

$\lambda$	$\lambda$	$\lambda$
9118.85	9364.920	9443.351
9155.63	9366.420	9456.207
9176.82	9369.409	9460.048
9303.855	9371.517	9461.345
9316.866	9377.731	9480.330
9319.062	9381.189	9481.731
9325.457	9386.805	9500.960
9333.631	9410.445	9501.717
9339.410	9421.836	9516.996
9342.685	9426.927	9519.441
9343.568	9428.282	9522.326
9344.193	9430.655	9544.008
9345.538	9437.783	9553.444
9354.329	9440.727	9557.317
9358.753	9441.123	9565.057
		9581.087

sion lines. Apparent positions and intensities of the latter will depend in varying degree on the absolute amount of water vapor in the light-path from source to photographic plate.

- 13 For the strongest atmospheric lines and close groups, intensities and wave lengths are very difficult to determine from observations of the solar spectrum. For such lines and groups, intensities have been assigned roughly proportionate to the approximate width at medium humidity, and placed in parentheses. For example, an intensity written (50) corresponds to a width of about 1A, and (20), the weakest included in this notation, has a width of 0.4A. In table C rough positions are given for the limits within which most of the strongest "lines" occur. It is hoped that these numbers may be useful

indicators of the portions of solar and stellar spectra which are generally obscured at a dispersion of 2.5 Å/mm. At lower dispersion or higher humidity the obscuration is much more troublesome. The note number is not repeated in Table A for every line in table C.

14 In addition to being strengthened in the spot, as shown in Table A,  $\lambda 9961.38$  appears notably sharper there than in the disk. Such an anomaly may be due to enhancement of a nearly coincident molecular line, many of which appear in this part of the spot spectrum. See notes 21, 54.

TABLE C (note 13)

$\lambda$	Limits	$\lambda$	Limits	$\lambda$	Limits
9316.15	16.0-17.3	9557.28	56.9-57.9	11396.92	95.6-98.1
9316.73		9565.06	64.8-66.3	11405.95	04.0-07.8
9325.30	24.7-25.9	9566.59	66.2-67.0	11412.19	11.4-13.2
9333.57	33.0-34.0	9580.00	79.7-80.2	11434.79	34.2-35.7
9334.58	34.2-34.9	9581.09	80.9-81.4	11435.49	
9342.45	42.2-44.7	11112.14	11.6-12.8 double?	11440.54	39.1-42.1
9344.0		11148.56	47.7-50.3 triple?	11446.60	45.7-47.2
9345.5	45.0-46.0	11152.00	51.2-52.4	11451.47	50.6-52.3
9353.0		11160.65	60.0-61.5	11456.26	55.6-56.8
9353.6	52.7-54.7	11162.94	61.7-64.2	11462.09	61.7-62.4
9354.4		11165.47	64.5-66.5	11463.76	62.9-66.0
9357.5	57.2-59.2	11169.73	69.2-70.3	11467.56	66.9-68.2
9358.9		11171.99	71.3-72.6	11470.18	69.6-70.8
9364.85	64.6-65.4	11177.49	77.2-77.8 double	11471.67	71.4-72.1
9366.41	65.9-66.9	11180.98	79.1-82.4	11473.17	72.4-74.0
9369.53	68.9-70.1	11186.61	85.3-87.9 double	11485.50	84.9-86.1
9371.57	70.5-72.5	11189.14	88.6-89.7	11493.07	92.5-93.7
9377.63	77.0-78.5	11191.34	90.1-92.7 double	11495.12	94.2-96.0
9381.18	80.2-81.8	11196.97	96.0-98.0	11497.42	97.0-97.8
9386.83	86.3-87.3	11201.00	99.3-02.4	11498.67	98.3-99.0
9410.37	09.9-10.9	11210.62	09.3-12.6	11505.42	04.9-05.9
9417.65	17.2-18.2	11216.83	13.7-18.5	11510.10	09.5-10.7
9421.824	21.5-22.1	11223.31	19.9-26.8	11517.26	16.5-18.1
9426.86	26.2-27.6	11234.40	31.3-37.4	11523.75	22.6-25.1
9428.20	27.8-29.0	11252.69	49.6-56.0	11537.41	36.8-38.0
9430.62	30.4-31.3	11259.40	58.1-60.9	11541.63	41.2-42.1
9437.82	37.2-38.2	11271.14	69.8-72.7	11546.77	46.4-47.2
9440.85	40.1-41.8	11275.78	73.9-77.7	11551.08	50.9-51.7
9443.35	42.9-43.9	11282.16	81.0-83.3	11554.65	53.9-55.4
9456.10	55.6-56.6	11286.85	85.6-88.2	11562.05	61.5-62.6
9460.02	59.4-60.4	11290.08	89.4-90.8	11575.20	74.7-75.8
9461.12	60.6-61.8	11294.47	92.8-96.1	11586.67	86.2-87.3
9480.16	79.6-80.6	11299.96	97.9-00.4	11594.04	93.8-94.4
9481.80	80.8-82.8	11312.45	11.6-13.1	11600.21	99.9-00.5
9494.26	93.8-94.8	11321.67	20.6-22.7	11601.05	00.7-01.4
9497.43	97.1-97.8	11329.70	28.6-30.7	11620.24	19.9-20.6
9501.15	00.2-02.3	11333.35	31.6-35.2 triple	11664.35	64.1-64.7
9517.04	16.5-17.7	11338.56	36.7-40.0 double	11815.05	14.9-16.1
9519.32	19.2-19.5	11346.37	41.2-51.4	11815.62	
9522.25	21.7-22.9	11357.80	55.4-60.1	11818.80	18.5-19.2
9536.05	35.5-36.5	11373.68	72.7-74.7	11873.52	73.2-73.8
9544.06	43.7-44.9	11382.24	80.8-83.8	11878.70	78.5-79.0
9553.41	53.2-53.6				

- 15 In the solar spectrum the intensity of the *Na* line  $\lambda 8183.30$  is augmented by atmospheric absorption so that the line appears nearly as intense as its unresolved double companion,  $\lambda 8194.836$ .
- 16 Spectra of integrated sunlight, or of the center of the disk, show each of these pairs as a single line. Spectra of east and west limbs permit measurement of the two components, since one is solar and the other atmospheric.
- 17 The adopted standard,  $\lambda 6923.302$ , is the wave length of a blend of two lines of *AtmO*<sub>2</sub> at  $\lambda 6923.286$  and  $\lambda 6923.369$ . The line should be rejected as a standard.
- 18 The adopted standard,  $\lambda 6924.172$ , is a blend of the lines  $\lambda 6924.164$  and  $\lambda 6924.25$  shown in Table A. This blend is not reliable as a standard and should be rejected.
- 19 If used as a standard,  $\lambda 9898.965$  should be treated as an atmospheric line, since *Ni* is probably completely masked. The wave length given here supersedes earlier Mount Wilson values.
- 20 The Paschen series of hydrogen, for which  $\nu = 109677.76 (1/3^2 - 1/n^2)$ ,  $n = 4, 5, 6 \dots$ , is represented in the sun by diffuse absorption lines of variable intensity in the disk. They are weakened, obliterated, or in emission near the limb. In the chromosphere they are very diffuse emission lines. The first member,  $\lambda 18751$ , would undoubtedly appear as a prominent feature of bolometric solar records if it were not obscured by the absorption due to water vapor.  $\lambda \lambda 12818.23, 10938.10, 10049.27$ , ( $n = 5, 6, 7$ ) are conspicuous on our spectrograms and on the bolometric curves of Abbot and Freeman (*Smithsonian Misc. Collections*, **82**, no. 1, 1929). Lines for which  $n = 8, 9, 10$  appear as haze on our disk spectrograms, and, like preceding members, are more or less weakened over spots. It will be understood, however, that lines of *H*, *He*, and *Ca II* have their character determined by conditions in the chromosphere and in the prominences. Such conditions, though often related to phenomena of spots, deviate widely from those associated with the normal spot spectrum for low-lying elements.  
At appropriate places Table A is interrupted for the insertion of remarks on individual lines in the Paschen series whose wave lengths are not measurable. See notes 50, 53.
- 21 In addition to the contrast shown in Table A between  $\lambda 6613.73$  and  $\lambda 6613.83$  in their disk-spot relations, the notable sharpening, in the spot, of  $\lambda 6613.83$  calls for comment. This line has a theoretical Zeeman pattern (0)0, but, though such a character would account for the sharpness in the spot, it does not explain the diffuseness in the disk. If a diffuse solar companion were superposed on  $\lambda 6613.83$  in the disk, but completely obliterated in the spot, the observation would be at least partly explained. On excellent spectrograms we find no evidence to support such a hypothesis. The only other *Fe* lines from transitions like that of  $\lambda 6613.83$  are  $\lambda 4006.758$  and  $\lambda 3509.732$ , for which our plates suggest, but do not establish, a similar sharpening in spots. The behavior of  $\lambda 6613.83$  suggests, but does not duplicate, that of peculiar sunspot lines studied by H. D. Babcock (*Mt. W. Contr.*, No. 708; *Ap. J.*, **102**, 154, 1945, table 5). A few other lines whose Zeeman components in sunspots appear to be sharper than would be expected from their character in the disk are  $\lambda \lambda 5247.927, 6012.238, 6087.840, 6093.159, 6138.524, 6259.598, 6299.601$ .  
At low dispersion the blend of  $\lambda 6613.73$  and  $\lambda 6613.83$  should be a sensitive indicator of temperature, considering the contrast in spot behavior of the resolved pair.  
See notes 11, 31, 54.
- 22 Diffuse solar absorption is superposed on the atmospheric lines near  $\lambda 7963$ . Although it is strengthened in the spot spectrum, no useful measurements of its position have been made. It is probably a part of the 1,0 band in the red system of CN, of which many details are now recognized. See note 40, table D.
- 23 Weak absorption between the atmospheric lines  $\lambda 9260.58$  and  $\lambda 9260.98$  is too diffuse for measurement. Since it disappears in the spot spectrum, it is ascribed to the violet member of the multiplet of atomic oxygen whose other lines are  $\lambda 9262.76$  and  $\lambda 9265.96$ . Like other multiplets of *O I*, this triad is absent or much weakened near the solar limb.  $\lambda 7771.954$  and  $\lambda 8446.359$  are leading members of such multiplets, all of whose lines are weakened near the limb and conspicuously bright in the chromosphere.
- 24 In the umbral spectrum molecular bands extend through the regions where this note number appears in Table A. The spectral range through which this note number applies is necessarily indefinite, but is often measured in tens of angstroms. The number is not repeated for every line of the region to which it refers, nor is it always associated with a recognizable band head. This note designates molecular

absorption seen in the umbra, but observed in the disk only with the greatest difficulty. Note 40, on the other hand, indicates molecular absorption observed in both spot and disk spectra.

It is important to note that under the best observing conditions the background of a typical umbral spectrum is not a continuum, but a mixture of innumerable weak lines associated with the spectra of chemical compounds. Such a background often confuses the interpretation of spot effects for weak atomic lines.

We do not attempt to designate all the regions where molecular absorption is observable; there is little doubt that they extend throughout the spectrum. In the special cases at  $\lambda\lambda 7025$ , 8694, 8718, and 8800, at least a part of the individual band lines show, in the spot, a state of polarization reversed as compared with that of atomic lines in the same spot. See S. B. Nicholson, *Publ. A. S. P.*, **50**, 116, 1938. In note 40 we give in table D a list of identified band heads and other information.

- 25 The following lines have been adopted as International Standards of wave length, but we now find that under some conditions, such as high humidity, their wave lengths may be affected by close companions:  $\lambda\lambda 7885.014$ , 9476.754, 9478.884.
- 26 Two or more lines of an *AtmO<sub>2</sub>* band are superposed at this position. In some cases the coincidence is too close for resolution, but is evidenced by the intensity, in full agreement with the well known rotational structure of these *O<sub>2</sub>* bands.
- 27 This line masks a line belonging to another band of *AtmO<sub>2</sub>*.
- 28 Under ordinary conditions the wave length of the strong line is unaffected by the weak companion.
- 29  $\lambda\lambda 10707.36$ , 10729.588 of *C I* are sometimes bordered by weak emission when observed near the solar limb. On an underexposed chromospheric spectrogram these lines are nearly invisible but  $\lambda 10727.42$  of *Si I* is clearly seen in absorption.
- 30 Wave lengths followed by "S" have been adopted as standards by the International Astronomical Union, *Trans. I. A. U.*, III, 100, 1928, and *Trans. I. A. U.*, VI, 90, 1938. Consequently the positions listed in Table A for these lines are not those resulting from Mount Wilson measurements alone.
- 31  $\lambda\lambda 6926.385$ , 6952.33, 9447.03, and 9634.17 are mainly if not wholly due to solar absorption, but on spectrograms which show near-by telluric lines in great strength they seem to weaken, or, in the case of  $\lambda 6926.385$ , to disappear.  $\lambda 6952.33$  usually has intensity about 0N, but at very low sun it becomes about -2, in marked contrast with  $\lambda 6949.782$ , which, on the same plates, changes from -2N to 0 like some atmospheric lines. Effects of this kind sometimes make even the recognition of a spectral region difficult when plates made under very different conditions are compared. Inequality of the continuous background from plate to plate adds to the difficulty and may in part explain it, but the impression remains that further explanation is required. The phenomena noted here relate to solar lines adjacent to atmospheric lines, but not, like those discussed in note 11, blended with them.
- 32 Diffuse atmospheric absorption appears between  $\lambda 6943.803$  and  $\lambda 6945.210$ . At low sun its appearance suggests a faint band head degrading longward. See notes 11, 37.
- 33 Among atmospheric lines near  $\lambda\lambda 12110$ , 12135, 12218, and 12247, the relative intensities are not always the same. The observation may indicate the presence, in small amount, of some atmospheric constituent other than water, oxygen, or ozone, the only substances now recognized by their telluric absorption within the range of Table A.
- 34 Lines having this note number are listed in Table A with revised wave lengths resulting from additional measurements made after the publication of: (1) Report of Commission 14, *Trans. I. A. U.*, V, 91, 1935; (2) A Scale of Wave Lengths in the Infrared Solar Spectrum, *Mt. W. Contr.*, No. 534; *Ap. J.*, **83**, 115, 1936; or (3) Report of Commission 14, *Trans. I. A. U.*, VI, 99, 1938.
- 35  $\lambda\lambda 10746.20$ , 10957.15 appear to be widened longward in the spot spectrum.
- 36  $\lambda\lambda 10190.70$ , 10191.12, 10191.50 are probably solar lines, since their intensities are constant in relation to those of adjacent solar lines. They appear unchanged in spots although in this region even small Zeeman patterns are observable through the widening of the lines in the spot field.
- 37  $\lambda\lambda 9006.81$ , 9857.29 are apparently heads of weak telluric bands. The first degrades longward, the second shortward. These groups may be merely parts of the well known bands of water vapor, but their arrangement suggests that they originate in other molecules. Further observation of their dependence on length of air path is desirable. See note 32.

38 The wave length  $\lambda 11795.86$ , published in *Mt. W. Contr.*, No. 534; *Ap. J.*, **83**, 117, 1936, was derived from a single low-dispersion plate. It is erroneous and should be ignored.

39 The identification, *ScO*, given for  $\lambda 7240.53$  means that this wave length corresponds to a band head, not to an individual line within a band.

40 Evidence of molecular bands appears in the regions designated by this note number in Table A. The bands here indicated are usually present in both spot and disk, and in the latter are sometimes more easily seen near the solar limb than at the center. At  $\lambda\lambda 9210.72$ , 10971.88, 11386.18, 11393.65 weak heads degrading shortward are suspected. At  $\lambda\lambda 8835.54$ , 8931.76, 10008.72, 10958.55, 12134.55 the heads degrade longward. In other cases the direction of degradation is indeterminate. At  $\lambda\lambda 6919.77$ , 7090.92, 8067.26, 8272.47, 9140.12, 9393.04, 9635.41, 9901.68, 11239.9, 11573.04, 11923.03, this note calls attention to the  $R_2$  heads of the red system of *CN*, of which the 1,0 member is given in detail in Table A, beginning at  $\lambda 7872.79$ . Lines identified as *CN?* near  $\lambda 11278$ – $\lambda 11291$  are possibly members of the 0,1 band, but no rotational analysis is available except for 1,0. Table D gives further data, including the positions of some band heads associated with metallic oxides recognized in the spectra of cooler stars where they have been identified by comparison with open arcs containing *Ti*, *Zr*, or *Sc*. There seems little doubt that in each of these cases the ground state of the monoxide is involved. These particular oxide bands which are now found in the sun were omitted from the more complete catalogue of solar compounds (H. D. Babcock, *Mt. W. Contr.*, No. 708; *Ap. J.*, **102**, 154, 1945) because of lack of analyses. The intensity of the band referred to above at  $\lambda 10958.55$  is probably variable but seems uncorrelated with variation of water vapor. It is probably solar, but possibly atmospheric and not  $H_2O$ . See note 24. See P. P. Dobronravin, *TiO Bands in Stellar Spectra*, *Poulkovo Obs. Circ.*, no. 24, 1938, Leningrad.

41  $\lambda 7175.960$  shows about one-half the normal rotational displacement at the solar limb. The intrinsic width of the components precludes their separation even under the best conditions. The change from disk to spot given in Table A reflects the weakening of the solar component, whose intensity in the disk is comparable with that of the atmospheric component on our "driest" plates.

42 At the solar limb  $\lambda 7129.129$  marks the violet edge of an absorption band. It is faintly indicated in inte-

grated sunlight but not seen at the center of the disk. Spacing in the fine structure is poorly resolved even under high dispersion. The head is apparently not related to that of *TiO* at  $\lambda 7125.6$ , which is conspicuous only in spots. See note 43.

43 Faint solar band heads degrading longward probably occur at  $\lambda\lambda 9423.14$ , 9434.78, and 9451.35. They

TABLE D (note 40)

SOME IDENTIFIED SOLAR BAND HEADS,  $\lambda > 6600$ 

Compound	$\lambda$	System	Degrades	$v' v''$	Branch
<i>TiO</i> .....	*6757.2	$A^3\Sigma \leftarrow X^3\Pi$	Longward		
	*6786.9				
	*6850.1				
	*6918.8				
	7054			0,0	$R_a$
	7091			0,0	$R_b$
	7125.3			0,0	$R_c$
	7182.4			1,1	$R_a$
	7197.4			1,1	$R_c$
	7672			0,1	$R_c$
	7937			1,2	$Q_a$
<i>ZrO</i> .....	*6887.5	$A^3\Sigma \leftarrow X^3\Pi$	Longward		
	*6933.0				
	*7044.6				$R_1$
<i>CaH</i> .....	6902.9	$A^3\Pi \leftarrow ^2\Sigma$	Shortward	1,1	$Q_2$
	7005			1,1	$P_2$
	6920			0,0	$Q_2$
	7034			0,0	$P_2$
<i>CN</i> .....	6919.8	$^2\Pi \leftarrow ^2\Sigma$	Longward	2,0	$R_2$
	7090.9			3,1	$R_2$
	7872.8			1,0	$R_2$
	8067.3			2,1	$R_2$
	8272.5			3,2	$R_2$
	9140.1			0,0	$R_2$
	9393.0			1,1	$R_2$
	9635.4p			2,2	$R_2$
	9901.7p			3,3	$R_2$
	11239.9p			0,1	$R_2$
	11573.0p			1,2	$R_2$
	11923.0p			2,3	$R_2$

\*Vibrational analysis not available.

p Not observed in the laboratory, but the solar observation agrees with the predicted position.

are unchanged in spots, but more conspicuous at the limb.  $\lambda 9451.35$  is more difficult to observe than the others. A weak head at  $\lambda 6887.5$  (not shown in Table A) degrading longward, and the solar line  $\lambda 6887.75$  are probably due to *ZrO*. Spot effects are lost in the stronger absorption due to *CaH* in this vicinity. See note 40.



- 44  $\lambda 10584.36$  is the line of shortest wave length recognized in the 1,0 band of the  $^1\Delta \leftarrow ^3\Sigma$  system of ordinary oxygen. It is a member of the  $S_R$  branch.  $\lambda\lambda 10675.45, 10676.47, 10677.97$  are members of the Q branches. The P branches have been traced as far as  $\lambda 10719.90$ . See note 45.
- 45  $\lambda 12492.65$  is the line of shortest wave length recognized in the 0,0 band of the  $^1\Delta \leftarrow ^3\Sigma$  system of oxygen.  $\lambda 12680.13$  is the beginning of the Q branches. The P branches have been traced to  $\lambda 12782.34$ . A few additional lines from this region of Table A can probably be fitted into the structure of the oxygen band. It is possible that the vibrational assignments given in notes 44 and 45 should be 2,0 and 1,0 respectively, and that the 0,0 band occurs near  $\lambda 15700$  where bolometric records indicate atmospheric absorption. No other combinations of the  $^1\Delta$  level are available for testing this suggestion.
- 47\* On one spectrogram  $\lambda 10950.06$  is somewhat stronger in the spot than  $\lambda 10950.86$  and both are at least as strong as in the disk. Another plate shows the weakening stated in Table A and is probably more representative of the real spot spectrum. See note 48.
- 48 Spot intensities for  $\lambda\lambda 10953.36, 10954.56$  have been taken from the better plate mentioned in note 47, but the other spectrogram again shows different effects.
- 50 For the strong  $Ca II$  lines  $\lambda\lambda 8498, 8542, 8662$ , disk intensities were estimated to be 20, 25, and 30 respectively. When the equivalent widths were measured, as we explain in the text, it was found that the first two estimates satisfy the relation  $I = 12.2 \log W - 19.1$ , where  $I$  is the estimated intensity,  $W$  the equivalent width in milliangstroms. This relation holds for diffuse or winged solar lines over a wide range of intensity. For  $\lambda 8662$ , however, the estimate 30 is far from the value, 23, given by the measured value of  $W$ . In lines like these of  $Ca II$ , eye estimates are apparently determined to a large extent by the core, but the equivalent width is much more affected by the wings. Blended in the core of  $\lambda 8662$  is the  $Fe$  line  $\lambda 8661.97$ , which augments the eye estimate but scarcely affects the total absorption from which  $W$  is obtained. The instrumental intensities, 20, 25, 23, respectively, as given by values of  $W$ , are in better relation to the theoretical values and to those found in the laboratory than are the eye estimates. See notes 20, 53.
- 52 Much weakened at the solar limb; in some cases obliterated.  $\lambda 8912.101$  and  $\lambda 8927.392$  have been identified as  $Ca II$ , with E P 7.02 volts, from unpublished laboratory studies by Professor A. G. Shenstone.
- 53 Following the identification in the sun of the helium line  $\lambda 10830.38$  (H. D. Babcock and H. W. Babcock, *Publ. A. S. P.*, **46**, 132, 1934), this line was studied by Professor and Mme d'Azambuja (*B. A.*, **11**, 349, 1938), who showed that its intensity varies from point to point across the solar disk. They first observed the satellite line near  $\lambda 10829$ , whose corresponding changes confirm the identification of the main line. The behavior of  $He$  in the solar atmosphere has been discussed by Miss Van Dijke, *Ap. J.*, **99**, 121, 1944.
- Our spectrograms show  $\lambda 10830.38$  with intensity as great as 5NN and as low as -2N. Near the limb it becomes bright; in the chromosphere it is very intense, extends to a great height, and is much more conspicuous than the lines of the Paschen series of hydrogen. Over sunspots it shows, on our best plates, little change from its appearance in the disk. A spectroheliogram in this line published by D'Azambuja (*loc. cit.*) shows a sunspot darker than the disk. As we remark in note 20, the character of lines of  $H$ ,  $He$ , and  $Ca II$  is determined at the levels of chromosphere and prominences. See note 50.
- 54  $\lambda\lambda 6621.11, 6637.24, 6649.51$ , and  $6679.58$  are absent or not measurable in the disk but conspicuous in the umbra, where they are remarkably sharp. Since coincidence can hardly account for four atomic lines so near together and so similar, all having Zeeman patterns (0)0, the observed absence of Zeeman effect indicates a molecular origin. We remark that these few lines are representative of thousands of weaker spot lines which are undoubtedly molecular and which could be added to Table A. The measurement and discussion of such a collection of weak lines must be left to the future. See note 21, especially the reference.
- 55 On the assumption of thermodynamic equilibrium in the solar atmosphere, lines of  $He II$  should not appear in absorption in the solar spectrum. But according to Menzel (*Lick Obs. Publ.*, **17**, 283, 1931), "Helium is at least  $10^6$  and ionized helium at least  $10^{25}$  times stronger (in the chromosphere) than would be expected on thermodynamic grounds." Furthermore, the coronal spectrum, as interpreted

\* Notes 46, 49, 51, and 58 were eliminated after Table A had been typed for photographic reproduction. The succeeding notes were not renumbered because of the difficulty of making changes in the typewritten copy.

by Edlén (*Arkiv Mat. Astron. Fysik*, **28B**, no. 1, 1, 1941; *Zs. f. Astrophys.*, **22**, 30, 1942; review by P. Swings, *Ap. J.*, **98**, 116, 1943), involves excitation potentials far above those previously associated with solar phenomena. The questionable suggestion in Table A that the solar line  $\lambda 10123.895$  is due to He II is offered in order to call attention to a line for which no other identification is available. This line lacks the diffuse character that would be expected from He II, and we have not seen it in the chromosphere, but some other data concerning it are worthy of note. The equivalent width is about 0.13A, in fair agreement with the results of Allen and others (*Mt. W. Contr.*, No. 594; *Ap. J.*, **88**, 125, 1938). The absorption line is greatly weakened at the solar limb. Over spots it generally weakens, and on one plate is obliterated.

From the simple Rydberg formulae, with the constant for He I as given by Birge (*Reports on Progress in Physics*, **8**, 129, 1941), two wave lengths for He II are computed at  $\lambda 10123.81$  and  $\lambda 4685.81$ . Our solar absorption line is  $\lambda 10123.895$ ; in the chromosphere Mitchell (*Publ. Leander McCormick Obs.*, V, part II, 1930) found  $\lambda 4685.83$  and Menzel (*loc. cit.*) measured  $\lambda 4685.95$ , for a weak emission line. From considerations of fine structure Mack (unpublished) found  $\lambda 10123.61$  and  $\lambda 4685.682$ .

Dr. I. S. Bowen has pointed out a possible mechanism, involving the action of Lyman  $\alpha$  on the metastable  $2s^2S_{1/2}$  state of He II, for the production of a solar absorption line near the observed wave length. His calculation of the resultant positions of the components indicates that they range throughout more than 1A. The observed line is defined much too well to be associated with such an array of components.

We leave the origin of the solar line  $\lambda 10123.895$  an open question.

- 56  $\lambda\lambda 7065.24, 7065.74$  are probably variable in intensity in the spectrum of the solar disk. In the chromosphere they are very weak diffuse emission lines. The identifications of  $\lambda 7065.08$  and the two others already mentioned are rendered difficult by the numerous sharp lines of TiO which occur in the spot spectrum.
- 57 Since the lines  $\lambda\lambda 10926.27, 10927.04, 10928.43$  appear near the solar limb each about 1 unit stronger than as listed for the disk, and all show some rotational displacement, they are probably due chiefly to solar absorption. There is no convincing evidence of changes in spots, yet the widening associated with

small Zeeman patterns can usually be noticed in this part of the spectrum. In integrated sunlight the lines are plainly shown on some spectrograms. Apparently their intensities are not constant, but the ratios are fairly so. The lines are not found in greatest strength on plates where the bands of water vapor are strongest. Dr. P. Swings has called our attention to a paper by G. Herzberg (*Ap. J.*, **87**, 428, 1938) in which it is shown that the Q branch of a forbidden vibration-rotation band (4,0) of  $N_2$  falls in this region. Swings has computed wave lengths and relative intensities for  $T=290^\circ$  K, but comparison with our data leaves us uncertain whether or not the observed absorption is due partly to atmospheric  $N_2$ .

- 59  $\lambda\lambda 6861.945, 6862.496$  are given questioned spot intensities because of the uncertainty caused by molecular absorption in the spot. On some plates both these lines seem to be strengthened in the penumbra but weakened in the darkest part of the umbra. It is practically impossible to disentangle here the effects of thermal, magnetic, and compositional changes between disk and spot. See note 10.
- 60 In the spot spectrum a  $Q_2$  head of CaH is well developed, beginning near  $\lambda 6902.9$  and degrading shortward. Component lines of this band sometimes reach intensity 2. Spot effects for weak atomic lines are confused, but may sometimes be determined, as for  $\lambda 6902.874$ , from the penumbral spectrum where molecular absorption is weaker. The corresponding  $R_2$  head at  $\lambda 7005$  is less conspicuous than the  $Q_2$  head, and partly obscured by atmospheric and atomic lines. At  $\lambda 6920$  the  $Q_2$  head of another band in the same system is developed in spots, and at  $\lambda 7034.910$  the corresponding  $P_2$  head is seen. See note 10 and table D of note 40.
- 61 Hundreds of weak atmospheric lines could be added to Table A from existing plates, but, as is explained in the text, we omit them. In the region  $\lambda 8100-\lambda 8350$  the Atlas shows a few faint lines which do not appear in Table A, although most of the Atlas spectrograms are "drier" than many of our plates made in Pasadena. As a rule the faint Atlas lines referred to can be confirmed by examination of plates made at higher humidity, but six exceptions are found at  $\lambda\lambda 8126.48, 8307.12, 8320.9, 8316.3, 8605.74, \text{ and } 8622.05$ . These we have not observed. We can account for them only as sporadic lines, either solar or telluric. In other notes attention has been directed to some solar lines whose intensities vary, and the possibility

is also suggested that unrecognized constituents occur in small amount in the earth's atmosphere as a whole. It is possible, also, that the local composition of the atmosphere may vary sufficiently to produce weak sporadic lines. See notes 33, 37.

- 62 From  $\lambda 12994.15$  to the end of Table A all the data have been derived from grating spectrograms with dispersion near 16 Å/mm. Some of these plates had comparison spectra consisting of emission lines of argon, others had solar comparison. The wave

lengths and intensities are of lower weight than elsewhere in the table.

- 63 Alternate identifications for these lines may be as follows:

11828.20 .....	5NN	Atm
11828.24 .....	6	Mg

since there seems to be some evidence for rotational displacement of the sharper line, and the intensity of the diffuse line appears to vary. Further observation is needed for a final assignment.

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